# Indiana Department of Revenue 2009 IT-40 (Index found on pages 45, 46 and 47.)

# Indiana Full-Year Resident Individual Income Tax Booklet

Find the following forms and schedules beginning after page 48:

- Form IT-40
- Schedule 1
- Schedule 2
- Schedules 3 & 4
- Schedule 5

- Schedule 6
- Schedule 7
- Schedule CT-40
- Schedule IN-EIC

Important:

- The County Tax Rate Chart on the back of Schedule CT-40 is updated and final.
- The Rate Conversion Chart on page 27 of this tax booklet is updated and final.







# Federal Funding of Local Programs Counts on You

Billions of federal tax dollars will be provided to Indiana over the next 10 years. How much our state receives is based on the U.S. Census count of our population. This money funds programs in your community:





Schools

- · Road construction and repair
- Programs for seniors
- Head Start
- · Public transit
- Emergency food and shelter
- Medicaid
- Empowerment zones
- WIC food grants

April 1 2010

# Count me IN!

Ensure your community receives its fair share of federal funds:

- Complete your census form as soon as you receive it.
- Count everyone who lives with you as of April 1, 2010 and everyone who lives there most of the year.

Your census information is private. It is against federal law for your responses to be shared with any person or government agency, including the IRS, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, and law enforcement.

04 • 01 • 2010



www.census.indiana.edu

## Which Indiana Tax Form Should You File?

Indiana has four different individual income tax returns. Read the following to find the right one for you.

## Indiana Full-Year Residents

#### Use Form IT-40EZ:

If you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) were a full-year Indiana resident and all of the following are true:

- You filed a federal Form 1040EZ,
- You are claiming only the renter's deduction and/or unemployment compensation deduction, and
- You have only Indiana state and county tax withholding credits and/or an Indiana earned income credit.

#### Use Form IT-40:

If you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) were a full-year Indiana resident and you do not qualify to file Form IT-40EZ.

## All Other Individuals

#### Use Form IT-40RNR:

If you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) were:

- A full-year resident of Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania or Wisconsin, and
- Your only type of income from Indiana was from wage, tip, salary or other compensation.\*

\*If you have any other kind of Indiana-source income, you are required to file Form IT-40PNR (see below).

#### Use Form IT-40PNR:

If you (and/or your spouse, if filing jointly) were an Indiana resident for less than a full year (or not at all) <u>and</u> you do not qualify to file Form IT-40RNR.

**Note:** If you have income that is being taxed by both Indiana and another state, you may have to file a tax return with the other state. A listing of other states' tax forms can be found at www.taxadmin.org/fta/link/forms.html

### **Military Personnel**

See the instructions on page 8 to determine which form to file. Military personnel stationed in a combat zone should see the instructions on page 8 for extensions of time to file procedures.

## 2009 Changes

#### Redesign of tax forms and schedules

You will notice a new "look" to the tax forms and schedules this year. More room is available to write in your information. An expanded use of schedules allows you to easily see all of the add-backs, deductions, exemptions, credits, etc., that may available to you. In addition, now that rounding is required on all individual income tax forms and schedules, the pennies (**.00**) have been filled in for you.

#### County tax

Indiana counties were allowed to adopt or increase their local income tax rates through October 31, 2009. This publication was printed before that date. This means your county tax rate on the back of Schedule CT-40 may not be correct. We encourage you to contact us in one of the following ways to get an updated list of the rates before filing. To get the updated list you may:

- Log on to the Department's Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm
- Call the form order request line at (317) 615-2581 to have one mailed to you.
- Visit or call a district office. See page 42 for these locations.
- Call our main tax line at (317) 232-2240 Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and a representative will assist you.

Tax returns filed using the wrong rates will be adjusted. This may result in a reduced refund, or an increase in the amount you owe.

#### Extension of time to file change

If you cannot file your 2009 Indiana individual income tax return by the April 15, 2010 due date (even if you are due a refund or are breaking even), you need to file for an extension. See instructions on page 8 for more information.

#### **Rounding requirement**

Rounding is now required on all individual income tax forms and schedules. See page 6 for details.

#### **Unemployment compensation**

**Income.** You must add back the unemployment compensation not included on your federal tax return. See Schedule 1 instructions (page 13) for more information.

**Deduction.** The way to figure an unemployment compensation deduction has changed. See instructions on page 17 to see if you qualify to claim a deduction.

#### Homeowner's property tax deduction for prior year

Some Indiana residential property tax statements due in 2008 did not get issued until sometime in 2009. If you got one of these, see the instructions on page 15 to see if you are eligible for an extra deduction.

#### Solar powered roof vent or fan deduction

A new deduction is available if you had a solar powered roof vent or fan installed on a building you own or lease. See page 21 for more information.

#### Earned income credit increase

The amount of earned income credit has increased from 6 percent to 9 percent of the earned income credit claimed on your federal tax return. See page 24 for more information.

#### Energy Star heating and cooling equipment credit

A credit may be available if you purchased Energy Star heating/cooling equipment. See page 32 for more information.

#### Add-backs

The new Schedule 1 lists items to be added back. Several new ones include:

- up to \$2,400 of the unemployment compensation excluded on your federal tax return;
- income from the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after December 31, 2008;
- income attributed to bonus depreciation for restaurant property and retail improvements;
- income excluded for qualified disaster assistance property;
- income attributable to Section 179C to expense costs for refinery property;
- income attributable to expensing film or television production; and
- income of any taxpayer that treated a loss from the sale or exchange of FANNIE MAE or FREDDIE MAC as an ordinary loss.

See Schedule 1 instructions beginning on page 13 for more information.

# Reduced estimated tax burden for individuals with small businesses

Indiana piggybacks the new federal safe harbor for certain small businesses (fewer than 500 employees). See Schedule IT-2210, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals, for more information.

#### Net operating loss carryback update

Certain losses from disasters may be carried back for as much as five years. See Schedule IT-40NOL for details.

# **Need Tax Forms or Information Bulletins?**

### Use your personal computer

Visit our Web site and download the forms you need. Our address is www.in.gov/dor

### Use your telephone

Call the Forms Order Request Line (317) 615-2581 to have forms mailed to you. Have the following information ready to leave on the voice mail system:

- Name of form or form number needed
- Number of copies needed
- Contact person's name
- Daytime phone number
- A complete mailing address (including city, state and zip code)

### Visit a district office, library or post office

Tax forms are available at district offices listed on page 42. These offices are open Monday - Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Also, contact your library or post office to find out if they stock any tax forms.

## **Need Help With Your Return?**

### Local help

For help, visit any of the district offices listed on page 42 or take advantage of the IRS Volunteer Return Preparation Program (VRPP). This program offers free tax return help to low income, elderly and special needs individuals. Volunteers will fill out federal and state forms for those who qualify. Call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040 to find the nearest VRPP location. Be sure to take your W-2s and any 1099s. If you are going to a district office, also take a copy of your completed federal tax return.

## Automated information line

Call the automated information line at (317) 233-4018 to get the status of your refund, billing information, and prerecorded tax topics. These topics include collection procedures, business registration requirements, payment-plan procedures, estimated tax procedures, underpayment of estimated tax penalty, use tax, county tax, and 2009 tax-year highlights. If you wish to check billing information, be sure to have a copy of your tax notice. The system will ask you to enter the tax identification number shown on the notice.

If you have a rotary phone, please call (317) 232-2240, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday - Friday, and a representative will help you.

### Internet

If you need help deciding which form to file, or need to get information bulletins or policy directives on specific topics, visit our Web site at www.in.gov/dor

### Telephone

Call us at (317) 232-2240 Monday - Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., for help with basic tax questions.

# **Ready To File Your Return?**

# Use an electronic filing program

More than 1.9 million Hoosier taxpayers used an electronic filing program to file their 2008 state and federal individual income tax returns. This amounts to a 5-percent increase over the same time last year. Electronic filing provides Indiana taxpayers the opportunity to file their federal and state tax returns immediately, and receive their Indiana refunds in about half the time it takes to process a paper return. It takes even less time if you use direct deposit, which deposits your refund directly into your bank account. Even if there is an amount due on either return, Indiana taxpayers can still file electronically and feel comfortable knowing that the returns were received by the IRS and the Indiana Department of Revenue. Contact your tax preparer to see if he or she provides this service.

### I-File

This fast, friendly and free online program allows taxpayers to prepare and file state tax returns using the Internet. I-File features a questionand-answer format and help links to guide users through filing. For more information, and to take advantage of this free service, please visit our Web site at www.ifile.in.gov

## Our Web site

Our Web site offers tax filing options, a **Spanish version of the IT-40 booklet with forms**, downloadable blank forms and instructions, information bulletins, commissioner's directives, an online helpdesk, helpful e-mail links and a calendar with filing due dates. Visit the Department's Web site at www.in.gov/dor

# Where's Your Refund?

There are several ways to check the status of your refund. You will need to know the exact whole-dollar amount of your refund, and a Social Security number entered on your tax return. Then, do one of the following:

- Call (317) 233-4018 for automated refund information.
- Go to www.in.gov/dor/3336.htm and click on the words *Where's my refund*?
- Call (317) 232-2240 from 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday Friday, and a representative will help you.

A refund directly deposited to your bank account may be listed on your bank statement as a credit, deposit, etc. If you have received information from the Department that your refund has been issued, and you are not sure if it has been deposited in your bank account, call the ACH Section of your bank or financial institution for clarification.

**Note:** A refund deposited directly to your Hoosier MasterCard account will appear on your monthly statement.

# Moving?

You need to notify the Department if you move to a new address after filing your tax return, and you do not have a forwarding address on file with the post office.

#### Change your address with us by doing one of the following:

- Go to www.in.gov/dor/3336.htm and click on the words *How do I change my mailing address with the Department?* Call the Department at (317) 232-2240.
- Call or visit a district office near you (see list on page 42).

# Public Hearing - June 8, 2010

The Department will hold a public hearing on June 8, 2010. Please come and share your ideas on how the Department of Revenue can better administer Indiana tax laws. The hearing will be held at 9 a.m. in Conference Room 1 of the Conference Center, Indiana Government Center South, 402 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Ind. You may also submit your concerns in writing to: Indiana Department of Revenue, Commissioner's Office, MS# 101, 100 North Senate Avenue, Indianapolis, IN, 46204.

# **Before You Begin**

Important: Complete your federal tax return first.

# Filling in the boxes – please use ink, not pencil

If you are filling out the form by hand, please use black or blue ink and print your letters and numbers neatly. If you do not have an entry for a particular line, leave it blank. Do not use dashes, zeros or other symbols to indicate that you have no entry for that line.

## **Social Security Number**

Be sure to enter your Social Security number in the boxes at the top of the form. If filing a joint return, enter your Social Security number in the first set of boxes and your spouse's Social Security number in the second set of boxes. An incorrect or missing Social Security number can increase your tax due, reduce your refund or delay timely processing of your filing.

# Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your Social Security number is requested on your tax return. If you are in the process of applying for an ITIN, check the box located directly beneath the Social Security number area at the top of the form. For information on how to get an ITIN, contact the IRS at 1-800-829-3676 and request federal Form W-7, or find it online at www.irs.ustreas.gov/formspubs

## **Married Filing Separately**

If you file your federal income tax return as married, filing separately, you must also file married, filing separately with Indiana. Enter both of your Social Security numbers in the boxes on the top of the form, then check the box directly to the right of those boxes. Enter the name of the person filing the return on the top line, but <u>do not enter</u> the spouse's name on the second name line.

# Married persons who live apart filing status

If you were not divorced or legally separated in 2009, you may have qualified for and filed as 'head of household' on your federal income tax return. If you did, do not check the married filing separately box. Also, do not enter either your spouse's name or Social Security number.

## P.O. Box

Enter your P.O. Box number instead of your street address only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.

### School corporation number

Enter the four-digit school corporation number (found on pages 43 and 44) for where the primary taxpayer lived on Jan. 1, 2009. The primary taxpayer is the first name listed at the top of the tax return. If the primary taxpayer did not live in Indiana on Jan. 1, 2009, enter the code number "9999". Contact a local school or your county auditor's office if you're not sure which school corporation you live in.

It is important that you enter the correct school corporation number. This information is used for statistical tracking purposes to determine possible school funding needs and changes.

**Note:** If the school corporation number is not entered, the processing of your return will be delayed.

### Foreign or military addresses

The U.S. Post Office requires that the full foreign-country name appear in all addresses. Standard two-character abbreviations for Canadian provinces and territories should be entered in the "State" area on the tax return.

Overseas military addresses must contain the APO, FPO designation in the "city field" along with a two-character "state" abbreviation of AE, AP, or AA and the zip code. Place these two- and three-letter designations in the city name area.

## **County information**

Enter the two-digit code numbers for the county(s) where you and your spouse, if filing joint, lived and worked on Jan. 1, 2009. You can find these code numbers on the chart found on the back of the Schedule CT-40. See the instructions beginning on page 38 for more information, including the definitions of the county where you live and work, details for military personnel, retired individuals, homemakers, unemployed individuals, out-of-state filers, etc.

### **Refund check address**

Your refund check will be issued in the name(s), address and Social Security number(s) shown on your tax return. It is very important that this information is correct and legible. Any wrong information will delay your refund.

### Rounding now required

Each line on which an amount can be entered has a "**.00**" already filled-in. This is to remind you that rounding is now required when completing your tax return.

You must round your amounts to the nearest whole dollar.

To do this, drop amounts of less than \$0.50. *Example.* \$432.49 rounds down to \$432.00.

Increase amounts of \$0.50 or more to the next higher dollar. *Example.* \$432.50 rounds up to \$433.00.

### Losses or negative entries

Put brackets around any losses or negative entries. *Example*. Write a \$125 loss as (125).

### Enclosing schedules, W-2s, etc.

You will find an enclosure sequence number in the upper right-hand corner of each schedule. Make sure to put your completed schedules in sequential order behind the IT-40 when assembling your tax return. Also, enclose all your W-2s, 1099s and check, if applicable. If you have a schedule on which you've made no entry, do not enclose it unless you have completed information on the back of it. Do not staple or paper clip your enclosures.

A note about your W-2s. It is important that your W-2 form is readable. The income and state and county tax amounts withheld are verified on every W-2 form that comes in with your tax return. We encourage you to enclose the best copy available when you file.

### Who Should File?

You may need to file an Indiana income tax return if:

- You lived in Indiana and received income, or
- You lived outside Indiana and had any income from Indiana.

**Note:** If you and your spouse file a joint federal return, you must file a joint return with Indiana. If you and your spouse file separate federal returns, you must file separate returns with Indiana.

There are four types of returns available. The type you need to file is generally based on your residency status. Read the following to decide if you are a full-year resident, part-year resident, or nonresident of Indiana, and which type of return you should file.

### **Full-year residents**

Full-year residents must file Form IT-40, Indiana Full-Year Resident Individual Income Tax Return or Form IT-40EZ for Full-Year Indiana Resident Filers with No Dependents. If you filed a 2009 federal Form 1040EZ, were a full-year resident of Indiana, claim only the renter's deduction and/or unemployment compensation deduction, and have only Indiana state and county tax withholding credits or an earned income credit, then you should file the simplified Form IT-40EZ. If you are not eligible to file Form IT-40EZ, or have any other deductions or credits, you must file Form IT-40.

You are a full-year Indiana resident if you maintain your legal residence in Indiana from Jan. 1 – Dec. 31 of the tax year. You do not have to be physically present in Indiana the entire year to be considered a full-year resident. Residents, including military personnel, who leave Indiana for a temporary stay, are considered residents during their absence.

Retired persons spending the winter months in another state may still be full-year residents if:

- They maintain their legal residence in Indiana and intend to return to Indiana during part of the taxable year,
- They retain their Indiana driver's license,
- They retain their Indiana voting rights, and/or
- They claim a homestead deduction on their Indiana home for property tax purposes.

Indiana allows \$1,000 for each exemption claimed on your federal return, plus an additional \$1,500 for certain dependent children (see instructions on page 22 for more information). If you did not have to file a federal return, you should complete a "sample" federal return to see how many exemptions you are eligible to claim.

If you were a full-year resident of Indiana and your gross income (the total of all your income before deductions) was greater than your total exemptions, you must file Indiana Form IT-40 or IT-40EZ.

If your gross income is less than your total exemptions, you are not required to file. However, you may want to file a return to get a refund of any state and/or county tax withheld by your employer, or other refundable credits, such as an earned income credit.

# Part-year residents and full-year nonresidents

If you were a part-year resident and received income while you lived in Indiana, you must file Indiana Form IT-40PNR, Part-Year Resident or Nonresident Individual Income Tax Return.

If you were a legal resident of another state (exception: see next paragraph) and had income from Indiana (except certain interest, dividends, or retirement income), you must file Form IT-40PNR.

# Full-year residents of Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania or Wisconsin

If you were a full-year resident of Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania or Wisconsin, and your only income from Indiana was from wages, salaries, tips or commissions, then you need to file Form IT-40RNR, Indiana Reciprocal Nonresident Individual Income Tax Return.

### **Deceased taxpayers**

If an individual died during 2009, or died after Dec. 31, 2009, but before filing his/her tax return, the executor, administrator or surviving spouse must file a tax return for the individual if:

- The deceased was under the age of 65 and had gross income over \$1,000,
- The deceased was age 65 or older and had gross income over \$2,000, or
- The deceased was a nonresident and had gross income from Indiana.

Be sure to enter the month and day of death for the taxpayer or spouse in the appropriate box located on Schedule 7. For example, a date of death of Jan. 9, 2009, would be entered as 01/09/2009. Note: The date of death should not be entered here if the individual died after Dec. 31, 2009, but before filing the tax return. The date of death information will be shown on the individual's 2010 tax return.

# Signing the deceased individual's tax return

If a joint return is filed by the surviving spouse, the surviving spouse should sign his or her own name and after the signature write: "Filing as Surviving Spouse."

An executor or administrator appointed to the deceased's estate must file and sign the return (even if this isn't the final return), indicating their relationship after their signature (e.g. administrator).

If there is no executor, or if an administrator has not been appointed, the person filing the return should sign and give their relationship to the deceased (e.g. "John Doe, nephew"). Only one tax return should be filed on behalf of the deceased.

**Note:** The Department may ask for a copy of the death certificate, so please keep a copy with your records.

### A refund check for a deceased individual

If you (the surviving spouse, administrator, executor or other) have received a refund check and cannot cash it, contact the Department to get a widow's affidavit (POA-30) or a distributee's affidavit (POA-20) at www.in.gov/dor/3508.htm. Send the completed affidavit, the refund check and a copy of the death certificate to the State Auditor's Office so a refund check can be issued to you.

### Military personnel – residency

If you were an Indiana resident when you enlisted, you remain an Indiana resident no matter where you are stationed. You must report all your income to Indiana on Form IT-40.

If you changed your legal residence (military home of record) during 2009, you are a part-year resident and should file Form IT-40PNR. You must also enclose a copy of Military Form DD-2058 with the tax return. As an Indiana part-year resident you will be taxed on the income you earned while you were a resident of Indiana, plus any income from Indiana sources.

If you are stationed in Indiana and you are a resident of another state, you won't need to file with Indiana unless you have non-military income from Indiana sources.

*Example.* Annie, who is a Kansas resident, is stationed in Indiana. She earned \$1,300 from her Indiana part-time job. She'll need to report that income to Indiana on Form IT-40PNR.

If you are a full-year Indiana resident in the military, your spouse is a legal resident of another state and you filed a joint federal return, you will need to file Form IT-40PNR.

**Important:** Refer to the instructions on page 38 for an explanation of county of residence for military personnel.

# When Should You File?

Your tax return is due April 15, 2010. If you file after this date, you may have to pay interest and/or penalty. See page 12 for more information.

Fiscal year tax returns are due by the fifteenth (15) day of the fourth (4th) month after the close of the fiscal year. You must complete the fiscal year filing period information at the top of the form.

# Extension of time to file - What if you can't file on time?

You must get an extension of time to file if you:

- Are required to file (your income is more than your exemptions), and
- You cannot file your tax return by the April 15, 2010 due date.

Whether you owe additional tax, are due a refund or are breaking even, you <u>still</u> need to get an extension if filing after April 15, 2010.

#### If you owe...

You must file Form IT-9 (Application for Extension of Time to File) and send in a payment of at least 90 percent of the tax you expect to owe. This must be filed and tax paid by April 15, 2010, for the extension to be valid.

#### If you don't owe...

You'll still need to file for an extension if:

- You are due a refund, or
- You don't expect to owe any tax when filing your tax return, and
- You are unable to file your return by April 15, 2010.

There are two ways to accomplish this:

- If you have a valid federal extension, Form 4868, you automatically have an extension with Indiana and do not have to file for a separate state extension (Form IT-9).
- If you do not have a valid federal extension, File Form IT-9 by April 15, 2010.

#### Extension filing deadline.

State Form IT-9 extends your state filing time to June 15, 2010. Federal Form 4868 extends your state filing time to Nov. 15, 2010. If you have both extensions (state and federal), your state filing time to file is Nov. 15, 2010.

#### Will you owe penalty and/or interest?

Interest is owed on all amounts paid after April 15, 2010. See page 12 for instructions on how to figure interest.

Penalty will not be owed if you have:

- Paid 90 percent of the tax you expect to owe by April 15, 2010,
- Filed your tax return within the extension filing time, and
- Paid any remaining amount due with that filing.

#### Indiana's Extension of Time to File, Form IT-9

Get Indiana's extension Form IT-9, and mail it (including any payment due) by April 15, 2010. You may get Form IT-9 online at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm You may also file for an extension (if making a payment) online at www.in.gov/dor/epay (make sure to do this by April 15, 2010).

#### Where to report your extension payment.

Add your extension payment to any estimated tax paid. Report it on Schedule 5, line 3.

Remember, 90 percent of the tax due to Indiana must still be paid by April 15, 2010. Interest will be due on any tax that remains unpaid during the extension period.

**Military personnel** on duty outside of the United States and Puerto Rico on the filing due date are allowed an automatic 60 day extension of time to file. A statement must be enclosed with the return verifying that you were outside of the United States or Puerto Rico on April 15, 2010.

Military personnel in a presidentially declared **combat zone** have an automatic extension of 180 days after they leave the combat zone. In addition, if they are hospitalized outside the United States because of such service, the 180-day extension period begins after being released

from the hospital. The spouse of such service member must use the same method of filing for both federal and Indiana (e.g. single or joint). When filing the return, write "Combat Zone" across the top of the form (above your Social Security number).

**Note:** Valid extensions are only for filing purposes. Interest will be due on any tax that remains unpaid during the extension period.

# Form IT-40: Line-by-line instructions

You must complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, 1040A or 1040EZ) before starting your Indiana income tax return. Line numbers from your federal income tax return are referenced in many of the following instructions. While every effort has been made to make the instructions as clear as possible, sometimes the line numbers change on the federal income tax return after the Indiana forms are printed. Please contact us if you are unsure as to whether or not you are looking at the correct line on your federal income tax return (see page 4 of this booklet for contact information).

### When not to fill in a line

If you do not have an entry for a particular line, leave it blank. Do not use dashes, zeros or other symbols to indicate that you have no entry for that line.

#### Line 1 – Federal adjusted gross income

Enter the **adjusted gross income** from your federal Form 1040 (line 37), 1040A (line 21), or 1040EZ (line 4). If you were not required to file a federal return, complete a "sample" federal return and report the amount you would have shown on your federal return if you had been required to file.

If the amount is a loss, or negative entry, place it in a (bracket). For instance write a \$125 loss as (125).

#### Line 2 – Add-backs

Enter on this line any add-backs from Schedule 1: Add-Backs. Instructions for Schedule 1 begin on page 13. Make sure to enclose Schedule 1 when filing.

#### Line 4 – Deductions

Enter on this line any deductions from Schedule 2: Deductions. Instructions for Schedule 2 begin on page 14. Make sure to enclose Schedule 2 when filing.

#### Line 6 – Exemptions

Enter any exemptions from Schedule 3: Exemptions on this line. Instructions for Schedule 3 begin on page 22. Make sure to enclose Schedule 3 when filing.

#### Line 9 – County tax

Complete Schedule CT-40 to figure your county tax. Instructions for Schedule CT-40 begin on page 38.

#### Line 10 – Other taxes

Enter any other taxes from Schedule 4: Other Taxes on this line. Instructions for Schedule 4 begin on page 22. Make sure to enclose Schedule 4 when filing.

#### Line 12 – Credits

Enter your credits from Schedule 5: Credits on this line. Instructions for Schedule 5 begin on page 23. Make sure to enclose Schedule 5 when filing.

#### Line 13 – Offset credits

Enter any offset credits from Schedule 6: Offset Credits on this line. Instructions for Schedule 6 begin on page 25. Make sure to enclose Schedule 6 when filing.

# Line 17 – Contribution to Indiana Nongame Wildlife Fund

The Indiana Wildlife Diversity Section offers you the opportunity to play an active role in conserving Indiana's nongame and endangered wildlife. This program is funded through public donations to Indiana's Nongame Fund. The money you donate goes directly to the protection and management of more than 750 wildlife species in Indiana - from songbirds and salamanders to state-endangered Trumpeter swans and spotted turtles.

Enter the amount of your refund you wish to donate to the Nongame Wildlife Fund on line 17. You can donate all or a part of your refund. Donations must be a minimum of \$1.

If you are not receiving a refund, but want to support the Wildlife Diversity Section, do not change your tax return. You can send a donation directly to the Nongame Fund by completing the form on the back of this booklet.

Read more about Indiana's Wildlife Diversity Section and learn how donations have helped Indiana's endangered wildlife at www.in.gov/dnr/fishwild/3316.htm

**Note:** The Department may examine your return and find that your actual overpayment or refund is less than you calculated. If you entered a donation to the Indiana Nongame Wildlife Fund *and* wish to apply some of your overpayment to your 2010 estimated tax account, the overpayment will be applied first to the wildlife fund and then to the estimated tax account. Any amount left will be refunded to you.

# Line 19 – Amount to be applied as a 2010 estimated tax installment payment

You should pay estimated tax if you expect to have income during the 2010 tax year that:

- Will not have Indiana income taxes withheld, or
- If you think the amount withheld will not be enough to pay your tax liability, and
- You expect to owe more than \$1,000 when you file your tax return.

There are several ways you can make estimated tax payments. First, visit our Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm to get Form ES-40. Use the worksheet on Form ES-40 to see how much you will owe. Then, if you have an overpayment showing on line 18 of your tax return, you can have some or all of the overpayment applied to next year's estimated tax account. To do so, enter any portion of the overpayment:

- On line a, if you want to apply an amount to offset estimated county tax due (from Form ES-40 worksheet, line K). Also, enter the 2-digit county code from line K; and/or
- On line b, if your spouse lived in a different county than you did on Jan. 1, 2010, and you want to apply an amount to offset your spouse's estimated county tax due (from Form ES-40 worksheet, line L). Also, enter the 2-digit county code from line L; and/or
- On line c, if you want to apply an amount to offset your estimated state tax due (from Form ES-40 worksheet, line J).

*Example*. Chris and Megan have a \$420 overpayment, and want to apply some of it to their 2010 estimated tax account. Their worksheet from Form ES-40 has the following breakdown:

- Line I (each installment payment) is \$300;
- Line J (portion that represents state tax due) is \$270; and
- Line K (portion that represents county tax due) is \$30.

They will enter \$30 on line 19a (along with their 2-digit county code), \$270 on line 19c, and the \$300 total amount to be applied will be entered on line 19d. They will get a \$120 refund (\$420 overpayment minus \$300 applied to their 2010 estimated tax account).

*Example.* Stu wants to pay \$500 in estimated tax for each installment period. He has a \$30 overpayment on his tax return. He chooses to enter the full \$30 overpayment on line 19c (Indiana adjusted gross income tax amount), and carries it to line 19d. (He will pay the \$470 additional amount by filing the Form ES-40.)

**Important:** Estimated tax installment payments made for the 2010 tax year are due by April 15, 2010, June 15, 2010, Sept. 15, 2010 and Jan. 18, 2011. Any installment payment amount entered on line 19d will be considered to be paid on the day your tax return is filed (postmarked). For instance, an installment payment shown on a return filed on: April 15, 2010, will be considered to be a 2010 first installment payment; June 3, 2010, will be considered to be a 2010 second installment payment; and July 22, 2010, will be considered to be a 2010 third installment payment. **Note:** If you are filing this return *after* Jan. 18, 2011, you will not be able to make an installment payment on this line.

**Note:** You may use Form ES-40 to make a payment by check or money order. Estimated tax payments may also be made online, via credit card or check, at www.in.gov/dor/epay See line 26 instructions on page 12 for details about payment options.

See Income Tax Information Bulletin #3 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm for additional information about estimated taxes.

#### Line 20 – Penalty for underpayment of estimated tax

You might owe a penalty for the underpayment of estimated tax if you did not have taxes withheld from your income and/or you did not pay enough estimated tax throughout the year.

In fact, not properly paying estimated tax is one of the most common errors made in filing Indiana tax returns. Generally, if you owe \$1,000 or more in state and county tax for the year that's not covered by withholding taxes, you need to be making estimated tax payments.

You might owe this penalty if:

- The total of your credits, including timely estimated tax payments, is less than 90 percent of this year's tax due or 100 percent\* of last year's tax due, \*\* or
- You underpaid the minimum amount due for one or more of the installment periods.

If either of these cases apply to you, you must complete Schedule IT-2210 or IT-2210A to see if you owe a penalty or if you meet an exception. If you owe this penalty, enclose Schedule IT-2210 or IT-2210A with your tax return and write the penalty amount on Form IT-40, line 20.

\*You must have timely paid 100 percent of lines 16 and 17 of your 2008 IT-40. Note: If last year's **Indiana adjusted gross income** was more than \$150,000 (\$75,000 for married filing separately), you must pay 110 percent of last year's tax (instead of 100%).

\*\*Farmers and fishermen should see the special instructions on page 11.

**Important.** The Department will automatically figure a penalty for you if it looks like you owe a penalty for the underpayment of estimated tax, and:

- You didn't report a penalty amount on line 20, and
- You didn't enclose Schedule IT-2210 or Schedule IT-2210A showing you meet an exception to owing a penalty.

#### Should you use Schedule IT-2210 or IT-2210A?

**Schedule IT-2210** should be used by individuals who receive income (not subject to withholding tax) on a fairly even basis throughout the year. This schedule will help determine whether a penalty is due, or whether an exception to the penalty has been met.

*Example*. Jim and Sarah together received \$4,500 in pension income each month. Since their income is received on a fairly even basis, they'll use Schedule IT-2210 to figure their penalty or exception to the penalty.

Farmers and fishermen have special filing considerations. If at least two-thirds (2/3) of your gross income is from farming or fishing, Complete Schedule IT-2210, using the Section D Short Method.

**Schedule IT-2210A** should be used by individuals who receive income (not subject to withholding tax) unevenly during the year. This schedule will help determine whether a penalty is due, or whether an exception to the penalty has been met.

*Example*. Bill's income is from selling fireworks in June and July. He will want to figure any penalty due on Schedule IT-2210A, which may exempt him from having had to pay estimated tax on the April 15, 2009, first installment due date.

*Example*. Rachael received a sizeable lump sum distribution in Dec. of 2009. She figured how much estimated tax was due, and paid it by the Jan. 15, 2010, fourth period installment due date. By completing Schedule IT-2210A, she shows she owes no penalty for the first three installment periods, and that a proper payment was made for the fourth installment period. She will owe no penalty.

#### Farmers and Fishermen.

Special options are available if more than two-thirds of your gross income for 2008 or 2009 was from farming or fishing.

- Option 1. Pay your estimated tax in one payment on or before Jan. 15, 2010, and file your tax return by April 15, 2010; or
- Option 2. Make no estimated tax payment and file your tax return and pay all the tax due by March 1, 2010.

*Example.* More than two-thirds of Henry's gross income is from farming. He should complete Schedule IT-2210 (not Schedule IT-2210A). He will be able to use the Section D Short Method to figure his penalty or to show he meets an exception to owing a penalty.

Visit our Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm to get Schedule IT-2210 or IT-2210A.

#### Line 21 – Refund

You have a refund if line 18 is greater than the combined amounts entered on lines 19d and 20. No refund will be issued if the overpayment is less than one dollar.

**Important.** If the combination of line 19d plus line 20 is *greater* than the amount on line 18, you must make an adjustment. The estimated tax carryover amount on line 19d is limited; it cannot be greater than the remainder of line 18 minus line 20. See the second example under the Line 19 instructions on page 9.

Please wait 12 weeks before you contact the Department about your refund.

#### A note about refund offsets

Indiana law requires that money you owe to the state, its agencies and certain federal agencies be deducted from your refund or credit before a refund is issued. This includes money owed for past-due taxes, student loans, child support, food stamps or an IRS levy. If the Department applies your refund to any of these debts, you will receive a letter explaining the situation. **Note:** There is a **statute of limitations** on filing refund claims. When filing your 2009 tax return, a claim for refund of excess withholding credits must be made no later than April 17, 2012. A claim for refund of all other excess payments and refundable credits must be made by April 15, 2013. (The claim is considered to be made on the day your tax return is postmarked.) If you file your 2009 tax return after the statute of limitations has expired, no refund will be issued.

#### Line 22 – Direct deposit

You may choose to have your refund deposited in your checking, savings or Hoosier Works Master Card account. If you want your refund directed into your checking or savings account, complete lines 22a, b and c.

a) The routing number is nine digits, with the first two digits of the number beginning with 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Do not use a deposit slip to verify the number because it may have internal codes as part of the actual routing number.

b) The account number can be up to 17 digits. Omit any hyphens, accents and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank.

c) Check the appropriate box for the type of account you are making your deposit to: either a checking account or savings account.

# Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your checks.

If you currently have a **Hoosier Works MasterCard** and wish to have your refund directly deposited in your account, enter your 12-digit account number on line 22b, where it says "Account Number" (do not write anything on line 22a "Routing Number"). You can find your 12-digit account number in the upper right-hand corner of your account monthly statement.

Note: DO NOT use your MasterCard 16-digit number.

Make sure to check the "Hoosier Works MC" box on line 22c.

For more information on direct deposit, please see "Where's Your Refund" on page 5.

#### Line 23

If line 21 is less than zero, you have an amount due. Enter here as a positive number and skip to line 24.

OR

If line 15 is greater than line 14, complete the following steps:

- A. Subtract line 14 from line 15
- and enter the total here...... A
- B. Enter any amount from line 20 ..... B
- C. Add lines A + B. Enter total here and on line 23 ..... C

#### Line 24 – Penalty

You will probably owe a penalty if your tax return is filed after the April 15, 2010, due date and you have an amount due. Penalty is 10 percent (.10) of the amount due (line 23 minus line 20) or \$5, whichever is greater. Exception: No penalty will be due if you have:

- An extension of time to file;
- Are filing and paying the remaining tax due by the extended filing due date and
- Have prepaid at leat 90 percent of the amount due by April 15, 2010.

#### Line 25 – Interest

You will owe interest (even if you have a valid extension of time to file) if your tax return is filed after the April 15, 2010, due date and you have an amount due. Interest should be figured on the sum of line 23 minus line 20. Contact the Department at (317) 232-2240 or visit our Web site at www.in.gov/dor/3618.htm to get Departmental Notice 3 for the current interest rate.

#### Line 26 – Amount due – payment options

There are several ways to pay the amount you owe.

Make your check, money order or cashier's check payable to: Indiana Department of Revenue. Just include the payment loose in the envelope. **Do not staple** it to the return. **Do not send cash**.

You may also pay using the **eCheck** payment method. This service uses a paperless check and may be used to pay the tax due with your Indiana individual income tax return, as well as any billings issued by the Indiana Department of Revenue for any tax type. To pay, go to www.in.gov/dor/epay and follow the step-by-step instructions. You will receive a confirmation number and should keep this with your tax filing records. The fee for using this service is \$1.

**Note:** All payments made to the Indiana Department of Revenue must be made with U.S. funds.

You may also pay by using your American Express<sup>®</sup> Card, Discover<sup>®</sup> Card, MasterCard<sup>®</sup> or VISA<sup>®</sup> by calling 1-800- 2-PAY TAX (1-800-272-9829). Or, log on to www.in.gov/dor/epay and use your Discover<sup>®</sup> Card, MasterCard<sup>®</sup> or VISA<sup>®</sup> to make a payment.

A convenience fee will be charged *by the credit card processor* based on the amount you are paying. You will be told what the fee is and you will have the option to either cancel or continue the credit card transaction.

Note: No payment is due if you owe less than \$1.

#### Returned checks and other types of payments

If you make a tax payment with a check, credit card, debit card or electronic funds transfer, and the Department is unable to obtain payment for its full amount when it is presented for payment, a 10 percent penalty of the unpaid tax or the face value of the check, credit card, debit card, or electronic funds transfer, whichever is smaller, is due. The assessed amount will be due immediately upon receipt of the tax due notice and must be paid by certified check, bank draft or money order. If payment is not received immediately, the penalty will be increased to the face value of the intended payment or 100 percent of the unpaid tax, whichever is smaller. Also, *any permits and/or licenses issued by the Department may be revoked if the assessed amount is not paid immediately*.

#### Signatures and signing dates

First, read the Authorization area on Schedule 7. Then, sign and date the tax return. If this is a jointly filed tax return, both you and your spouse must sign and date it. Make sure to enclose the completed Schedule 7 when filing.

# **Unresolved Problems?**

#### Use the taxpayer advocate

As prescribed by the Taxpayer Bill of Rights, the Department has an appointed taxpayer advocate whose purpose is to facilitate the resolution of taxpayer complaints and complex tax issues. If you have a complex tax issue, you must first pursue resolution through normal channels, such as contacting the tax administration division (317-232-2240). If you are still unable to resolve your tax issue, or a tax assessment places an undue hardship on you, you may receive assistance from the Office of the Taxpayer Advocate.

For more information, and to get required schedules if filing for an offer in compromise or a hardship case, visit our Web site at: www.in.gov/dor/3883.htm You may also contact the Office of the Taxpayer Advocate directly at taxpayeradvocate@dor.in.gov, or by telephone at (317) 232-4692. Submit supporting information and documents to: Indiana Department of Revenue, Office of the Taxpayer Advocate, P.O. Box 6155, Indpls., Ind. 46206-6155.

# Where to mail your tax return – use labels for envelope

You'll find mailing labels with the envelope enclosed in this booklet. Returns with payments enclosed have a different post office box number for mailing purposes.

If you are enclosing a payment, please mail your tax return with all enclosures to: Indiana Department of Revenue P.O. Box 7224 Indianapolis, IN 46207-7224

For all other filings, please mail your tax return with all enclosures to: Indiana Department of Revenue P.O. Box 40 Indianapolis, IN 46206-0040

### Envelope – Don't forget the stamp!

Make sure to put a stamp(s) on the envelope. The U.S. Post Office will not deliver your tax return without the proper postage.

# Schedule 1: Add-Backs

#### Line 1 – Tax add-back

If you **did not complete Federal Schedules C, C-EZ, E, or F,** which include sole proprietorship income, farm income, rental, partnership, S corporation, and trust and estate income (or loss), **then do not complete this line.** 

On those schedules you are allowed to claim a deduction for taxes paid which are:

- based on, or
- measured by income, and
- levied at a state level by any state in the United States.

If you claimed this kind of deduction on any of these schedules, then you must add it back to your Indiana income.

Do not add back property taxes on this line.

**Note:** Income, losses and/or expenses from other schedules and forms may flow through to federal Schedules C, E and F. For example, partnership income from federal Schedule K-1 (Form 1065) may be included on federal Schedule E, while expenses from federal Form 8829 may be included on federal Schedule C. Make sure to check these schedules and forms for any deduction that needs to be added back.

#### Line 2 – Net operating loss add-back

Any net operating loss (NOL) deduction taken on line 21 of your federal Form 1040 must be added back on this line. Write the amount of the net operating loss as a **positive** figure. (You will claim an Indiana net operating loss deduction on Schedule 2, under line 11.)

**Note:** If your federal adjusted gross income this year is a loss, and you have not included a net operating loss as a deduction on line 21 of your 2009 federal Form 1040, then leave this line blank.

#### Line 3 – Lump sum distribution

If you completed federal Form 4972, add any capital gains reported on Part II and any ordinary income reported on Part III of federal Form 4972. Enter the total here as a positive amount.

#### Line 4 – Domestic production activities add-back

If you claimed a domestic production activities deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 35, enter that amount here.

#### Line 5 – Bonus depreciation add-back

You must make an exception for any bonus depreciation deduction used for property placed in service after Sept. 11, 2001. Bonus depreciation is the additional first-year special depreciation deduction allowed under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

Figure the net income (or loss) which would have been included in federal adjusted gross income had the bonus depreciation method not been used. Then, enter the difference, which may be a positive or negative amount, on line 5.

*Example*. Mack used the bonus depreciation method for federal income tax purposes. After refiguring the depreciation without using the bonus method, he has to add back \$1,500 on his Indiana tax return.

Note: After making an initial adjustment for bonus depreciation you'll need to refigure the amount of depreciation available for state tax purposes for subsequent years.

*Example.* Ann made an initial adjustment for bonus depreciation on last year's Indiana tax return. This year she figures she is entitled to a \$150 *additional* depreciation amount for state tax purposes. She should enter that amount as a negative entry, or (150), on line 5.

For additional information see Commissioner's Directive #19 at www.in.gov/dor/3617.htm

#### Line 6 – Section 179 expense add-back

You may have figured an IRC Section 179 expense using a ceiling or more than \$25,000 for federal tax purposes. Indiana allows you to figure IRC Section 179 expense using a ceiling of no more than \$25,000. If you figured IRC Section 179 expense using a ceiling amount of more than \$25,000, you'll need to add back the difference between it and \$25,000 on line 6.

#### Line 7 – Unemployment compensation add-back

Up to the first \$2,400 of unemployment compensation not included on your federal tax return must be added back. The add-back for married filing jointly may be as much as \$4,800.

Enter in Box A the amount of unemployment compensation from Box 1 of Form 1099G (see *Exception*). If you have more than one Form 1099G on which unemployment compensation is reported, add together the amounts shown on all the Form 1099G's, Box 1. Note: If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2009 and you repaid any of it in 2009, reduce the amount to be reported in Box A by the amount repaid. If, in 2009, you repaid unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, make no adjustment to the amount included in Box A.

Enter in Box B the unemployment compensation reported on your Form 1040, line 19; Form 1040A, line 13; or Form 1040EZ, line 3.

*Example.* Zachary drew \$3,500 in unemployment compensation. He entered in Box A the \$3,500 amount from his Form 1099G, Box 1. He entered the \$1,100 amount from his Form 1040A, line 13, in Box B. He entered the \$2,400 difference on line 7.

*Exception: Benefits issued by the Railroad Retirement Board.* Do not include in Box A any amount from a Form 1099G issued by the Railroad Retirement Board. Also, do not enter in Box B any portion of the unemployment compensation reported on your Form 1040, line

19; Form 1040A, line 13; or Form 1040EZ, line 3, that was issued by the Railroad Retirement Board. Instead, see the instructions for the *Railroad unemployment and sickness benefits* deduction on page 21 for more information.

# Line 8 – Deferral of business indebtedness discharge and reacquisition add-back

Add an amount equal to any income not included as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition of a debt instrument (as provided in Section 108(i) of the IRC). Subtract the amount added to income in a previous year to offset the amount included in federal gross income as a result of the deferral of income arising from business indebtedness discharged in connection with the reacquisition after Dec. 31, 2008, and before Jan. 1, 2011, of an applicable debt instrument.

#### Line 9 – Qualified restaurant property add-back

If you placed qualified restaurant property in service during the year that was classified as 15-year property under Section 168(e)(3)(E)(v) of the IRC, add the amount necessary to make your adjusted gross income (AGI) equal to the amount of AGI that would have been computed had the classification not applied to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

# Line 10 – Qualified retail improvement property add-back

If you placed qualified retail improvement property in service during the year that was classified as 15-year property under Section 168(e) (3)(E)(ix) of the IRC, add the amount necessary to make your adjusted gross income (AGI) equal to the amount of AGI that would have been computed had the classification not applied to the property in the year that it was placed in service.

# Line 11 – Qualified disaster assistance property add-back

If you claimed the special allowance for qualified disaster assistance property under Section 168(n) of the IRC, add the amount necessary to make your adjusted gross income (AGI) equal to the amount of AGI that would have been computed had the special allowance not been claimed for the property.

#### Line 12 – Qualified refinery property add-back

If you made an election under Section 179C of the IRC to expense costs for qualified refinery property, add the amount necessary to make your adjusted gross income (AGI) equal to the amount of AGI that would have been computed had the election not been made for that year.

# Line 13 – Qualified film or television production add-back

If you made an election under Section 181 of the IRC to expense costs for a qualified film or television production tax purposes, add the amount necessary to make your adjusted gross income (AGI) equal to the amount of AGI that would have been computed had the election not been made for that year.

#### Line 14 – Qualified preferred stock add-back

You may have had a loss from the sale or exchange of preferred stock in:

- The Federal National Mortgage Association, established under the Federal National Mortgage Association Charter Act (12 U.S.C. 1716 et seq.), or
- The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, established under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Act (12 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.).

If you treated this as an ordinary loss under Section 301 of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year, add an amount equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had the loss not been treated as an ordinary loss.

## **Schedule 2: Deductions**

#### Line 1 – Renter's deduction

You may be able to take the renter's deduction if:

- You paid rent on your principal place of residence, and
- The place you rented was subject to Indiana property tax.

Your "principal place of residence" is the place where you have your true, fixed, permanent home and where you intend to return after being absent.

If you rented a manufactured home or paid rent for your manufactured home lot, you may claim the renter's deduction if the above requirements are met.

Rent paid for summer homes or vacation homes is not deductible.

You cannot claim the renter's deduction if the rental property was not subject to Indiana property tax. Examples of this type of property are:

- Government owned housing,
- Property owned by a nonprofit organization,
- Student housing,
- Property owned by a cooperative association, and
- Property located outside of Indiana.

How do I report my deduction? First, complete the information area by entering:

- The address where rented if it's different from the address on the front of the return (leave blank if it is not different),
- The landlord's name and address,
- The total amount of rent paid, and
- The number of months you lived there.

If you moved during the year or had more than one landlord, you must list the same information for each place that you rented. Enclose additional pages if necessary.

**How much rent can I deduct?** You can deduct up to \$3,000 or the amount of rent paid, whichever is less.

*Example.* Emily paid \$4,800 in rent on her principal place of residence. She will claim a \$3,000 renter's deduction.

*Example*. Bill paid \$400 rent for his first apartment. He moved to another location during the year and paid \$2,800 rent for the rest of the year. His deduction will be limited to \$3,000, even though he paid \$3,200 altogether.

**Important:** Keep copies of your rental receipts, landlord identifying information and lease agreements as the Department can require you to provide this information.

For more information about this deduction, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #38 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

# Line 2 – Homeowner's residential property tax deduction

You may be able to take a deduction of up to \$2,500 of the Indiana property taxes (residential real estate taxes) paid on your principal place of residence. Your *principal place of residence* is the place where you have your true, fixed home and where you intend to return after being absent.

**Note about last year's property tax:** Most property tax statements for the 2007 tax year were issued and payable in 2008. However, some of those statements were not issued (and payable) until sometime in 2009. If you received and paid one of these catch-up bills in 2009, you may be eligible for an additional deduction. See *Catch-up deduction* in the next column for details.

**Note:** Property tax paid for summer homes or vacation homes is *not* deductible.

**Important:** You cannot claim this deduction for property tax paid in 2009 if you are claiming the Lake County residential income tax credit on Schedule 5, line 6.

How do I claim my deduction? Complete the information area on Schedule 2, line 2. Enter the address of your principal residence where the Indiana property tax was paid if it is different from the address on the front of the return. If you had more than one principal residence during the year, and you paid Indiana property tax on both residences, list the additional residence on a separate piece of paper.

*Example.* Sue and Mack each owned their own home; they married in 2009. They sold both of their homes during the year and began renting. They are eligible to claim a property tax deduction on the combined property taxes paid on both homes if they are filing a joint return (limited to \$2,500 altogether).

- Enter the number of months you lived there. If you claim more than one residence, enter the number of months lived at the other residence(s) on a separate sheet of paper.
- Enter the amount of Indiana property tax paid. If you lived in more than one residence during the year, enter the combined amount of Indiana property tax paid on all principal residences.

• Enter the smaller of \$2,500 or the amount of Indiana property tax paid in Box A.

**No double benefit allowed.** If any portion of property taxes paid on your principal residence was deducted as an expense on federal Schedule C, C-EZ, E or F, then do not deduct that amount on this line.

*Example.* Jean paid \$1,200 in Indiana property tax on her home. She used one room of her home for her business, and deducted \$200 Indiana property tax as an expense on her federal Schedule C. Jean is allowed a deduction of \$1,000 (\$1,200 minus the \$200 deduction already taken on federal Schedule C).

How do I find out how much I paid in Indiana property tax on my principal residence? Indiana counties send statements to homeowners showing how much property tax is due on their property. Add together the 2009 spring and fall installments, if you paid both of them. If you received just one installment statement this year for your 2009 property taxes, use the amount paid for that installment.

Sometimes mortgage companies pay the Indiana property tax from an escrow account. If your mortgage company pays it, they should send you a Form 1098 (or its equivalent) showing the amount of property tax paid. If you cannot locate the information, contact your local county treasurer's office or your mortgage company.

**Important:** You must maintain copies of proof that you paid your Indiana property tax as the Department can require you to provide this information. This could include the Form 1098, the property tax statement from your local assessor's office, cancelled checks, etc.

**Catch-up deduction.** Most Indiana property tax statements for the 2007 tax year were issued and payable in 2008. However, some of those statements were not issued (and payable) until sometime in 2009. If you received and paid one of these catch-up bills in 2009, you may be eligible for a deduction.

You cannot take a catch-up deduction:

- For any property taxes already claimed on your 2008 tax return, or
- If you claimed the Lake County residential income tax credit on your 2008 tax return.

Complete the *Catch-up property tax deduction worksheet* on page 16 to see if you are eligible to claim a 2008 property tax deduction on this year's tax return, and to figure your deduction.

**Important:** Do not complete the worksheet if you claimed the **Lake County** credit on line 28 of your 2008 Form IT-40. *You are not eligible for the catch-up deduction.* 

#### Catch-up property tax deduction worksheet

Step 1 Step 2	Maximum deduction Enter any property tax deduction claimed	\$	2,500
Step 2	on your 2008 tax return, Schedule 1, line		
	2, Box A (or Schedule D, line 2, Box A if	<i>•</i>	
	you filed Form IT-40PNR)	\$_	
Step 3	Subtract Step 2 from Step 1 (if zero or		
	less, STOP. You are not eligible for this		
	deduction)	\$_	
Step 4	Enter the amount of 2007 property tax		
-	due in 2008 but not paid until 2009	\$_	
Step 5	Enter the smaller of Step 3 or Step 4 here		
_	and on Schedule 2, line 2, Box B	\$_	

*Example*. Spencer paid \$2,100 in property taxes on his home in 2008, and claimed a \$2,100 homeowner's property tax deduction on his 2008 tax return. He got a catch-up bill in 2009, and had to pay an additional \$514 in 2008 property tax. Here is his completed *Catch-up property tax deduction worksheet*:

Step 1	Maximum deduction	\$ 2,500
Step 2	Enter any property tax deduction claimed	
	on your 2008 tax return, Schedule 1, line	
	2, Box A (or Schedule D, line 2, Box A if	
	you filed Form IT-40PNR)	\$ 2,100
Step 3	Subtract Step 2 from Step 1 (if zero or	
-	less, STOP. You are not eligible for this	
	deduction)	\$ 400
Step 4	Enter the amount of 2007 property tax	
•	due in 2008 but not paid until 2009	\$ 514
Step 5	Enter the smaller of Step 3 or Step 4 here	
÷	and on Schedule 2, line 2, Box B	\$ 400

Spencer is eligible to claim \$400 as a deduction on Schedule 2, line 2, Box B.

#### Line 3 – State tax refund reported on federal return

If you entered a state tax refund amount on line 10 of your federal Form 1040, then enter that amount here.

# Line 4 - Interest on U.S. government obligations deduction

If the amount on line 1 of Form IT-40 includes interest income, you may be able to take a deduction. If any part of your interest income included on line 1 is from a direct obligation of the U.S. government, you can deduct this amount.

Examples of U.S. government obligations include U.S. savings bonds, U.S. Treasury bills and U.S. government certificates. This interest is usually reported on federal Schedule B.

Interest income reported from a trust, estate, partnership or S corporation that is from U.S. government obligations is also deducted on this line. **Note:** When certain U.S. savings bonds are redeemed to pay expenses for higher education, the interest may be excluded from federal adjusted gross income. Therefore, <u>do not</u> enter any interest from U.S. savings bonds that is shown on your federal Schedule B, line 3 (because it has already been excluded from income).

For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletin #19 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

# Lines 5 and 6 – Taxable Social Security and/or railroad retirement benefits deduction

Indiana does not tax Social Security income or the railroad retirement benefits that are issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board. To figure your deduction:

- Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 20b (Form 1040A, line 14b), on Indiana's Schedule 2, line 5.
- If you have included railroad retirement benefits that are issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board on line 16b of your federal Form 1040, or on line 12b of your federal Form 1040A, then enter that amount on Indiana's Schedule 2, line 6.

**Important: Do not** enter any other types of pension or retirement income on these lines.

**Note:** See the Railroad unemployment and sickness benefits deduction instructions on page 21 if you have received unemployment and/or sickness benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board.

#### Line 7 – Military service deduction

The income on line 1 of Form IT-40 may include active or reserve military pay. If it does, you will be able to take a deduction (regardless of your age).

Also, if you are retired from the military or are the surviving spouse of a person who was in the military, you may be able to take this deduction. You will be eligible if:

- You were at least 60 years of age by Dec. 31, 2009,
- You received military retirement or survivor's benefits in 2009, and
- The benefits received as retirement income were reported on your federal return.

Your deduction will be the actual amount of military income received (i.e. military pay, retirement pay and/or survivor's benefits) or \$5,000, whichever is *less*. If both you and your spouse received military income, you may each claim the deduction for a maximum of \$10,000.

**Important:** If you served in the Indiana National Guard or the reserve component of the armed forces during 2009, see the *National Guard and reserve component members deduction* on page 20.

**Note:** Military income earned while in a **combat zone** is not taxable on your federal or state income tax returns. Since Indiana is not taxing this income, your combat zone income is not eligible for a deduction.

*Example.* Jim was on active duty the first month of the year. He was stationed in a combat zone the rest of the year. His military W-2 form shows regular military wage income of \$950, and \$19,000 income earned while being stationed in a combat zone. Only \$950 of his income is taxed on his federal return; likewise, Indiana will only initially tax \$950. Jim should claim a \$950 military deduction (the lesser of the income being taxed [\$950] or \$5,000).

**Important:** You **must** enclose your military W-2 form, retirement pay statement and/or survivor's benefit statement with the tax return if you are claiming this deduction.

**Note:** If you received a combination of military pay, retirement pay and/or survivor's benefits during the tax year, the total deduction cannot be greater than \$5,000 per qualifying person. For example, if you earned \$6,000 in military pay and \$1,500 in retirement pay, you can deduct only \$5,000 of your military income.

For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletins #6 and #27 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

#### Line 8 – Non-Indiana locality earnings deduction

You may be allowed a deduction if you have income being taxed by a locality (local governmental unit) located in another state. A "locality" could be a city, county, parish, etc.

*Example.* You earned wages in Louisville, KY. Your employer withheld a Louisville city (locality) tax. Since your wages were taxed by a non-Indiana locality (Louisville), you are eligible to take a deduction.

The deduction is limited. You may deduct the amount of your income that was taxed by a non-Indiana locality **or** \$2,000, whichever is *less*. If you and your spouse both qualify, you may each claim the deduction for a maximum of \$4,000 (limited to no more than \$2,000 per person).

You must enclose proof that the tax was paid to a locality outside Indiana to be allowed this deduction. A W-2 form is proof as long as the W-2 form shows a withholding amount and the name of the non-Indiana locality where the tax was paid. The name of the locality is usually found in box 20, Locality Name, on the W-2 form. A copy of a non-Indiana locality tax return will also serve as proof of tax paid.

For more information see Income Tax Information Bulletin #28 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

#### Line 9 – Insulation deduction

You may be able to take this deduction if you installed new insulation in your Indiana home during 2009. Insulation includes weather stripping, double pane windows, storm doors and storm windows. To take this deduction the following requirements must be met:

- The insulating items must have been installed in your principal place of residence located in Indiana,
- The part of your home where the insulating items were installed must have been built *before* Jan. 1, 2006,
- The insulating items must be an *upgrade* and not a replacement **or** like-kind item (e.g., replacing a double pane window with a new

double pane window won't qualify, but replacing a double pane window with a triple pane window will qualify), and

• The deduction must be taken in the year the insulating items were installed.

You are allowed to deduct the actual cost of the qualifying items, including labor, up to a maximum of \$1,000.

**Important:** When claiming this deduction, maintain with your records the following information (as the Department can require you to provide this information at a later date):

- Item(s) purchased
- Purchase price
- Place of purchase
- Date of purchase
- Date of installation
- Amount paid for labor (you cannot include the cost of labor that you did yourself)

For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletin #43 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

# Line 10 – Nontaxable portion of unemployment compensation

You may be eligible for a deduction if you reported unemployment compensation on your federal income tax return. Complete the worksheet on page 18 to see if you are eligible.

\***Important:** Do not include any unemployment compensation issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board on lines 2 or 6 of the worksheet. Instead, see the instructions for the *Railroad unemployment and sickness benefits* deduction on page 21 for more information.

#### Line 11 – Other deductions

Each of the following deductions has been assigned a three-digit code number. When claiming the deduction on Schedule 2 under line 11, write the name of the deduction, the three-digit code number and the amount claimed.

*Example.* Enter the following information on line 11a to claim a \$130 civil service annuity deduction and on 11b to claim a \$5,200 NOL deduction:

11a.	Civil Service Annuity	601	11a	130
b.	Indiana Net Operating Loss	607	11b	5,200

#### Airport development zone employee deduction 600

Certain areas within Indiana have been designated as airport development zones. If you lived in an airport development zone and worked for a qualified employer in that zone, you may be able to take this deduction.

Your *employer* will provide Form IT-40QEC to you if you are eligible to claim this deduction.

#### **Unemployment Compensation Worksheet**

Note: If you were married but filing separately, and you lived with your spouse at any time during 2009, enter -0- on line 4 of the worksheet.

However, if you were married but filing separately, and lived apart from your spouse the entire year, enter \$12,000 on line 4.

Important: Do not include any unemployment compensation issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board on line 1. Instead, see the instructions for the Railroad unemployment and sickness benefits deduction on page 21 for more information.

1. Enter the amount from Form IT-40, line 1	1	
2. Enter the amount from Schedule 1, line 7	2	
3. Add lines 1 and 2	3	
4. Enter \$12,000 if single, or \$18,000 if married fling a joint return	4	
5. Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0	5	
6. Enter the amount from Schedule 1, line 7, Box A	6	
7. Enter one-half of line 5 (divide line 5 by 2)	7	
8. Subtract line 7 from line 6 (if zero or less, you are not eligible for a deduction). Carry this amount to Schedule 2, line 10	8	

The amount of the deduction is one-half (½) of the earned income shown on that form or \$7,500, whichever is less. You must enclose Form IT-40QEC with the Form IT-40 to support any claimed deduction.

Enter  $\underline{600}$  on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Civil service annuity deduction 601

The income on line 1 of Form IT-40 may include federal civil service annuity payments. If it does, you may be able to take a deduction *if* you were at least 62 years of age by Dec. 31, 2009.

To figure your deduction, begin with the amount of annuity payments received or \$2,000, whichever is less. Subtract from that amount any Social Security and railroad retirement benefits (issued by the Railroad Retirement Board) you received.

*Example.* Your civil service annuity is \$6,000. Your Social Security income is \$1,200. Here is how to figure your deduction:

Lesser of the amount of the		
annuity (\$6,000) or \$2,000	\$2	,000
Social Security benefits	<u>\$1</u>	,200
Allowable deduction	\$	800

If you and your spouse both received civil service annuities, you may each take this deduction for a maximum of \$4,000 (no more than \$2,000 per qualifying person), provided you both meet the age requirement.

This deduction is available only to the annuitant and is not available to the annuitant's beneficiary. For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletin #6 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Enter <u>601</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Disability retirement deduction 602

To take this deduction you must have:

- Been permanently and totally disabled at the time of retirement,
- Retired on disability before Dec. 31, 2009, and
- Received disability retirement income during 2009.

If you meet these qualifications, you must complete Schedule IT-2440 and have it signed by your doctor to claim this deduction. Schedule IT-2440 **must** be enclosed with your tax return when claiming this deduction.

For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletin #70 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and Schedule IT-2440 at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm

This deduction is limited to a maximum of \$5,200 per qualifying individual.

**Note:** Social Security disability income does not qualify for this deduction because Indiana does not tax this income.

Enter 602 on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Enterprise zone employee deduction 603

Certain areas within Indiana have been designated as enterprise zones. Enterprise zones are established to encourage investment and job growth in distressed urban areas.

Enterprise zones have been established in areas of certain cities/ locations. See About Enterprise Zone Credits on page 32 for a list of those cities/locations. Your *employer* will provide Form IT-40QEC to you if you are eligible to claim this deduction.

The amount of the deduction is one-half (½) of the earned income shown on that form or \$7,500, whichever is less. You must enclose Form IT-40QEC to the Form IT-40 to support any claimed deduction.

Enter <u>603</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Human services deduction 605

The human services deduction is intended to eliminate any individual income tax imposed on Medicaid recipients who are living in a:

- Hospital,
- Skilled nursing facility,
- Intermediate care facility,
- Licensed county home,
- Licensed boarding or residential home, or
- Certified Christian Science facility.\*

The goal of the human services tax deduction is to reduce the affected individual's adjusted gross income tax liability to zero (0).

\*An eligible Christian Science facility must be listed with and certified by the Commission for Accreditation of Christian Science Nursing Organizations/Facilities, Inc.

Generally, the deduction should not be used in conjunction with most tax credits in order to create a refund.

If you are a Medicaid recipient and live in one of the facilities listed above, to determine whether you are eligible for the deduction you must first prepare your tax return without claiming a human services deduction. Generally, if a refund is due, you are not eligible for a deduction. File your return without claiming the deduction and a refund will be issued. However, if an amount is due, you are eligible to use a deduction.

Enter <u>605</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Indiana lottery winnings deduction 606

If you win any prize money from the Indiana Hoosier Lottery Commission, either by winning an instant game, an online game such as Hoosier Lotto, Powerball, Lucky 5, Daily 3 & 4, Max 5, etc., you must report those winnings as income on your federal income tax return.

Most of these winnings are fully taxable by Indiana. However, some of the winnings may be exempt from Indiana tax. Also, annuity payments received for drawings held before July 1, 2002, are exempt from Indiana tax.

Complete the worksheet below to see if you are eligible for a deduction.

**Note:** Winnings from other state lotteries, Indiana pari-mutuel horse races or out-of-state tracks, Indiana and out-of-state riverboats and other gambling winnings, are fully taxable in Indiana and should not be deducted from your taxable income.

Enter <u>606</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Indiana net operating loss deduction 607

You may take a deduction for the Indiana portion of the federal net operating loss deduction you added back on line 2 of Schedule 1. (This will be a net operating loss deduction from an earlier year(s) carried forward to 2009.) Write the amount you deduct as a positive figure. Enclose the following with your tax return:

- A copy of the federal Form 1040 from the loss year;
- Schedule A from federal Form 1045, and
- A completed Indiana Schedule IT-40NOL.

**Important:** The deduction will be denied if these schedules are not enclosed with your tax return.

Enter <u>607</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

### **Lottery Winnings Worksheet**

A. Enter the amount of winnings from the Hoosier Lottery Commission your federal Form 1040, line 21			A \$
B. Locate those W-2Gs (issued by the Hoosier Lottery Commission) showing Indiana <u>state</u> withholding in Box 14. Add the amounts from Box 1 of each of those W-2G's; enter total here		B \$	_
C. Exemption	C \$1.200		
D. How many W-2Gs did you locate in step B above (e.g. 1, 2, etc.)?	D X		
E. Multiply line C by line D; enter result here		E \$	
F. Subtract line E from line B; enter result here			F \$
G. Subtract line F from line A. Enter here and on Schedule 2 under li	ine 11		G \$

# Indiana partnership long-term care policy premiums deduction 608

You may take a deduction for the amount of premiums paid for Indiana partnership long-term care insurance.

**Important:** The Indiana partnership policy will have the following box of information on the outline of coverage, the application or on the front page of the policy:

This policy qualifies under the Indiana Long-Term Care program for Medicaid Asset Protection. This policy may provide benefits in excess of the asset protection provided in the Indiana Long-Term Care program.

If the information shown in the box above is **not** located in a box on your policy, you do not have a qualifying policy, and are not eligible to take this deduction.

The deduction is the amount of premiums paid during the year on the policy for the taxpayer and/or spouse.

**No double benefit allowed.** Certain self-employed individuals will claim these premiums as a deduction on the front page of federal Form 1040. The Indiana deduction will be the actual amount of these premiums paid, minus any amount of these already reported on federal Form 1040.

*Example*. Sam paid \$645 in Indiana partnership long-term care premiums. He deducted \$400 of those premiums on the front page of Form 1040. He should deduct the \$245 difference (\$645 - \$400) on Indiana Schedule 2 under line 11.

More information about this program is available at the following Web site www.in.gov/fssa/iltcp

**Important:** Keep a copy of the premium statements as the Department can require you to provide this information.

Enter <u>608</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Law enforcement reward deduction 611

You may be eligible for this deduction if you reported an amount you received as a reward as "other income" on line 21 of your federal Form 1040.

You may be able to deduct the *lesser* of the amount received or \$1,000 if:

- You received a reward for providing information to a law enforcement official or agency,
- You the information assisted in the arrest, indictment or the filing of charges against a person, and
- You are not compensated for investigating crimes, the person convicted of the crime or the victim of the crime.

Enter <u>611</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Medical savings account deduction 612

You may be eligible for a deduction if your employer deposited funds in certain medical care savings accounts. If you received Form IN-MSA from the account provider you should deduct any medical withdrawals and exempt interest income reported in Box 2 and/or Box 7.

**Note:** You are not eligible to claim this deduction if you also claimed a medical savings account deduction on the front page of federal Form 1040.

Make sure you enclose Form IN-MSA or your claimed deduction will be denied.

Enter <u>6 1 2</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

# National Guard and reserve component members deduction 621 (also see the *Military service deduction* on page 16)

There is a deduction available for certain members of the reserve components of the armed forces and the Indiana National Guard.

#### Who is eligible?

You must be a member of the reserve components of:

- the Army;
- the Navy;
- the Air Force;
- the Coast Guard;
- the Marine Corps;
- the Merchant Marine.

Or, a member of:

- the Indiana Army National Guard; or
- the Indiana Air National Guard.

#### What is eligible to be deducted?

If you are eligible (based on the above requirements), your deduction is the qualified military income\* received as a result of service on involuntary orders:

- During the period you were deployed or mobilized for full time service, or
- During the period your Indiana National Guard unit was federalized.

\* Military income received due to service in a **combat zone** is not taxable on your federal or state income tax returns. Since Indiana is not taxing this income, your combat zone income is not eligible for this deduction.

#### What is qualified military income?

Qualified military income is military wages paid:

• to a member of a reserve component of the armed forces or the Indiana National Guard,

• for the period during the member's full-time service on involuntary orders in a reserve component of the armed forces or the period when Indiana National Guard unit was federalized.

**Note:** You cannot claim both this deduction and the *Military service deduction* (see page 16) based on the same income. See the following example.

*Example*. Brandon is a member of the Indiana National Guard.

- From January through Oct. 15, 2009, Brandon earned \$6,000 from the guard.
- His unit was federalized on Oct. 16, 2009. He earned \$7,000 from that point through Dec. 1, 2009.
- His unit was assigned to a combat zone on Dec. 2, 2009, and he earned \$3,000 from then until the end of the year.
- Brandon's military W-2 shows \$13,000 in *Box 1, Wages, tips, other compensation* (the combat zone income is not included in Box 1 because it is not taxable).

Brandon is eligible for both Indiana military deductions. First, he will claim the \$5,000 maximum military service deduction on Schedule 2, line 7, based on the \$6,000 income earned through October 15. Then, he will claim the National Guard and reserve components deduction of \$7,000 (full amount of income earned after his unit was federalized) under line 11. Note: He will not deduct the \$3,000 income earned while stationed in a combat zone because it was not taxed to begin with.

Military withholding statements <u>must</u> be attached to the tax return when claiming this deduction.

Enter <u>6 2 1</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Qualified patents income exemption deduction 622

Some of the income from qualified patents included in federal taxable income may be exempt from Indiana adjusted gross income tax. A qualified patent is a utility patent or a plant patent issued after Dec. 31, 2007, for an invention resulting from a development process conducted in Indiana. The term does not include a design patent.

The exemption includes licensing fees or other income received for the use of the patent, royalties received for the infringement, receipts from the sale of a qualified patent, and income from the taxpayer's own use of the patent to produce the claimed invention.

Complete Schedule IN-PAT and enclose with your tax return when claiming this deduction. You may get Schedule IN-Pat at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm

For more information about this deduction see Income Tax Information Bulletin #104 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Enter <u>6 2 2</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Railroad unemployment and sickness benefits 624

Benefits issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board are not taxable to Indiana.

Deduct unemployment and/or sick pay benefits issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board on this line if:

- You included these benefits as taxable income on your federal tax return, and
- You did not already deduct these benefits on Schedule 2, lines 5 and/or 6.

Do not include any supplemental sick pay benefits on this line.

Make sure to keep the statements (such as Form 1099G) issued by the U.S. Railroad Retirement Board as the Department may request them at a later date.

Enter <u>6 2 4</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Recovery of deductions 616

You are not eligible for this deduction if you did not complete the "other income" line on your federal Form 1040.

Generally, Indiana **does not** allow you to claim itemized deductions from federal Schedule A. However, if you reported *recovered* itemized deductions as "other income" on line 21 of your federal Form 1040, enter that amount on this line.

A *recovery* is a return of an amount you deducted in an earlier year. The most common recoveries are refunds (see Schedule 2, line 3), reimbursements and rebates of deductions previously itemized on federal Schedule A.

Enter <u>616</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

#### Solar powered roof vent or fan deduction 623

An Indiana resident may be eligible for a deduction up to \$1,000 if a solar powered roof vent or fan was installed on a building owned or leased by the individual. A *solar powered roof vent or fan* is a roof vent or fan that is powered by solar energy and used to release heat from a building.

The deduction must be claimed in the installation year, and is limited to the **smaller** of:

- One-half of the amount paid for labor and materials for the installation of a solar powered roof vent or fan, or
- \$1000.

**Important:** When claiming this deduction, maintain with your records the following information (as the Department can require you to provide this information at a later date):

- The installation date(s),
- Proof of your costs for the installation of a solar powered roof vent or fan, and

• A list of the persons or corporation that supplied labor or materials for the installation of the solar powered roof vent or fan.

Enter <u>6 2 3</u> on Schedule 2 under line 11 if claiming this deduction.

# **Schedule 3: Exemptions**

**Important:** Keep detailed information about the exemption(s) you are claiming, such as full name(s), age(s), Social Security number(s), etc. The Department can require you to provide this information at a later date.

#### Line 1 – Exemptions

You are allowed \$1,000 for each exemption claimed on your federal return. Enter in the box on line 1 the total number of exemptions claimed on your federal return. Multiply \$1,000 by that number, and enter the answer here.

*Example*. John and Lisa have a 12-year-old daughter. On John and Lisa's joint federal return they claim themselves and their daughter as exemptions. They'll enter 3 in the box on line 1 for a total of \$3,000.

If you do not have to file a federal return, you will need to complete a "sample" federal return to see how many federal exemptions you are allowed to claim.

**Important:** If no exemption is claimed on your federal return, you can still claim yourself (even if you are claimed on a parent's or guardian's return).

#### Line 2 – Additional exemption for dependent child

An additional \$1,500 exemption is allowed for certain dependent children. Carefully read the following *Dependent Child Definition* to see if you are eligible for this additional exemption(s).

**Dependent child definition:** According to state statute, a dependent child must be a son, stepson, daughter, stepdaughter and/or foster child (and/or your spouse's child, if filing a joint return). He/she must be either under the age of 19 by Dec. 31, 2009, or be a full-time student who is under the age of 24 by Dec. 31, 2009.

If any dependent(s) you are eligible to claim on your federal return also meets the *Dependent Child Definition* above, enter that number in the box on line 2.

*Example.* John and Lisa claimed their 12-year-old daughter as an exemption on their federal return. Since their daughter is under the age of 19, John and Lisa will claim one exemption on line 2 for a total of \$1,500.

*Example*. Jessie's elderly father and her nine-year-old daughter lived with her the entire year. She claimed both as dependents on her federal return. Jessie will claim her daughter for the additional exemption on line 2. She is not allowed to claim the additional exemption for her father.

**Note:** Not all dependent children are eligible for this additional exemption. For instance, if you claimed a grandson or nephew as an exemption on your federal return, you should also claim an exemption for him on line 1. However, since he doesn't qualify under the *Dependent Child Definition* above, you will not be able to claim the additional exemption for him on line 2.

#### Line 3 – Age 65 or older or blind

If you and/or your spouse (if filing a joint return) are age 65 or older, you and /or your spouse can take an additional \$1,000 exemption. If you and/or your spouse (if filing a joint return) are legally blind, you and/or your spouse can take an additional \$1,000 exemption. Place an "X" in the boxes that apply to you and/or your spouse. Enter the total number of boxes marked on this line and multiply by \$1,000.

#### Line 4 – Additional exemption for age 65 or older

An additional \$500 exemption is available for you and/or your spouse (if filing a joint return) if you are age 65 or older and the amount on Form IT-40, line 1, is less than \$40,000. Place an "X" in the boxes that apply to you and/or your spouse. Enter the total number of boxes marked on this line and multiply by \$500.

## **Schedule 4: Other Taxes**

#### Line 1 – Use tax on out-of-state purchases

If you have purchased items while you were outside Indiana, through the mail (for instance, by catalog or offer through the mail), through radio or television advertising and/or over the Internet, these purchases may be subject to Indiana sales and use tax, if sales tax was not paid at the time of purchase. This tax, called "use" tax, is figured at 7 percent.

When you make purchases from a company in Indiana, that company is responsible for collecting the Indiana sales tax from you. When you make purchases from an out-of-state company, *you* are responsible for making sure the use tax is paid. Either the out-of-state company collects the tax from you, or you must pay the tax directly to the State of Indiana.

Complete the worksheet on page 23 to figure your tax. If you paid sales tax to the state where the item was originally purchased, you are allowed a credit against your Indiana use tax for an amount paid up to 7 percent.

#### Line 2 – Household employment taxes

If you paid cash wages during 2009 to an individual who is not

- Your spouse,
- Your child under age 21,
- Your parent,
- An employee under age 18;

*And* the individual worked in and around your home as a baby-sitter, nanny, health aide, private nurse, maid, caretaker, yard worker or someone who does similar domestic duties, then that individual may be defined as your employee.

Sales/Use Tax Worksheet List all purchases made during 2009 from out-of-state retailers.			
Column A Description of personal property purchased from out-of-state retailer	<b>Column B</b> Date of purchase(s)	F	Column C Purchase Price of Property(s)
Magazine subscriptions:			
Mail order purchases:			
Internet purchases:			
Other purchases:			
1. Total purchase price of property subject to the sales/use tax: enter total of Columns C .		1	
2. Sales/use tax: Multiply line 1 by .07 (7%)		2	
3. Sales tax previously paid on the above items (up to 7% per item)		3	
4. Total amount due: Subtract line 3 from line 2. Carry to Form IT-40, Schedule 4, line 1. In enter zero and put no entry on Schedule 4, line 1		4	

See Federal Publication 926, *Household Employer's Tax Guide*, for more information on how to define an employee. Visit www.irs.gov/formspubs or call the IRS at 1-800-829-1040.

If you paid cash wages over \$1,700 to a household worker who is your employee, or total cash wages of \$1,000 or more in any calendar quarter of 2008 or 2009 to **all** household employees, you should have withheld state and county income taxes. To pay these taxes on your Indiana income tax return, contact the Department for Schedule IN-H, or download one from www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm

# Line 3 – Indiana advance earned income credit payment (from W-2s)

Enter the total amount of Indiana advance earned income credit payments you received. This amount is shown on your W-2 form in the box directly beneath box 19 ('INADV' should be in the box directly beneath box 20).

# Line 4 – Recapture of Indiana's CollegeChoice 529 education savings plan credit

You may be eligible for a credit if you made a contribution(s) to Indiana's CollegeChoice 529 education savings plan (see instructions on page 31 for credit details). However, if you made a non-qualified withdrawal(s) from this plan, you will probably have to repay some or all of any credits previously claimed.

Withdrawals made for higher education expenses tend to be qualified withdrawals. Other withdrawals may fall under the category of 'nonqualified'. For more information about withdrawals, contact the Department for Income Tax Information Bulletin #98 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm Get Schedule IN-529R at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm to figure any amount to be recaptured.

# Schedule 5: Credits

#### Lines 1 and 2 – Indiana state and county tax withheld

The amount of state tax withheld is usually shown in box 17 and the amount of county tax withheld is usually shown in box 19 of the W-2s. You **must** enclose your W-2s and/or Form 1099s with your tax return to verify the amount withheld.

#### Note: Do not claim credit for taxes withheld for states other than Indiana or for localities outside Indiana.

- If you had more than one job, enclose a W-2 from each job so you can get credit for all Indiana state and county tax withheld.
- If you had Indiana state and/or county tax withheld on any other federal form, such as a W-2G or 1099R, you must enclose them with the tax return to get credit for the amounts withheld.
- If you are filing a joint return, be sure to include your spouse's W-2s and/or Form 1099s, if they show Indiana state and/or county tax withholding amounts.
- Use of substitute W-2s will delay the processing of your return and/or refund.

A note about your W-2s. It is important that your W-2 form is readable. The income and state and county tax amounts withheld are verified on every W-2 form that comes in with your tax return. If you are not filing electronically, we encourage you to enclose the best copy available when you file.

#### Line 3 – 2009 Estimated tax paid

If you made estimated tax payments, enter the total paid for 2009 on this line. Also, include any **extension payment** made with Form IT-9 "Extension of Time to File" for tax year 2009.

Note: Do not include on this line any estimated tax paid for tax year 2010.

#### Line 4 - Unified tax credit for the elderly

You may be able to claim a credit if you or your spouse meet **all** the following requirements:

- You and/or your spouse must have been age 65 or older by Dec. 31, 2009,
- If married and living together at any time during the year, you must file a joint return,
- The amount on line 1 of Form IT-40 must be *less than \$10,000*,
- You must have been a resident of Indiana for six months or more during 2009, and
- You must not have been in prison for 180 days or more in 2009.

Note: Disabled persons under age 65 do not qualify for this credit.

#### Important:

- If your spouse died after Jan. 1, 2009, you can claim this credit by filing a joint return.
- If a person dies and does not have a surviving spouse, then no one can claim the credit on behalf of the deceased person.
- If your income is low enough that you are not required to file a Form IT-40, and you meet the requirements for claiming the Unified Tax Credit for the Elderly, do not file Form IT-40. Instead, file the simplified Form SC-40 to claim this credit.\*

\*Form SC-40 can be found at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm Or, call (317) 615-2581. You can claim the credit on either Form IT-40 or Form SC-40, but *file only one of these forms, and only file once*.

**Note:** You must file the Form IT-40 if you are eligible for the Lake County residential income tax credit. See line 6 instructions in the next column for more information.

#### The deadline for claiming this credit is June 30, 2010.

The only exception to this rule is if you have a valid federal extension of time to file, Form 4868. Having a valid federal extension will allow you to claim this credit through Nov. 15, 2010. See *Extension of time to file* – *What if you can't file on time?* on page 8 for information about getting an extension of time to file.

#### To figure your unified tax credit for the elderly:

#### Use Table A if:

You meet all the requirements listed above, and:

- You are filing a joint return, lived with your spouse during 2009, both were Indiana residents for at least six months and both were age 65 or older by Dec. 31, 2009, **or**
- Both you and your spouse met all the above-requirements and your spouse died after Jan. 1, 2009.

Table A Joint Filers Both Age 65 or Older	
If the income on Line 1 of	Your Allowable
Form IT-40 is:	Credit* is:
less than \$1,000	\$140
between \$1,000 and \$2,999	\$90
between \$3,000 and \$9,999	\$80

#### Use Table B if:

You meet all the requirements listed above, and:

- You are age 65 or older and are single or widowed,
- You are filing a joint return and only one is age 65 or older,
- You are filing a joint return and only one was an Indiana resident for at least six months, or you are married but did not live with your spouse during 2009, are age 65 or older and are married filing separately.

#### Table B

Only One Person Age 65 or Older	
If the income on Line 1 of	Your Allowable
Form IT-40 is:	Credit* is:
less than \$1,000	\$100
between \$1,000 and \$2,999	\$50
between \$3,000 and \$9,999	\$40

\* Once you have located your credit on Table A or Table B, enter that amount on line 4.

# Line 5 Indiana's earned income credit: Schedule IN-EIC

Indiana's earned income credit is based on your federal earned income credit. If your federal earned income credit is \$6 or more, you may be eligible for Indiana's earned income credit. The earned income credit will lower the tax you owe and may give you a refund even if you don't owe any tax.

To claim the credit you must complete and enclose Schedule IN-EIC. For additional information see Income Tax Information Bulletin #92 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm, and Schedule IN-EIC at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm

# Line 6 – Lake County (Indiana) residential income tax credit

You may be eligible to claim a Lake County (Indiana) residential income tax credit if you meet **all three** of the following requirements.

- 1. You paid property tax to Lake County (Indiana) during 2009 on your residence. Your "residence" is your principal dwelling. You must either own or be buying the residence under contract, and must pay property tax to Lake County (Indiana) on that residence.
- 2. Your earned income must be less than \$18,600. Earned income is the combination of your (and your spouse's, if filing a joint return) wages, salaries, tips and other compensation, plus net earnings from self-employment (income on which you are required to pay self-employment tax on federal Schedule SE). NOTE: Income from pensions, interest, dividends, Social Security, etc., is <u>not</u> classified as earned income.

*Example.* Sue has \$17,000 wage income, \$300 interest income and \$7,000 pension income. Even though her total income is \$24,300, Sue will qualify for the credit because her *earned* income is less than \$18,600 (it is \$17,000).

**Important:** You are *not required* to have earned income to be eligible for this credit.

3. You are not claiming the homeowner's residential property tax deduction on Indiana Schedule 2, line 2, Box A

# How to figure your credit.

**Step 1** Did you pay property tax to Lake County (Indiana) on your residence for 2009? Yes No

If yes, continue to Step 2.

If no, STOP. You do not qualify for this credit.

**Step 2** Enter your earned income. This will include your (and your spouses, if filing a joint return) wage, salary, tip and other compensation, plus net earnings from self-employment.

\$

**Step 3** If the amount in Step 2 is greater than \$18,600, **STOP**. You <u>do not</u> qualify for this credit.

If the Step 2 amount is less than \$18,000, skip to Worksheet A.

If the Step 2 amount is  $\underline{between}$  \$18,000 and \$18,600, skip to Worksheet B.

#### Worksheet A:

Complete if your earned income is less than \$18,000.

A1	Enter the amount of Indiana property tax you paid on your Lake County residence	<b>A</b> 1	\$ 
A2	Maximum credit	. <b>A2</b>	\$ 300
A3	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of A1 or A2. This is your credit. Enter here and on line 6		\$ 

#### Worksheet B: Earned Income Phaseout

Complete if your earned income is between \$18,000 and \$18,600.

В1	Allowable maximum earned income
B2	Enter your earned income from Step 2B2 \$
B3	Subtract B2 from B1 (if answer is zero or a (negative) amount, <b>STOP</b> . You <u>do not</u> qualify for this credit) <b>B3 \$</b>
<b>B</b> 4	Multiply the amount on B3 by .5B4 \$
B5	Enter the amount of Indiana property tax you paid on your Lake County residence <b>B5 \$</b>
<b>B6</b>	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of B4 or B5. This is your credit. Enter here and on line 6 <b>B6 \$</b>

**Important:** Remember, you can claim either this credit OR the homeowner's residential property tax deduction on Schedule 2, line 2, Box A, but not both.

# Line 7 – Economic development for a growing economy credit

If you have business income (including partnership or S corporation income) you may be eligible for this credit. This credit is available to businesses who conduct certain activities that are designed to foster job creation or job retention in Indiana.

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation (IEDC), One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indpls., IN, 46204, for eligibility requirements, or visit www.in.gov/iedc for additional information.

**Note:** The approved credit agreement letter from the IEDC <u>must</u> be enclosed, or this credit will not be allowed.

#### Line 8 – Media production expenditure credit

This credit is for qualified media production expenditures. The minimum qualified production expenditure for a feature length film, including a short feature; an independent or studio production; a documentary; and a television series, program, or feature, must be at least \$100,000 to qualify for the credit. The minimum qualified production expenditure for a digital media production, an audio recording, a music video, an advertising message broadcast on radio or television, or a media production concerning training or external marketing or communications is \$50,000.

Pass-through entities (such as members of S corporations and partnerships) are eligible for this credit.

Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204 for additional information about this credit. The approved credit agreement letter from the IEDC and a computation of the credit must be enclosed with the return. Otherwise, this credit will not be allowed.

Get Commissioner's Directive #36 at www.in.gov/dor/3617.htm for additional information.

# Schedule 6: Offset Credits

The following credits cannot be refunded; their purpose is to help reduce your state and/or county tax amounts due.

Important: See the limitation areas after the instructions for line 3 and line 6.

#### Line 1 – Credit for local taxes paid outside of Indiana

If you figured county tax on Form IT-40, line 9, **and** had to pay a local income tax outside Indiana, you may be able to take a credit. This credit applies only if the tax you paid outside Indiana was to another city, county, town, or other local governmental entity, and they did not refund the tax, or give you a credit for Indiana county tax.

The credit can be used to reduce your Indiana county tax if it is the County Adjusted Gross Income Tax or the County Option Income Tax. It **cannot** be used to reduce any County Economic Development Income Tax.

*Step 1:* Figuring your rate: If your Jan. 1, 2009 county of residence has a rate on the **Rate Conversion Chart** on page 27, use the rate in Column A to figure your credit.\*

If your Jan. 1, 2009, county of residence is Lake County\*, but the Jan. 1, 2009, county where you worked has a rate on the **Rate Conversion Chart**, use the rate in Column B to figure your credit.<sup>1</sup>

\**Important.* This year Indiana counties were allowed to adopt or increase their local income tax rates through Oct. 31, 2009. This publication was printed before that date. This means your county tax rate on the back of Schedule CT-40 may not be correct. We encourage you to contact us in one of the following ways to get an updated list of the rates before filing. To get the updated list, you may:

- Log on to the Department's Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm
- Call the form order request line at (317) 615-2581 to have one mailed to you.
- Visit or call a district office. See page 42 for these locations.
- Call our main tax line at (317) 232-2240 Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and a representative will assist you.

If Lake County adopted a tax (find out at www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm), then use the Lake County resident rate.

Tax returns filed using the wrong rates will be adjusted. This may result in a reduced refund, or an increase in the amount you owe.

Step 2: Figuring your credit. Complete lines A, B and C.

A. Enter the amount of tax paid to the	
non-Indiana locality	. A
B. Multiply the amount of income taxed by the	
non-Indiana locality by the rate from Step 1	В
C. Enter the amount of Indiana county income	
tax shown on Form IT-40, line 9	.c

Note: See the Limitation on page 28.

The amount of the credit is the lesser of the amounts on A, B or C.

**Important:** You **must** enclose either a copy of your W-2s showing the non-Indiana locality amount withheld or a copy of the non-Indiana locality tax return.

**Remember**, you can use this credit only if you have **both**:

- A county tax amount on Form IT-40, line 9, and
- A local income tax that you had to pay outside Indiana.

# Line 2 – County credit for the elderly (age 65 or older) or permanently disabled

If you take a credit on federal Schedule R, *Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled*, and you owe county tax, you may be allowed a credit.

Use the following steps to figure your credit.

A.	Enter your county tax rate (from Schedule CT-40, Section 1 line 4A, or Section 2 line 6)	^	
D		. A	
р.	Divide line A by .15, round to 3 places, and	_	
	enter result here	. В	
C.	Enter credit from federal Schedule R	. C	
D.	Multiply B times C and enter result here	. D	
E.	Enter the amount of Indiana county tax		
	shown on Form IT-40, line 9	. E	

The amount of the county credit for the elderly is the lesser of the amount on D or E. You must attach a copy of federal Schedule R.

Note: See the Limitation on page 28.

*Example.* Melinda is 67 years old. She is entitled to a credit of \$550 on federal Schedule R. Her county tax rate is .015, so the amount on Line B of the worksheet is .10. Her county tax due is \$60. Melinda's county credit for the elderly is \$55 (the lesser of [ $$550 \times .10 = $55$ ] or \$60).

#### Line 3 – Other local credits

Both of the following credits have been assigned a three-digit code number. When claiming the credit on Schedule 6 under line 3, enter the name of the credit, the three-digit code number and the amount claimed.

*Example*. Enter the following information on line 3a to claim a \$200 community revitalization enhancement district credit, and on line 3b to claim a \$175 voluntary remediation credit:

За.	Comm. Rev. Enhan. Dist. Cr.	808	3a	200
b.	Voluntary Remediation Cr.	836	3b	175

# Community revitalization enhancement district credit 808

A state **and** local income tax liability credit is available for a qualified investment made within a community revitalization enhancement district. The expenditure must be made under a plan adopted by an advisory commission on industrial development and approved by the Indiana Economic Development Corporation before it is made. The credit is equal to 25 percent of the qualified investment made by the taxpayer during the taxable year.

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

#### **Rate Conversion Chart**

Use this chart if you are eligible to claim a credit for local taxes paid outside of Indiana. See Schedule 6, line 1 instructions on page 26 for more information.

	Α	В
County		Nonresident
Adams	.006	.0015
Allen	.006	.0015
Bartholomew	.01	.0025
Benton	.02	.0025
Blackford	.01	.0025
Boone	.01	.0025
Brown	.0195	.0025
Carroll	.014*	.0025
Cass	.01	.0025
Clark	.0104167*	.0025
Clay	.0133333*	.0025
Clinton	.015*	.0025
Crawford	.0075	.0025
Daviess	.0125	.0025
Dearborn	.006	.0015
Decatur	.01	.0025
DeKalb	.01	.0025
Delaware	.006	.0015
Dubois	.006	.0015
Elkhart	.0125	.0025
Fayette	.02	.005
Floyd	.0075	.0025
Fountain	.01	.0025
Franklin	.01	.0025
Fulton	.015*	.0025
Gibson	(Cannot take cre	
Grant	.0125*	.003125*
Greene	.01	.0025
Hamilton	.01	.0025
Hancock	.01	.0025
Harrison	.0075	.0025
Hendricks	.01	.0025
Henry	.01	.0025
Howard	.014	.0035
Huntington	.0135*	.0025
Jackson	.011	.0025
Jasper	.028	.0025
Jay	.0195	.0025
Jefferson	(Cannot take cre	
Jennings	.01	.0025
Johnson	.01	.0025
Knox	.006	.0015
Kosciusko	.007	.00175
LaGrange	.01	.0025
Lake	NA	NA
LaPorte	.005	.0025
Lawrence	.011875*	.0025
Madison	.0129167*	.0026042*

County	A Resident	B Nonresident
Marion	.0162*	.00405*
Marshall	.0125	.00403
Martin	.008	.0025
Miami	.000	.00525*
Monroe	.021	.00260625*
Montgomery	.02	.00200025
Morgan	.02	.0025
Newton	.0245	.0025
Noble	.01	.0025
Ohio	.01	.0025
Orange	.01	.0025
Owen	.01	.0025
Parke	.019875*	.0025
Perry	.005	.00125
Pike	(Cannot take	
Porter	(Cannot take	,
Posey	.00425*	.0010625*
Pulaski	.027	.0025
Putnam	.01	.0025
Randolph	.01	.0025
Ripley	.01	.0025
Rush	.01	.0025
St. Joseph	.007875*	.00196875*
Scott	.0125	.003125
Shelby	.01	.0025
Spencer	.003	.00075
Starke	.005	.0025
Steuben	.015*	.0025
Sullivan	(Cannot take	credit)**
Switzerland	.01	.0025
Tippecanoe	.006	.0015
Tipton	.01	.0025
Union	.0125	.0025
Vanderburgh	.01	.0025
Vermillion	(Cannot take	credit)**
Vigo	.0075	.0025
Wabash	.024	.0025
Warren	.018	.0025
Warrick	(Cannot take	credit)**
Washington	.01	.0025
Wayne	.0125	.0025
Wells	.0165	.0025
White	.01	.0025
Whitley	.01	.0025
	.01	.0020

\* These rates have changed since last year. \*\* Gibson Jefferson Pike Porter Sullivan Vé

Gibson, Jefferson, Pike, Porter, Sullivan, Vermillion and Warrick counties have adopted CEDIT only, not CAGIT or COIT.

NA Lake County has no county tax.

The credit is nonrefundable and cannot be carried back. You may carry forward any excess credit to the next tax year.

The allowable credit is the lesser of the available credit or the county tax due on line 9 of Form IT-40. Also, claim any unused amount (within certain limitations) on Schedule 6 under line 6 (see instructions for this credit on page 31).

Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204 for additional information.

Enter <u>808</u> under line 3 if claiming this credit.

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One **per Project** below for additional limitations.

#### Voluntary remediation credit 836

A voluntary remediation credit is available for qualified investments involving redevelopment of a brownfield and environmental remediation. The Indiana Department of Environmental Management and the Indiana Development Finance Authority must determine and certify that the costs incurred in a voluntary remediation are qualified investments. Upon approval, the credit may be used to offset adjusted gross income tax, county tax, etc.

For additional information, contact the Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indiana Government Center North, Room N 1101, 100 N Senate Ave., Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or call (317) 232-8827.

See the Voluntary remediation credit instructions for line 6 on page 36. **Note:** See the **Limitation** below.

Enter <u>8 3 6</u> under line 3 if claiming this credit.

# Restriction for certain tax credits – Limited to one per project

PL 199-2005 (IC 6-3.1-1-3) provides that a taxpayer may not be granted more than one credit for the same project. The credits that are included are the alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer credit, capital investment credit, community revitalization enhancement district credit, enterprise zone investment cost credit, Hoosier business investment credit, industrial recovery credit, military base investment cost credit, military base recovery credit and the venture capital investment credit.

For more information see Commissioner's Directive #29 at www.in.gov/dor/3617.htm

Apply this restriction first when figuring your credits. Then apply the following **Limitation**.

**Limitation:** There is one final limitation if you have entries on lines 1, 2 and/or 3 of Schedule 6. These credits, *when combined*, cannot be greater than the county tax shown on Form IT-40, line 9; if they are, adjust the amounts before you enter them. See the example.

Example.

- A line 1 credit for local taxes paid outside of Indiana of \$100, plus a line 2 county credit for the elderly of \$20, equals \$120.
- Your IT-40, line 9 county tax due is \$115.
- Since your combined credits are \$5 more than your county tax due, reduce your last entry (the \$20 county credit for the elderly) by \$5 to \$15.
- Enter \$15 on line 2.

#### Line 4 – College credit

If you donated money or property to an Indiana college or university, you may be able to take a credit of up to \$100 on a single return or \$200 on a joint return. To claim this credit you must complete and enclose Schedule CC-40. For additional information see Schedule CC-40 at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm and Income Tax Information Bulletin #14 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

**Important:** You must maintain documentation of your contributions. The Department can require you to provide this information at a later date.

**Note:** Tuition paid to a college or university is **not** a contribution, and does not qualify for this credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

#### Line 5 – Credit for taxes paid to other states

If you received income from another state while you were an Indiana resident, you must report that income on your Indiana income tax return. You may be able to take a credit for taxes paid to another state. If you had income from another state, and had to pay taxes to that state, read the following instructions carefully.

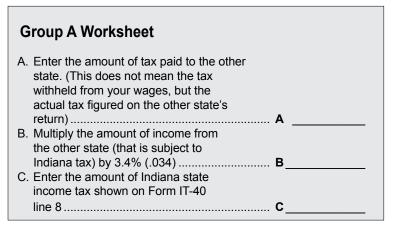
If you were an Indiana resident during 2009 and had income from any of the states listed in Group A below, you should first find out what the other state's rules are concerning the taxation of your income.

#### Group A

No Agreement (Credit taken on resident return)

Alabama	Maine	New York
Arkansas	Maryland	North Carolina
Colorado	Massachusetts	North Dakota
Connecticut	Minnesota	Oklahoma
Delaware	Mississippi	Rhode Island
Georgia	Missouri	South Carolina
Hawaii	Montana	Tennessee*
Idaho	Nebraska	Utah
Illinois	New Hampshire*	Vermont
Iowa	New Jersey	Virginia
Kansas	New Mexico	West Virginia
Louisiana	Any foreign countries or U.S. possessions	

\*(Capital gain, interest, and dividends only.)



The *lesser* of the amounts on A, B or C is your allowable credit for taxes paid to other states. You **must** enclose a copy of the income tax return (not just the W-2 forms) you filed with the other state to claim this credit. If the other state's return is not enclosed, the credit will not be allowed. Likewise, if you have a foreign tax credit, complete the Group A Worksheet and federal Form 1116. If Form 1116 was not required, enclose Forms 1099-INT and/or 1099-DIV (or a substitute statement) to verify the foreign tax and amount of income being taxed.

*Example.* Ryan reported \$10,000 Illinois-source wage income on the Illinois nonresident individual income tax return, and paid \$300 tax to Illinois on that income. His Indiana state tax liability from line 8 of Form IT-40 is \$870.

He will enter the following information on the Group A Worksheet.

- A. \$300 (tax paid to Illinois)
- B. \$340 (\$10,000 x .034, tax due to Indiana)
- C. \$870 (Form IT-40 line 8)

Ryan's credit is \$300, which is the lesser of A, B and C.

**Exception: Gambling winnings** from other states. If you're not required to file another state's income tax return to report gambling winnings from that state, enclose the W-2G issued by that state. Use the amount of state tax withheld by that state on Line A of the Group A Worksheet.

#### Group B

<b>Reciprocal Agreement</b> (Wages, Salaries, Tips, and Commissions Only)				
Kentucky	Michigan	Ohio		
Pennsylvania	Wisconsin			

If you were an Indiana resident during 2009 and had income from one of the states listed in Group B, you are covered by a reciprocal agreement. However, this agreement only applies to income from wages, salaries, tips and commissions. If you had other types of income from these states (such as business income, farm income, etc.), use the Group A Worksheet to figure your credit.

Normally, employers in these states will withhold Indiana state tax from your wages because of the reciprocal agreement. However, if the state

tax they withheld is not for Indiana, you must file a claim for refund with that state. You still have to include this income on your Indiana return and pay the Indiana tax. You'll get some or all of the other state's taxes back by filing a refund claim with them.

**Note:** Winnings from Indiana **riverboats** are not eligible for the reciprocal agreement.

**Caution:** You may have to make estimated tax payments to Indiana. If the reciprocal state employer does not withhold Indiana withholding on your wage income, or doesn't withhold enough, see page 9 for information on how to figure and pay estimated tax.

If you were a full-year resident of one of the reciprocal states and your income from Indiana was from wages, salaries, tips and commissions, you should file Form IT-40RNR, Reciprocal Nonresident Income Tax Return. If you were a resident of one of the reciprocal states and had other types of income from Indiana, or were a part-year Indiana resident, you will need to file Form IT-40PNR.

#### Group C

**Reverse Credit** (Credit taken on nonresident return) Arizona California Oregon Washington D.C.

If you were an Indiana resident during 2009 and had income from one of the states in Group C, you must pay Indiana tax on all your income. You will also need to file a nonresident return with the other state and claim a credit on their tax return for the Indiana tax paid.

#### Group D

No State Income Tax (No credit allowed) Alaska Florida Nevada South Dakota Texas Washington Wyoming

If you were an Indiana resident during 2009 and had income from one of the states in Group D, you are not allowed to claim this credit. These states do not have an income tax. You must file an Indiana resident return and pay Indiana tax on all your income.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

#### Line 6 – Other credits

Each of the following credits has been assigned a three-digit code number. When claiming the credit on Schedule 6 under line 6, enter the name of the credit, the three-digit code number and the amount claimed.

*Example*. Enter the following information on line 6a to claim a \$500 blended biodiesel credit, and on line 6b to claim a \$275 Capital Investment Credit:

6a.	Blended biodiesel credit	803	6a	500
6b.	Capital investment credit	804	6b	275

### About airport development zone credits

Certain areas within Indiana have been designated as airport development zones (ADZ). These zones are established to encourage investment and job growth in distressed urban areas.

## Who is eligible to claim these credits?

The following are eligible to claim the airport development zone employment expense credit and/or the airport development zone loan interest credit:

- Sole proprietors who operate and/or invest in a business located in a zone, and/or
- Businesses organized as partnerships, S corporations and fiduciaries (who may pass through airport development zone credits to their partners or shareholders).

Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc for more information about these credits.

# Following are the three available airport development zone credits:

# Airport development zone employment expense credit 800

This credit is based on qualified investments made within Indiana. It is the lesser of 10 percent of qualifying wages, or \$1,500 per qualified employee, up to the amount of tax liability on income derived from the airport development zone.

For more information, and how to calculate this credit, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and Indiana Schedule EZ, Parts 1, 2 and 3 at www.in.gov/dor/3515.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

**Note:** A substitute Schedule EZ for the ADZ must be enclosed if claiming this credit.

Enter <u>800</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

# Airport development zone investment cost credit 801

This credit is based on qualified investments made within Indiana. It can be up to a maximum of 30 percent of the investment, depending on the number of employees, the type of business and the amount of investment in an airport development zone.

For more information about this credit see Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>801</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Airport development zone loan interest credit 802

This credit can be for up to five percent of the interest received from all qualified loans made during a tax year for use in an Indiana airport development zone.

For more information on how to calculate this credit, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and Indiana Schedule LIC at www.in.gov/dor/3515.htm Enclose a substitute Schedule LIC (as modified to reflect ADZ entries) if claiming this credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>80</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

# Alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer credit 845

A credit is available for qualified investments made within Indiana that foster job creation, reduce dependency on foreign oil and reduce pollution.

A person that proposes a project to manufacture or assemble alternative fuel vehicles may apply to the Indiana Economic Development Corporation before the qualified investment is made. A certificate of verification from the IEDC must be enclosed when claiming the credit.

For additional information, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc Also, get Income Tax Information Bulletin #103 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

**Note:** See the **Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project** on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 4 5</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Blended biodiesel credit 803

Credits are available for taxpayers who produce biodiesel and/ or blended biodiesel at an Indiana facility, and for dealers who sell blended biodiesel at retail. Pass-through entities are eligible for this credit. An approved Form BD-100 must be enclosed to verify the claimed credit.

For more information, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, Biodiesel Credit Certification, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc Also, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #91 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm for additional information.

#### Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{0} \underline{3}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Capital investment credit 804

A pass-through entity is eligible for a capital investment cost credit. This credit is based on certain qualified capital investments made in Shelby County.

For information regarding the definitions, procedures and qualifications for obtaining this credit, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, Enterprise Zone Board, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 0 4</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit and enclose proof of your investment.

# Indiana's CollegeChoice 529 education savings plan credit 837

You may be eligible for a credit for contributions made to Indiana's CollegeChoice 529 education savings plan. While there are many 529 college savings plans available both in Indiana and nation-wide, only contributions made to this specific *CollegeChoice 529 education savings plan* are eligible for this credit.

For more information about this credit, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #98 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm This plan is administered through the Indiana Education Savings Authority. More information can be obtained online at www.in.gov/iesa and at www.collegechoiceplan.com See Schedule IN-529 at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm to figure your credit. This schedule must be enclosed when claiming the credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 3 7</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Coal combustion product credit 805

A manufacturer who uses coal combustion products (byproduct resulting from the combustion of coal in an Indiana facility) for the manufacturing of recycled components may be eligible for this credit. Pass-through entities are eligible for this credit. An approved Form CCP-100 must be enclosed to verify the claimed credit.

**Note:** A taxpayer that obtains a property tax deduction for investment property purchased by the manufacturer of coal combustion products is not eligible for this credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

For more information, contact the Indiana Department of Revenue, Coal Combustion Credit, Room N203, 100 N. Senate Ave., Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or call (317) 232-2339.

Enter <u>8 0 5</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Coal gasification technology investment credit 806

A credit may be available for a qualified investment in an integrated coal gasification power plant or a fluidized bed combustion technology.

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

You must file an application for certification with the Indiana Economic Development Corporation (IEDC). For more information, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

Also, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #99 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>806</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit. Enclose the certificate of compliance issued by IEDC to support this credit.

# Community revitalization enhancement district credit 808

See the Schedule 6 line 3 instructions for details about this credit. This credit is available to offset **both** your state and local tax liabilities, and any unused remainder is available to be carried forward. Pass-through entities are eligible for this credit.

If you did not use all of the available community revitalization enhancement district credit on Schedule 6, line 3, the remaining credit should be claimed on this line.

**Note:** If you have not used all of the community revitalization enhancement district credit, the unused portion should be carried over to next year's tax return.

For more information, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

**Note:** See the **Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project** on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>808</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Employer health benefit plan credit 842

A credit is available to certain employers who begin offering health insurance to their employees.

An employer who did not provide health insurance to his employees prior to Jan. 1, 2008, and makes health insurance available to his employees may be eligible for a credit. The credit can be as much as \$2,500.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

For more information see Income Tax Information Bulletin #101 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{4} \underline{2}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Energy Star heating and cooling equipment tax credit 844

For tax years beginning in 2009 through Dec. 31, 2010, there is a nonrefundable energy savings tax credit available for buying certain Energy Star heating and cooling equipment. This equipment must be rated for energy efficiency under the federal Energy Star program, and includes:

- a furnace;
- a water heater;
- central air conditioning;
- a room air conditioner; and
- a programmable thermostat.

Who may claim the credit? A single individual or a married couple who file a joint income tax return (individuals married and filing separately are not eligible to claim the credit).

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

The credit is equal to the lesser of 20 percent of the amount spent on Energy Star equipment in a taxable year, or \$100. For more information, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #100 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{4} \underline{4}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

### About enterprise zone credits

Certain areas within Indiana have been designated as enterprise zones. Enterprise zones are established to encourage investment and job growth in distressed urban areas. Current enterprise zones are located in portions of the following cities/locations:

Bedford	Hammond	New Albany
Bloomington	Indianapolis	Portage
Connersville	Jeffersonville	Richmond
Elkhart	Kokomo	River Ridge Dev. Auth.
Evansville	Lafayette	Salem
Fort Harrison	LaPorte	South Bend
Fort Wayne	Marion	Vincennes
Frankfort	Michigan City	
Grissom Aeroplex	Mitchell	

Use this Web site to look up contact information for a particular enterprise zone: www.in.gov/dor/3621.htm

In addition, see enterprise zone maps at www.in.gov/dor/3622.htm

The following are eligible to claim the enterprise zone employment expense credit and/or the enterprise zone loan interest credit:

- Sole proprietors who operate and/or invest in a business located in a zone.
- Partnerships.
- S corporations.
- Fiduciaries. •
- Pass-through entities.

Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc for more information about these credits.

### Following are the three available enterprise zone credits:

#### Enterprise zone employment expense credit 812

This credit is based on qualified investments made within Indiana. It is the lesser of 10 percent of qualifying wages, or \$1,500 per qualified employee, up to the amount of tax liability on income derived from the enterprise zone.

For more information see Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and Indiana Schedule EZ, Parts 1, 2 and 3 at www.in.gov/dor/3515.htm Also, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

Note: Schedule EZ must be enclosed if claiming this credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 1 2</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Enterprise zone investment cost credit 813

This credit is based on qualified investments made within Indiana. It can be up to a maximum of 30 percent of the investment, depending on the number of employees, the type of business and the amount of investment in an enterprise zone.

For more information about this credit, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, or visit their Web site at: www.in.gov/iedc

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 1 3</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Enterprise zone loan interest credit 814

This credit can be for up to five percent of the interest received from all qualified loans made during a tax year for use in an Indiana enterprise zone.

For more information, and how to calculate this credit, get Income Tax Information Bulletin #66 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm and Indiana Schedule LIC at www.in.gov/dor/3515.htm **Note:** Schedule LIC must be enclosed if claiming this credit. Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc for additional information.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{1} \underline{4}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Ethanol production credit 815

An Indiana facility with a capacity to produce 40 million gallons of grain ethanol per year may be eligible for this credit. Proof of information for the credit calculation, plus a copy of the Certificate of Qualified Facility issued by the Indiana Recycling and Energy Development Board, must be enclosed to verify this credit.

This credit is available to pass-through entities, such as members of partnerships and S corporations.

File an Application for Ethanol Credit Certification, State Form 52302, with the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, Ethanol Credit Certification, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call them at (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc for additional information. Also, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #93 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm for more information.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8</u> <u>1</u> <u>5</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Headquarters relocation credit 818

A business with annual worldwide revenue of \$100 million, and at least 75 employees, that relocates its corporate headquarters to Indiana may be eligible for a credit. The credit may be as much as 50 percent of the cost incurred in relocating the headquarters.

For more information, including limitations and the application process, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #97 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{1} \underline{8}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Historic building rehabilitation credit 819

An historic building rehabilitation credit is available for the rehabilitation or preservation of an historic building that is listed on the Indiana Register of Historic Sites and Structures, is at least 50 years old and is income-producing. The cost of rehabilitation or preservation must also exceed \$10,000. A credit of 20 percent of the cost of the qualified rehabilitation or preservation expenses may be taken against your state income tax liability. Any unused balance of the credit may be carried forward for up to 15 years.

Those eligible to claim this credit include an individual, corporation, S corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, nonprofit organization and/or joint venture.

To qualify for the credit, you must obtain certification from the Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology, Indiana Department of Natural Resources. For additional information, you may call the Department of Natural Resources at (317) 232-1646, visit their Web site at www.in.gov/dnr/historic and see Income Tax Information Bulletin #87 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 1 9</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit and enclose the certification from the Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology to your return.

#### Hoosier business investment credit 820

This credit is for qualified investments, which include the purchase of new telecommunications, production, manufacturing, fabrication, processing, refining or finishing equipment. Pass-through entities are eligible for this credit.

This credit is administered by the Indiana Economic Development Corporation (IEDC), One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204. Visit the IEDC Web site at www.in.gov/iedc or call (317) 234-4046 for additional information.

Also, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #95 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

**Note:** See the **Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One Per Project** on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 2 0</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit. The taxpayer is required to submit to the Department a copy of the certificate from the IEDC verifying their share of the tax credit.

#### Indiana's research expense credit 822

Indiana has a research expense credit that is similar to the federal credit for research and experimental expenses paid in carrying on your trade or business in Indiana.

S corporations and partnerships may pass through the credit to their shareholders and partners. Enclose your schedule IN K-1 to support your claim.

A completed Form IT-20REC must be kept with your records as the Department can require you to provide this information. Get Form IT-20REC at www.in.gov/dor/4179.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 2 2</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Individual development account credit 823

A credit is available for contributions made to a community development corporation participating in an Individual Development Account (IDA) program. The IDA program is designed to assist qualifying low-income residents to accumulate savings and build personal finance skills.

The organization must have an approved program number from the Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority before a contribution qualifies for pre-approval.

The credit is equal to 50 percent of the contribution, which must not be less than \$100 and not more than \$50,000. S corporations and partnerships may take this credit and pass through the unused portion to their shareholders and partners.

Applications for the credit are filed through the community development corporation by using Form IDA-10/20. An approved Form IDA-20 must be enclosed with your return if claiming this credit.

To request additional information about the definitions, procedures and qualifications for obtaining this credit, contact: Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority, 30 S. Meridian St., Suite 1000, Indianapolis, IN 46204, telephone number (317) 232-7777.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Keep the approval certification from IEDC or letter of assignment with your records as the Department can require you to provide this information.

Enter  $\underline{8} \underline{2} \underline{3}$  under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Industrial recovery credit 824

This credit is based on a taxpayer's qualified investment in a vacant industrial facility located in a designated industrial recovery site. If the Indiana Economic Development Corporation approves the application and the plan for rehabilitation, you are entitled to a credit based on the "qualified investment."

For additional information regarding procedures for obtaining this credit, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

**Note:** See the **Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project** on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 2 4</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Maternity home credit 825

A credit is allowed for maternity homeowners who provide a temporary residence to at least one unrelated pregnant woman, for at least 60 consecutive days during her pregnancy. The maternity home owner must file an application annually with the State Department of Health to be eligible to claim this credit. A copy of the approved maternity home application must be enclosed with your tax return before the credit can be taken.

Contact the Maternal and Child Health Division at 2 N. Meridian St. 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Indianapolis, IN 46204, or call (317) 233-1253 to obtain an application and more information about this credit.

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 2 5</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Military base investment cost credit 826

This credit is available for certain taxpayers who provide for a qualified investment in a business located in a military base, a military base reuse area, an economic development area, a military base recovery site or a military base enhancement area. The amount of the credit depends on the type of business, the number of jobs created and the amount of the investment. The maximum amount of the credit may not exceed 30 percent of the investment.

For more information about this credit, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation at One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

You must keep documentation of the qualified investment and certification of the percentage credit allowed by the Indiana Economic Development Corporation as the Department can require you to provide this information.

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 2 6</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Military base recovery credit 827

A taxpayer who is an owner or developer of a military base recovery site may be eligible for a credit if investing in the rehabilitation of real property located in a military base recovery site according to a plan approved by the Indiana Economic Development Corporation (IEDC).

For more information about this credit, contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation at One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 232-8827, or visit their Web site at www.in.gov/iedc

**Note:** See the **Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One per Project** on page 36 for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 2 7</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit. You must enclose approval certification from IEDC or a letter of assignment with your return.

#### Neighborhood assistance credit 828

If you made a contribution or engaged in activities to upgrade areas in Indiana, you may be able to claim a credit for this assistance. Contact the Indiana Housing & Community Development Authority, Neighborhood Assistance Program, 30 S. Meridian, Suite 1000, Indianapolis, IN 46204, telephone number (317) 232-7777, for more information.

Form NC-20 must be enclosed to claim this credit.

Pass-through entities are eligible for the credit.

**Note:** Do not report fees paid to your neighborhood association on this line. They are not eligible for this credit.

For more information about this credit, see Form NC-10 at www.in.gov/dor/3508.htm and Income Tax Information Bulletin #22 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 2 8</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Prison investment credit 829

A credit is allowed for amounts invested in Indiana prisons to create jobs for prisoners. The amount is limited to 50 percent of the investment in a qualified project approved by the Department of Corrections (DOC), plus 25 percent of the wages paid to inmates.

Pass-through entities are eligible for the credit.

For additional information, contact the Indiana Department of Correction, Office of the Commissioner, Indiana Government Center South, Room E334, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 2 9</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit and enclose verification provided from the DOC.

#### Residential Historic Rehabilitation Credit 831

A credit is available for the repair and rehabilitation of historic residential property that is at least 50 years old and will be used as your primary residence.

For more information about this credit, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #87A at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm Also, contact the Department of Natural Resources, Historic Preservation and Archaeology Division, Indiana Government Center South, Room W-274, Indianapolis, IN 46204, call (317) 232-1646, or visit www.in.gov/dnr/historic

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 3 1</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Riverboat building credit 832

A tax credit has been established for any individual or company that builds or refurbishes a riverboat licensed to conduct legal gambling in Indiana. This credit is equal to 15 percent of the qualified investment and can be carried forward to subsequent tax years. The Indiana Economic Development Corporation (IEDC) must approve the costs of the qualified investment BEFORE the costs are incurred. Contact the Indiana Economic Development Corporation, Development Finance Division, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, call (317) 234-0616, or visit www.in.gov/iedc for additional information.

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 3 2</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit. Enclose certification from IEDC, credit assignment and proof of investment with your return.

# Small employer qualified wellness program credit 843

A credit is available to small employers offering a qualified wellness program to its employees. A small employer must be actively engaged in business and have at least two but not more than 100 employees. A majority of the employees must be working in Indiana.

S corporations and partnerships may take this credit and pass through the unused portion to their shareholders and partners.

A copy of the certificate issued by the State Department of Health (www.in.gov/isdh) must be kept with your records as the Department can require you to provide this information.

For more information, see Income Tax Information Bulletin #102 at www.in.gov/dor/3650.htm

Note: See the Additional Limitation on page 36.

Enter <u>8 4 3</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Teacher summer employment credit 833

If you hire designated shortage certified teachers during the summer vacation, you may be able to take a credit. The qualified positions must be certified by the Department of Education, and the qualified position certificate must be enclosed with your tax return before the credit can be approved.

Contact the Department of Education at (317) 232-6676 for more information about this credit. For additional information, visit the Department of Education's Web site at www.doe.state.in.us/legal

Note: See the Additional Limitation in the next column.

Enter <u>8 3 3</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Twenty-first century scholars program credit 834

A credit is allowed for contributions made to the Twenty-First Century Scholars Program Support Fund. The credit is equal to 50 percent of the contributions made during the tax year up to a maximum limit of \$100 for a single return and \$200 for a joint return. To claim this credit, you must complete and enclose Schedule TCSP-40. Get a Schedule TCSP-40 at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm

Detailed information about the scholarship program, registration and administration may be obtained by calling the office of the Twenty-First Century Scholars Program at (317) 233-2100.

Note: This credit is not the same as the College Credit.

Note: See the Additional Limitation in the next column.

Enter <u>8 3 4</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Venture capital investment credit 835

A taxpayer that provides qualified investment capital to a qualified Indiana business may be eligible for this credit.

Certification for this credit must be obtained from the Indiana Economic Development Corporation Development Finance Office, VCI Credit Program, One North Capitol, Suite 700, Indianapolis, IN 46204, telephone number (317) 232-8827, or visit www.in.gov/iedc

Note: See the Restriction for Certain Tax Credits - Limited to One **per Project** in the next column for additional limitations.

Enter <u>8 3 5</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

### Voluntary remediation credit 836

See the Schedule 6, line 3, instructions on page 25 for details about this credit. This credit is available to offset **both** your state and local tax liabilities. Pass-through entities are eligible for this credit.

If you did not use all of the available voluntary remediation credit on Schedule 6, line 3, the remaining credit should be claimed on this line. Contact the Indiana Department of Environmental Management, Indiana Government Center North, Room N1101, Indianapolis, IN, 46204, for additional information.

Note: See the Additional Limitation below.

Enter <u>8 3 6</u> under line 6 if claiming this credit.

#### Restriction for Certain Tax Credits -Limited to One per Project

PL 199-2005 provides that a taxpayer may not be granted more than one credit for the same project. The credits that are included are the alternative fuel vehicle manufacturer credit, capital investment credit, community revitalization enhancement district credit, enterprise zone investment cost credit, Hoosier business investment credit, industrial recovery credit, military base investment cost credit, military base recovery credit and the venture capital investment credit.

Apply this restriction first when figuring your credits. Then apply the following **Additional Limitation**.

**Additional Limitation:** There is one final limitation if you have entries on lines 4 through 6 of Schedule 6. These credits, *when combined*, cannot be greater than the state adjusted gross income tax shown on Form IT-40 line 8; if they are, adjust the amounts before you enter them. See the following example.

*Example.* The line 4 college credit of \$200 plus the line 5 credit for taxes paid to other states of \$300 equals a \$500 total credit. Your IT-40 line 8 state adjusted gross income tax due is \$360. Since your combined credits are \$140 more than your state tax due, reduce your last entry (the \$300 credit for taxes paid to other states) by the \$140 difference to \$160. Enter \$160 on line 5, and keep an explanation showing your calculations with your records as the Department can require you to provide this information.

# Schedule 7: Additional Required Information

#### Line 1 – Federal filing information

You must place an "X" in the "yes" or "no" box to answer the question: "Are you filing a federal income tax return for 2009?"

#### Line 2 – Out-of-state income information

If you and/or your spouse worked in Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania and/or Wisconsin during 2009, complete this area. Enter the salary, wage, tip and/or commission income from those states in the appropriate boxes and the 2-digit code number for the appropriate state in the boxes. Find the 2-digit code number on the chart below.

State	Use Code #	State	Use Code #
Illinois Kentucky	94 95	Ohio Pennsylvania	97 98
Michigan	96	Wisconsin	99

**Note:** This entry is for information purposes only, and will not change your refund or the amount you may owe.

## Line 3 – Extension of time to file information

Place an "X" in the box on line 3a if you have a valid federal extension of time to file (federal Form 4868 or Form 2350). Place an "X" in the box on line 3b if you have a valid Indiana extension of time to file, Form IT-9.

## Line 4 – Farmers and fishermen

Farmers and fishermen have special filing considerations. If at least two-thirds (2/3) of your gross income is from farming or fishing, mark the box provided on the back of the tax return. This will make sure that a penalty for the underpayment of estimated tax is not assessed provided you have followed through by:

- Paying all your estimated tax on or by Jan. 15, 2010, and filing your Form IT-40 by April 15, 2010, **or**
- Filing your Form IT-40 by March 1, 2010, and paying all the tax due at that time. You are not required to make an estimated tax payment if you use this option.

# Important: If you have checked the box, you <u>must</u> enclose the completed Schedule IT-2210 to support your claim.

## Line 5 – Date of death

If the taxpayer and/or spouse died during 2009, and this return is being filed with his/her name on it, make sure to enter the month and day of death in the appropriate box. For example, a date of death of Jan. 9, 2009, would be entered as 01/09/2009. See instructions on page 7 for more information.

**Note:** If the taxpayer and/or spouse died before 2009, or after Dec. 31, 2009, but before filing his or her tax return, do not enter his/her date of death in this box.

## Line 6 – Telephone and e-mail address information

If this is a joint return, both you and your spouse must sign and date the tax return. Please enter your daytime telephone number so we can call you if we have any questions about your tax return. Also, enter your e-mail address if you would like us to be able to contact you by e-mail.

## Personal representative information

Typically, the Department will contact you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) if there are any questions or concerns about your tax return. If you wish to allow the Department to discuss your tax return with someone else (e.g. the person who prepared it, a relative or friend, etc.), you will need to complete this area.

First, you must check the "Yes" box, which follows the sentence, "I authorize the Department to discuss my tax return with my personal representative."

Next, enter:

- The name of the individual you are designating as your personal representative,
- That person's telephone number, and
- That person's complete address.

If you complete this area, you are authorizing the Department to be in contact with someone other than you concerning information about this tax return.

**Note:** If you are due a refund, it will be paid to you (and your spouse, if filing jointly) even if you designate a personal representative.

You may decide at any time to **revoke** the authorization for the Department to speak with your personal representative. You will need to provide a signed statement indicating you revoke this authorization. Include your name, Social Security number and the year of your tax return. Mail your statement to Indiana Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 40, Indpls., IN. 46206-0040.

## **Paid Preparer Information**

Have your paid preparer complete this area (even if the paid preparer is the same individual designated as your personal representative).

The paid preparer must provide:

- The name of the firm that he/she represents,
- His/her identification number, and
- Firm's address or his/her address if self-employed.

### **Opt-Out Designation**

There are many benefits to electronic filing, which include:

- Elimination of math errors.
- Faster refunds.
- Fast and free filing (with the state's I-File program).

Paid preparers are required to electronically file all Indiana individual income-tax returns if they prepare more than 100 tax returns annually. If you use a paid preparer and do not want your tax return to be filed electronically, you must complete a state Form IN-OPT. This form requires your signature (and your spouse's, if filing jointly), and must be maintained by your paid preparer with his or her records. Get Form IN-OPT at www.in.gov/dor/4167.htm for more information.

Make sure you keep a copy of your completed tax return, including all required enclosures, such as W-2s and schedules.

## County Tax Schedule CT-40: Line-by-Line Instructions

Complete Schedule CT-40 if, on Jan. 1, 2009, you and your spouse (if filing a joint return) lived and/or worked in an Indiana county that has a tax. As of Jan. 1, 2009, Lake County\* was the only county in Indiana that did not have a county tax.

\*While Lake County had not adopted a county tax by the time this booklet was printed, the county may have by year's end. See *Special Instructions for Lake County Residents* on page 41 if you lived in Lake County on Jan. 1, 2009.

You are not required to enclose Schedule CT-40 with your return if, on Jan. 1, 2009, you were:

- Single or married filing separately and did not live in Lake County or Perry County, or
- Married filing jointly and each lived in the same county, unless one or both of you lived in Lake County or Perry County.

You are required to enclose Schedule CT-40 if you are subject to county tax and you have any other filing situation.

## County where you lived defined

The county where you lived is the county where you maintained your home on Jan. 1, 2009. If you had more than one home in Indiana on this date, then your county of residence as of Jan. 1, 2009, was:

- Where you were registered to vote. If this did not apply, then your county of residence was
- Where your personal automobile was registered. If this did not apply, then your county of residence was
- Where you spent the majority of your time in Indiana during 2009.

## Did you move during the year?

If you moved to another Indiana county after Jan. 1, 2009, the county where you lived for tax purposes *will not change until next year*.

If, on Jan. 1, 2009, you lived in a county that has a tax, then you will owe county tax on all of your Indiana adjusted gross income.

If, on Jan. 1, 2009, you lived in a county that doesn't have a tax, then county tax will be figured on your income from your principal employment if the county where you worked on Jan. 1, 2009, has a tax (see definition below).

## County where you worked defined

The county where you worked (county of principal employment) is the county where your main place of business was located or where your main work activity was performed on Jan. 1, 2009. If you began working in another county after Jan. 1, 2009, the county where you worked for tax purposes *will not change until next year*. *Example.* Jessie worked in Marion County on Jan. 1, 2009. She quit that job and began a new one in Johnson County on Feb. 10, 2009. She will enter the Marion County two-digit code (49) as the county where she worked even though she changed jobs during the year.

If you had more than one job on Jan. 1, 2009, your principal place of employment is the job where you worked the most hours and earned the most income.

If, on Jan. 1, 2009, your county of principal employment was *not* in Indiana, write county code **"00"** (out-of-state) in the *County Where You Worked* box on the front of the IT-40.

**Exception:** If you worked in any of the following states on Jan. 1, 2009, enter their two-digit code number (instead of **00**):

Use			Use
State	Code #	State	Code #
Illinois	94	Ohio	97
Kentucky	95	Pennsylvania	98
Michigan	96	Wisconsin	99

## Principal employment income

You must figure your principal employment income if, on Jan. 1, 2009, you *lived* in a county that did not have a tax, but *worked* in a county that *did* have a tax. Your principal employment income is income you earned from your main work activity (job) for the entire year. See the instructions for Section 2, line 1 on page 40 for more information.

### Military personnel

If you were stationed in Indiana, your county of residence is the county where you lived on January 1 of the year you entered the military service. If, on Jan. 1, 2009, you were stationed *outside* Indiana and your family was with you, write county code **"00"** (out-of-state) in all the county boxes on the IT-40 (you won't owe a county tax).

If, however, you maintained your home in an Indiana county and/or your spouse and family were still living in an Indiana county on Jan. 1, 2009, you are considered to be a resident of that county and will be subject to county tax.

## Retired persons, homemakers or unemployed

If you were retired, a homemaker, or were unemployed on Jan. 1, 2009, put your county of residence two-digit code number in *both* the Indiana County where you lived and Indiana County Where You Worked boxes on the IT-40. **Do not write the word "Retired,"** "Homemaker" or "Unemployed" over the boxes.

## Special note to married taxpayers filing a joint return

If you lived in different counties on Jan. 1, 2009, both of you need to figure your county tax separately on Section 1.

If both of you lived in a county on Jan. 1, 2009, that had no tax, but worked in a county that did have a tax, you must figure your tax separately on Section 2.

If only one of you is subject to county tax, then you may use all of the exemptions from Schedule 3, line 5, *except for your spouse's personal exemption*, to figure your tax. See Section 2: Line-by-Line Instructions below for more information.

## County Tax Schedule CT-40 Section 1: Line-by-Line Instructions

## Where did you live?

Did <u>you</u> live in a county on Jan. 1, 2009, that has a tax? If "yes", complete Section 1 for yourself, and skip Section 2. If your answer is "no", skip Section 1 and go to Section 2: Line-by-Line Instructions.

Did <u>your spouse</u> live in a county on Jan. 1, 2009, that has a tax? If yes, complete Section 1 for your spouse, and skip Section 2. If your answer is no, skip Section 1 and go to Section 2: Line-by-Line Instructions.

## Line 1

If you are filing a single return or are married filing separately, enter in Column A the state taxable income from line 7 of Form IT-40.

If you are filing a joint return and you both lived in the same county on Jan. 1, 2009<sup>1</sup>, enter in Column A the state taxable income from line 7 of Form IT-40. Leave Column B blank.

*Example.* On Jan. 1, 2009, Jack and Diane lived in the same county, and that county has a tax. They will enter their Form IT-40, line 7 combined state taxable income in Column A.

If you are filing a joint return and you and your spouse lived in different counties on Jan. 1, 2009, or if Lake County adopted a tax and you lived in different Lake County cities or towns on Jan. 1, 2009<sup>1</sup>, enter each person's share of state taxable income from Form IT-40, line 7 in the appropriate columns.

<sup>1</sup> Lake County residents should see the *Special Instructions for Lake County Residents* on page 41 for more information.

*Example.* Simon and Tina married in 2009 and are filing a joint return. On Jan. 1, 2009, Simon lived in Greene County and Tina lived in Clay County. Their Form IT-40 line 7 income of \$36,300 includes the following breakdown:

Simon:	\$20,000 wages
	+ $150 (1/2 \text{ joint interest income})$
	<u>- 1,000 exemption</u>
	\$ 19,150 income for CT-40 Section 1, line 1, Column A

Tina: \$18,000 wages

+ 150 (1/2 joint interest income)

- 1,000 exemption

\$ 17,150 income for CT-40 Section 1, line 1, Column B

*Example.* The circumstances are the same as the example above except that Tina lived in Lake County, which does not have a county tax. Simon would still enter his \$19,150 share of the Form IT-40 line 7 amount on CT-40 Section 1, line 1, Column A. However, Column B will be left blank since Tina won't owe a county tax.

## Line 2

If you claimed a non-Indiana locality earnings deduction on Schedule 2, line 8, enter that amount on this line in Column A. If you are completing Column B instead, and your spouse is the one taking this deduction, then enter it in Column B.

## Line 4

Find your county on the County Income Tax Chart on the back of Schedule CT-40. Find the rate from the *Resident Rate* column and enter it here.

*Important.* This year Indiana counties were allowed to adopt or increase their local income tax rates through Oct. 31, 2009. This publication was printed before that date. This means your county tax rate on the back of Schedule CT-40 may not be correct. We encourage you to contact us in one of the following ways to get an updated list of the rates before filing. To get the updated list, you may:

- Log on to the Department's Web site at: www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm
- Call the form order request line at (317) 615-2581 to have one mailed to you.
- Visit or call a district office. See page 42 for these locations.
- Call our main tax line at (317) 232-2240 Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and a representative will assist you.

Tax returns filed using the wrong rates will be adjusted. This may result in a reduced refund or an increase in the amount you owe.

## Line 6

Add the amounts from line 5, Columns A and B. If you were a Perry County resident and worked in the Kentucky counties of Breckinridge, Hancock or Meade, complete lines 7 and 8. Otherwise, enter the total here and on line 9.

## Line 7

Enter here the amount of income taxed by any of the Kentucky counties listed on line 6.

## Line 9

Subtract the amount on line 8 from the amount on line 6. Enter that amount here or, if there are no entries on those lines, enter the amount from line 6. Also, enter this amount on your IT-40, line 9.

## County Tax Schedule CT-40 Section 2: Line-by-Line Instructions

Complete Section 2 if, on Jan. 1, 2009, you were a resident of Lake County, Lake County did not adopt a tax, and you worked in a county that does have a county tax.

## Line 1

Enter your principal employment income for the year. This includes income from wages, tips, salaries and commissions; net self-employment income from federal Schedule C/C-EZ; federal Form 1065, Schedule K-1; and/or net farm income from federal Schedule F. **Do not** include passive-source income like non-business interest and dividends, pension, capital gains, farm rental, etc. Also, do not include income from a part-time job if you hold it at the same time you have a full-time job.

*Example.* During 2009, Jake received income from the following sources:

- \$15,000 from his full-time job (held for the entire year)
- \$1,850 from his part-time job
- \$50 non-business interest income
- \$800 pension income

Jake will enter his \$15,000 principal employment income on line 1.

If you had more than one job at different times during the year (not including part-time employment), add the income from those jobs and enter it here.

*Example.* Sarah had two full-time jobs during the year. She earned \$7,000 from her first job, which she held from January through April. She began a new job in May and worked through year's end, earning \$11,000. She should enter the \$18,000 combined amount here.

If you worked two or more jobs *at the same time*, enter the portion you earned from your main job.

*Example.* Daniel had two jobs at the same time. On Job #1 he worked 30 hours a week and earned \$270 a week. On Job # 2 he worked 10 hours a week and earned \$80 a week. Daniel should enter only the amount he earned from Job #1 (\$270 a week) as his principal employment income.

## Line 2

You may use certain deductions to lower the amount of income to be taxed. These deductions must have been claimed on your federal tax return and/or on Indiana Schedule 2, and <u>must</u> have a direct relationship to the income being taxed on line 1.

### Allowable deductions from your Indiana return can include:

- airport development zone employee deduction
- enterprise zone employee deduction
- active military pay deduction
- National Guard and reserve component member's deduction
- (Indiana) medical savings account deduction

### Allowable deductions from your federal return can include:

- educator expenses (if allowed on federal Form 1040)
- certain business expenses of reservists, performing artists and feebased government officials

- health savings account deduction
- moving expenses\*
- one-half self-employment tax
- SEP, SIMPLE and qualified plans
- self-employed health insurance deduction
- IRA deduction
- the deduction for the jury duty pay you gave to your employer
- Archer MSA deduction (if allowed on federal Form 1040).

Note: Do not include the domestic production activities deduction.

\* The moving expense deduction will be allowed only to the extent the income earned from that move is being taxed on Section 2, line 1.

*Example.* Ann's only income was \$21,000 in wage income, which she reported on line 1. She claimed a \$2,000 IRA deduction on her federal Form 1040. She should claim the \$2,000 IRA deduction on this line.

*Example.* Tim and Jane file a joint tax return and live in a county that does not have a tax. Jane does not owe county tax, but Tim does because his business is in a county that has a tax. She has a \$21,000 wage income and a \$1,400 moving expense. Tim has \$23,000 net income from his photography shop and claimed a \$700 self-employed SEP deduction. He will enter his \$23,000 income on line 1 of Section 2 and the \$700 SEP deduction on line 2 of Section 2. He's not eligible to take the moving expense deduction because the wage income that it is in relation to is not being taxed for county tax purposes.

## Line 4

If you are filing a single or married filing separately tax return, enter your total exemptions from Schedule 3, line 5. If you are filing a joint tax return, enter your exemption(s) (personal, over 65 and/or blind) included on Schedule 3, line 5. **Note:** You cannot claim your spouse's personal exemption. Exemptions for dependents can be claimed by either spouse, as long as the total of line 4, Columns A and B is not greater than your total exemptions on Schedule 3, line 5.

*Example.* On Jan. 1, 2009, Jack and Sue lived in a county that does not have a tax. Jack worked in a county that does have a tax. They claimed themselves and their dependent child for exemption purposes. They claimed \$4,500 in total exemptions (\$1,000 each plus an additional \$1,500 for their dependent child) on their tax return. Jack is allowed to use \$3,500, or all of the total exemptions except for Sue's \$1,000 personal exemption.

### Line 6

Find your county on the *County Income Tax Chart* on the back of Schedule CT-40. Find the rate from the *Nonresident Rate* column (the second column of rates over) and enter it here.

*Important.* This year Indiana counties were allowed to adopt or increase their local income tax rates through Oct. 31, 2009. This publication was printed before that date. This means your county tax rate on the chart on the back of Schedule CT-40 may not be correct. We

encourage you to contact us to get an updated list of the rates before filing. To get the updated list, you may:

- Log on to the Department's Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm
- Call the form order request line at (317) 615-2581 to have one mailed to you.
- Visit or call a district office. See page 42 for these locations.
- Call our main tax line at (317) 232-2240, Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and a representative will assist you.

Tax returns filed using the wrong rates will be corrected. This may result in a reduced refund or an increase in the amount you owe.

## Line 8

Add the amounts from line 7, Columns A and B. Enter the total here and on line 9 of Form IT-40.

**Note:** If you have figured a tax in Section 1 and Section 2, add the amounts from Section 1, line 9 and Section 2, line 8, and enter it on Form IT-40, line 9.

### **Special Instructions for Lake County Residents**

If you and/or your spouse lived in Lake County on Jan. 1, 2009, then read the following instructions.

For the 2009 tax year, Indiana counties were allowed to adopt or increase their county tax rates through Oct. 31, 2009. This publication was printed before that date. This means that even though no tax rates are listed with Lake County on the chart on the back of Schedule CT-40, the county may have adopted a local income tax before the end of the year.

To determine if Lake County did adopt a local income tax, you must contact us to get an updated list of the rates before filing. To get the updated list, you may:

- Log on to the Department's Web site at www.in.gov/dor/4156.htm
- Call the form order request line at (317) 615-2581 to have one mailed to you.
- Visit or call a district office. See page 42 for these locations.
- Call our main tax line at (317) 232-2240 Monday Friday, 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., and a representative will assist you.

If you find that Lake County <u>did not</u> adopt a tax (no resident or nonresident rates will be on the updated chart), skip the following information. Return to *Section 2: Line-by-Line Instructions* on page 39 to see if you owe tax to another county.

If you find that Lake County <u>has</u> adopted a county tax (resident and nonresident rates will be on the updated chart), you'll have to:

- complete Section 1 of Schedule CT-40, and
- enter information about where you lived.

If you lived in one of the following Lake County cities or towns on Jan. 1, 2009, enter the 4-digit code number associated with that location on Schedule CT-40. If you did not live within the city or town limits, or lived in another Lake County community not on the list, enter the 4-digit code number 4599.

Lake	Lake County Cities and Towns Chart			
4504	Cedar Lake	4529	Lowell	
4506	Crown Point	4530	Merrillville	
4511	Dyer	4531	Munster	
4512	East Chicago	4532	New Chicago	
4513	Gary	4540	Schererville	
4515	Griffith	4541	Schneider	
4516	Hammond	4546	St. John	
4518	Highland	4549	Whiting	
4519	Hobart	4550	Winfield	
4524	Lake Station	4599	Other Lake County Community	

## DISTRICT OFFICE LOCATIONS

### Indianapolis (Main Office)

Indiana Government Center North, Rm N105 100 N. Senate Avenue Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317) 232-2240

**Bloomington District Office** 410 Landmark Ave. Bloomington, IN 47403 (812) 339-1119

### **Clarksville District Office**

1446 Horn Street Clarksville, IN 47129 (812) 282-7729

Mailing address: P.O. Box 3249 Clarksville, IN 47131-3249

### **Columbus District Office**

3136 N. National Rd., Suite H Columbus, IN 47201 (812) 376-3049

### **Evansville District Office**

500 S. Green River Road Suite 202, Goodwill Building Evansville, IN 47715 (812) 479-9261

### Fort Wayne District Office

1415 Magnavox Way Suite 100 Fort Wayne, IN 46804 (260) 436-5663

### Kokomo District Office

117 East Superior Street Kokomo, IN 46901 (765) 457-0525

### Lafayette District Office

100 Executive Drive, Suite B Lafayette, IN 47905 (765) 448-6626

### **Merrillville District Office**

8368 Louisiana Ave., Suite A Merrillville, IN 46410 (219) 769-4267

### **Muncie District Office**

3640 N. Briarwood Lane, Suite 5 Muncie, IN 47304 (765) 289-6196

### South Bend District Office

1025 Widener Lane, Ste. B South Bend, IN 46614 (574) 291-8270

### **Terre Haute District Office**

30 N. 8th Street, 3rd Floor Terre Haute, IN 47807 (812) 235-6046

> District office business hours are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday - Friday.



Address and/or telephone numbers are subject to change. Check your local listings.

## **Indiana School Corporations**

The list below gives the school corporations within each county in Indiana. If you are unable to determine your correct school corporation, you should contact your county auditor for assistance. Please enter your four-digit number in the appropriate space on the front of your Indiana return.

### County

### Corporation Number and Name

### Adams

0015Adams Central Comm0025North Adams Community0035South Adams Schools

#### Allen

0125M.S.D. Southwest Allen Co0225Northwest Allen County0235Fort Wayne Community0255East Allen County

### Bartholomew

- 0365 Bartholomew Consolidated
- 0370 Flatrock-Hawcreek4215 Edinburgh Community

### Benton

0395	Benton Community
5995	South Newton
8535	TriCounty

### Blackford

0515	Blackford	Community
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#### Boone

0615	Western Boone County
0630	Zionsville Community Schools
0665	Lebanon Community Sch Corp

3055 Marion-Adams

### Brown

0670 Brown County Sch Corp

### Carroll

- 0750 Carroll Consolidated Sch Corp0755 Delphi Community Sch Corp1180 Rossville Consolidated
- 8565 Twin Lakes Sch Corp

### Cass

- 0815 Southeastern Sch Corp0875 Logansport Community0775 Pioneer Regional Sch Corp
- 2650 Caston Sch Corp

### Clark

0940 West Clark Community1000 Clarksville Community1010 Greater Clark County

### Clay

1125 Clay Community Schools2960 MSD Shakamak Schools

### Clinton

- 1150 Clinton Central Sch Corp
- 1160 Clinton Prairie Sch Corp1170 Frankfort Community
- 1180 Rossville Consolidated

### Crawford

1300 Crawford Co. Community

### Daviess

- 1315 Barr-Reeve Community
- 1375 North Daviess Comm Sch
- 1405 Washington Community

### Dearborn

1560 Sunman-Dearborn Comm1600 South Dearborn Comm1620 Lawrenceburg Comm

### Decatur

1655 Decatur Co Community1730 Greensburg Community

### DeKalb

1805 DeKalb County Eastern Community Sch Dist
1820 Garrett-Keyser-Butler Community
1835 DeKalb County Central United Sch Dist
7610 Hamilton Community

### Delaware

- 1875 Delaware Community1885 Harrison-Washington
- Community Sch Corp 1895 Liberty-Perry Community
- 1900 Cowan Comm Sch Corp
- 1910 Mt. Pleasant Township
- Community Sch Corp
- 1940 Daleville Community Schools1970 Muncie Community Schools
- 1976 Manele Commany School

### Dubois

- 2040 Northeast Dubois County 2100 Southeast Dubois County
- 2110 Southeast Dubois County 2110 Southwest Dubois County
- 2120 Greater Jasper Consolidated

### Elkhart

- 2155 Fairfield Comm Schools2260 Baugo Community Schools
- 2270 Concord Community Schools
- 2275 Middlebury Community Schools
- 2285 Wa-Nee Community Schools
- 2305 Elkhart Community Schools
- 2315 Goshen Community Schools

### Fayette

2395 Fayette County Sch Corp

### Floyd

2400 New Albany-Floyd County Consolidated Sch Corp

### Fountain

- 2435 Attica Consolidated Sch Corp2440 Covington Community
- 2455 Southeast Fountain

### Franklin

- 2475 Franklin Co Community6895 Batesville Community
- 7950 Union County

### Fulton

2645Rochester Community2650Caston Sch Corp4445Tippecanoe Valley5455Culver Community6620Eastern Pulaski

#### Gibson

- 2725 East Gibson Sch Corp
- 2735 North Gibson Sch Corp

Huntington

Jackson

Huntington Co Comm

Medora Community

Seymour Community

Kankakee Valley

Jay Sch Corp

Consolidated

Rensselaer Central

West Central Sch Corp

Tri-County Sch Corp

Madison Consolidated

Southwestern Jefferson

Jennings County Schools

Clark-Pleasant Comm

Center Grove Community

Edinburgh Community

Greenwood Community

Nineveh-Hensley-Jackson

Franklin Community

North Knox Sch Corp

South Knox Sch Corp

Wawasee Community

Warsaw Community

Whitko Community

Wa-Nee Community

Prairie Heights Comm

Westview Sch Corp

Lakeland Sch Corp

Hanover Community

River Forest Community

Merrillville Comm Schls

Crown Point Community

Lake Station Community

School City of Hammond

School Town of Highland

School Town of Munster

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Griffith Public Schools

School City of Hobart

Whiting School City

School City of East Chicago

Gary Community Sch Corp

Lake Central Sch Corp

Tri Creek Sch Corp

Lake Ridge Schools

Tippecanoe Valley

Triton Sch Corp

Vincennes Community

United

Brownstown Central Comm

Crothersville Community

3625

3640

3675

3695

3710

3785

3815

6630

8535

Jay

3945

3995

4000

4015

4145

4205

4215

4225

4245

4255

Knox

4315

4325

4335

4345

4415

4445

4455

2285

5495

4515

4525

4535

Lake

4580

4590

4600

4615

4645

4650

4660

4670

4680

4690

4700

4710

4720

4730

4740

4760

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LaGrange

Kosciusko

Jefferson

Jenninas

Johnson

Jasper

2765 South Gibson Sch Corp

### Grant

- 2815 Eastbrook Community 2825 Madison-Grant United
- 2825 Madison-Grant United2855 Mississinewa Community
- 2865 Marion Community
- 5625 Oak Hill United

#### Greene

- 2920 Bloomfield School District
- 2940 Eastern School District 2950 Linton-Stockton Sch Corp
- 2950 Linton-Stockton Sch Corp2960 MSD Shakamak Schools
- 2980 White River Valley School District

#### Hamilton

- 3005 Hamilton Southeastern
- 3025 Hamilton Heights Sch Corp3030 Westfield-Washington Schools
- 3055 Marion-Adams Schools
- 3060 Carmel Clay Schools
- 3070 Noblesville Schools

#### Hancock

3145

3160

3180

3190

1300

3295

3305

3315

3325

3330

3335

Henry

3405

3415

3435

3445 3455

6795

8305

3460

3470

3480

3490

3500

Howard

Harrison

Hendricks

3115 Southern Hancock Co Community Sch Corp

Eastern Hancock County

Community Sch Corp

Lanesville Community

North Harrison Comm

South Harrison Comm

North West Hendricks

Danville Community

Plainfield Community

Mill Creek Community

Blue River Valley Schools

Shenandoah School Corp

C A Beard Memorial Sch Corp

New Castle Community

Nettle Creek Sch Corp

Taylor Community

Western Sch Corp

Consolidated

Northwestern Sch Corp

Eastern Howard Comm

Kokomo-Center Township

Union Sch Corp

South Henry Sch Corp

Brownsburg Community

Avon Community Sch Corp

Crawford Co Community

3125 Greenfield Central Comm3135 Mt Vernon Community

## Indiana School Corporations Cont'd...

### County

Corporation Number and Name

### LaPorte

4770	Cass Township Schools
4790	Dewey Township Schools
4805	New Prairie United Sch Corp
4860	MSD New Durham Twp
4880	Prairie Township Schools
4925	Michigan City Area Schools
4940	South Central Community
4945	LaPorte Community

7150 John Glenn Sch Corp

#### Lawrence

5075 North Lawrence Comm5085 Mitchell Community

#### Madison

5245	Frankton-Lapel Comm
5255	South Madison Comm

- 5265 Alexandria Community
- 5275 Anderson Community 5280 Elwood Community
- 5280 Elwood Community 2825 Madison-Grant United

#### Marion

5300	MSD Decatur Township
5310	Franklin Township Comm
5330	MSD Lawrence Township
5340	MSD Perry Township
5350	MSD Pike Township
5360	MSD Warren Township
5370	MSD Washington Township
5375	MSD Wayne Township
5380	Beech Grove City Schools
5385	Indianapolis Public Schools
5400	Sch Town of Speedway

### Marshall

5455	Culver Community
5470	Argos Community School
5480	Bremen Public Schools
5485	Plymouth Community
5495	Triton Sch Corp
7150	John Glenn Sch Corp
7215	Union-North United

### Martin

5520 Shoals Community5525 Loogootee Community

### Miami

5615 Maconaquah Sch Corp5620 North Miami Consolidated

5625 Oak Hill United Sch Corp5635 Peru Community Schools

### Monroe

- 5705 Richland-Bean Blossom Community Sch Corp
- 5740 Monroe Co Community

### Montgomery

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- 5835North Montgomery Comm5845South Montgomery Comm
- 5855 Crawfordsville Comm Schools

#### Morgan

5900	Monroe-Gregg Sch Corp
5910	Eminence Consolidated
	Comm Sch Corp
5925	MSD Martinsville Sch Corp
5930	Mooresville Con Sch Corp
1755	Ninariah Hanglari Jaaliaan

4255 Nineveh-Hensley-Jackson United

### Newton

5945	North Newton Sch Corp
5995	South Newton Sch Corp

### Noble

6055	Central Noble Community
6060	East Noble Sch Corp
6065	West Noble Sch Corp
4535	Lakeland Sch Corp
8625	Smith-Green Comm Sch

### Ohio

6080 Rising Sun-Ohio County Community

### Orange

6145	Orleans Community Schools
6155	Paoli Community Sch Corp
6160	Springs Valley Comm

### Owen

6195 Spencer-Owen Comm6750 Cloverdale Community

### Parke

Southwest Parke Comm
Rockville Community
Turkey Run Community
Clay Community Schools

### Perry

6325	Perry Central Community
6340	Cannelton City Schools
6350	Tell City-Troy Township

### Pike

6445 Pike County Sch Corp

### Porter

- 6460 MSD Boone Township6470 Duneland Sch Corp
- 6510 East Porter County
- 6520 Porter Township
- 6530 Union Township6550 Portage Township Schools
- 6560 Valparaiso Community
- 4925 Michigan City Area

### Posey

- 6590 MSD Mount Vernon6600 MSD North Posey Co6610 New Harmony Town and
  - Township Con Sch

### Pulaski

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- 6620 Eastern Pulaski Comm6630 West Central Sch Corp
- 5455 Culver Community
- 7515 North Judson-San Pierre

### Putnam

6705 South Putnam Community

Tippecanoe

Lafayette Sch Corp

Tippecanoe Sch Corp

West Lafayette Comm

Northern Community

Evansville-Vanderburgh

North Vermillion Comm

South Vermillion Comm

Vigo County Sch Corp

MSD Wabash County

Wabash City Schools

MSD Warren County

Covington Community

Warrick County Sch Corp

Salem Community Schools

East Washington Sch Corp

West Washington Sch Corp

Nettle Creek Sch Corp

Centerville-Abington

Community Schools

Northeastern Wayne

Richmond Community

Southern Wells Comm

Northern Wells Comm

MSD Bluffton-Harrison

North White Sch Corp

Tri-County School Corp

Pioneer Regional Sch Corp

Smith-Green Comm Schls

Whitley Co. Con Schools

Whitko Community Sch Corp

Twin Lakes Sch Corp

Frontier Sch Corp

Western Wayne Schools

Manchester Community Schls

Benton Community Sch Corp

Tipton Community Sch Corp

Sch Tipton Co

Union County

Benton Community

7855

7865

7875

0395

7935

7945

Union

Vanderburgh

Vermillion

7950

7995

8010

8020

Vigo

8030

8045

8050

8060

8115

0395

2440

8130

8205

8215

8220

8305

8355

8360

8375

8385

Wells

8425

8435

8445

White

8515

8525

8535

8565

0775

8625

8665

4455

Whitley

Wayne

Warren

Warrick

Washington

Wabash

Tipton

- 6715 North Putnam Community6750 Cloverdale Community
- 6750 Cloverdale Community6755 Greencastle Community

### Randolph

- 6795 Union Sch Corp6805 Randolph Southern
- 6820 Monroe Central
- 6825 Randolph Central
- 6835 Randolph Eastern

### Ripley

- 6865 South Ripley Community6895 Batesville Community
- 6900 Jac-Cen-Del Community
- 6910 Milan Community Schools
- 1560 Sunman-Dearborn Comm

### Rush

- 6995 Rush County Schools
- 3455 C A Beard Memorial Sch Corp

### St. Joseph

- 7150 John Glenn Sch Corp
- 7175 Penn-Harris-Madison7200 Sch City of Mishawaka
- 7200 Sch City of Mishawaka7205 South Bend Community
- 7215 Union-North United Sch Dist
- 4805 New Prairie United Sch Corp

### Scott

7230 Scott Co Sch District No. 17255 Scott Co Sch District No. 2

## Shelby

- 7285 Shelby Eastern Schools
- 7350 Northwestern Consolidated
- 7360 Southwestern Consolidated7365 Shelbyville Central Schools
- 1655 Decatur Co Community

### Spencer

7385 North Spencer County7445 South Spencer County

### Starke

- 7495 Oregon-Davis Sch Corp
- 7515 North Judson-San Pierre

Hamilton Community Schools

MSD Steuben County

United Sch Dist

DeKalb County Central

Prairie Heights Comm

Northeast Sch Corp

Southwest Sch Corp

Switzerland County

- 7525 Knox Community Sch Corp5455 Culver Community
- 455 Culver Community

#### Steuben 7605 Fremont Community Schools

7610

7615

1835

4515

7645

7715

7775

Sullivan

Switzerland

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Where to get them: Automated information line
Where to get them: Automated information line

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Send to: Nongame Wildlife Fund, Division of Fish and Wildlife, W-273, 402 West Washington St., Indianapolis	City State Zip Code	Address	Name(s)	I (We) wish to donate \$ to the Indiana Nongame Wildlife Fund.	If you would like to make a donation to the Fund, you may donate all or a portion of your tax refund on line 17 of the IT-40. To make a direct donation, you can also complete the form below and mail it with a check or money order made payable to the Fund to: Nongame Wildlife Fund, Division of Fish and Wildlife, W-273, 402 West Washington St., Indianapolis, IN 46204. You can learn more about Indiana's Nongame Wildlife Diversity Section at www.in.gov/dnr/fishwild/	These reintroduction programs, as well as many other restoration, management, and educational projects implemented by the Wildlife Diversity Section, rely on donations from indi- viduals like you. The program is funded almost exclusively by donations to the Indiana state income tax check-off and direct donations.	Donations to the Nongame Wildlife Fund assist the Indiana Department of Natural Resources to manage and protect over 750 nongame and Your contributions to the Fund have brought ospreys and bald eagles back to our skies and river otters to our waters.	Contributions to the Indiana Nongame Wildlife Fund	<ul> <li>This booklet contains:</li> <li>Form IT-40 and Instructions</li> <li>Schedule 1 Add-Backs</li> <li>Schedule 2 Deductions</li> <li>Schedule 3 Exemptions</li> <li>Schedule 3 Exemptions</li> <li>Schedule 7 Additional Required Information</li> <li>Schedule 1 Add-Backs</li> <li>Schedule 5 Credits</li> <li>Schedule 6 Offset Credits</li> <li>Schedule 1 Add-Backs</li> <li>Schedule 6 Offset Credits</li> <li>Mailing Envelope</li> <li>Mail – in Voter R</li> </ul>	100 North Senate Avenue Indianapolis, IN 46204-2253
West Washington St., Indianapolis, IN 46204	Zip Code			ind.	on line 17 of the IT-40. To make a direct donation, you can also complete the form d, Division of Fish and Wildlife, W-273, 402 West Washington St., Indianapolis, IN <b>nr/fishwild/</b>	rojects implemented by the Wildlife Diversity Section, rely on donations from indie tax check-off and direct donations.	anage and protect over 750 nongame and endangered wildlife species in Indiana. ters to our waters.		<ul> <li>Schedule CT-40, County Tax with tax rates</li> <li>Schedule IN-EIC, Earned Income Credi</li> <li>Mailing Envelope</li> <li>Mail – in Voter Registration form</li> </ul>	U.S. Postage PAID Indiana Dept. of Revenue

	Indiana Full-Year Resident Individual Income Tax Return	
ON THE THE	(R8 / 9-09) If you are <b>not</b> filing for the calendar year January 1 through December 31, 2009, enter period from:	
	/ /2009 to: / /2009	
	Your Social Security Number       Spouse's Social Security Number       Image: Spouse's Social Security Number         Place "X" in box if applying for ITIN       Place "X" in box if applying for ITIN	
	Your first name Initial Last name	
	If filing a joint return, spouse's first name     Initial     Last name	
	Present address (number and street or rural route) Place "X" in box if you are	
	City State Zip code + 4	
	Foreign Country (if applicable)       School Corporation Number (see pages 43 and 44)	
	worked on January 1, 2009. County where County where you worked County where spouse lived County where spouse worked Round all entries	
1.	Enter your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) from your federal tax return (from Form 1040,	00
2.	. Enter amount from Schedule 1, line 15, and attach Schedule 1 Indiana Add-Backs	00
3.	Add line 1 and line 2	00
4.	. Enter amount from Schedule 2, line 12, and attach Schedule 2 Indiana Deductions	00
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3	00
6.		00
7.	. Subtract line 6 from line 5 (if answer is less than zero, leave blank) State Taxable Income 7	00
8.		
9.	County tax. Enter county tax due from Schedule CT-40	
		00



12.	Enter credits from Schedule 5, line 9 (attach schedule)				
	Enter offset credits from Schedule 6, line 7 (attach schedule)				
14.	Add lines 12 and 13 Indiana Credits	14		•	00
15.	Enter amount from line 11 Indiana Taxes	15		•	00
16.	If line 14 is equal to or more than line 15, subtract line 15 from line 14 (if smaller, skip to line 23)	16		•	00
17.	Amount from line 16 to be donated to the Indiana Nongame Wildlife Fund	17		•	00
18.	Subtract line 17 from line 16Overpayment	18		•	00
19.	Amount from line 18 to be applied to your 2010 estimated tax account (see instructions on page 9).				
	Enter your county code county tax to be applied \$ a • 00				
	Spouse's county code county tax to be applied \$ b • 00				
	Indiana adjusted gross income tax to be applied\$			1-1	
	Total to be applied to your estimated tax account (a + b + c; cannot be more than line 18)	19d		•	00
20.	Penalty for underpayment of estimated tax from Schedule IT-2210 or IT-2210A	20		•	00
21.	Refund: Line 18 minus lines 19d and 20. Note: If less than zero, see line 23 instructions Your Refund	21		•	00
22.	a. Routing Number		Direct Deposit		
	b. Account Number		(see page 11)		
	c. Type: Checking Savings Hoosier Works MC				
23.	If line 15 is more than line 14, subtract line 14 from line 15. Add to this any amount on line 20 (see instructions on page 11)	23			00
24	Penalty if filed after due date (see instructions)	24			00
	Interest if filed after due date (see instructions)	25			00
		26			00
20.	<ul> <li>No payment is due if you owe less than \$1. Do not send cash. Please make your check or mone order payable to: Indiana Department of Revenue. Credit card payers must see instructions.</li> </ul>			] ● [	50

### Sign and date this return after reading the *Filing Authorization* statement on Schedule 7. Attach Schedule 7.

Your Signature

Date

Spouse's Signature

Date

• If enclosing payment mail to: Indiana Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 7224, Indianapolis, IN 46207-7224.

• Mail all other returns to: Indiana Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 40, Indianapolis, IN 46206-0040.



Schedule 1 Form IT-40, State Form 53995 (9-09) Name(s) shown on Form IT-40

## Schedule 1: Add-Backs

Instructions begin on page 13

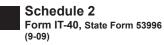
2009

Your Social Security Number

		Round all entries	s	
from federal Schedules C, C-EZ, E and/or F	 1		•	0

1. Tax add back: certain taxes deducted from federal Schedules C, C-EZ, E and/or F	1	•	00	0
2. Net operating loss carryforward from federal Form 1040, "Other income" line	2	•	0	0
3. Income taxed on federal Form 4972 (lump sum distribution)	3	•	00	0
4. Domestic production activities add-back	4	•	00	0
5. Bonus depreciation add-back	5	•	0	0
6. Section 179 expense excess add-back	6	•	00	0
<ul> <li>7. Unemployment compensation add-back (see instructions on page 13): Enter amount of unemployment compensation from Box 1 of Form 1099G(s)</li></ul>				
Subtract Box B from Box A, enter total here	7	•	0	0
8. Deferral of business indebtedness discharge and reacquisition add-back	8	•	00	0
9. Qualified restaurant property add-back	9	•	00	0
10. Qualified retail improvement property add-back	10	•	00	0
11. Qualified disaster assistance property add-back	11	•	00	0
12. Qualified refinery property add-back	12	•	00	0
13. Qualified film or television production add-back	13	•	00	0
14. Qualified preferred stock add-back	14	•	00	0
15. Add lines 1 through 14. Enter total here and on Form IT-40, line 2Total Indiana Add-Backs	15	•	0	0



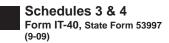


Schedule 2: Deductions Instructions begin on page 14

2009

Name(s) shown on Form IT-40	Your Social Security	/ Number	
1. Renter's deduction Address where rented if different from the one on the front page (enter belo	w)		
Landlord's name and address (enter below)	ount of rent paid		
\$		Round all entries	
Number of months rented Enter the lesser of \$3,000 or amount	of rent paid		00
2. Homeowner's residential property tax deduction Address where property tax was paid if different from front page (enter below	N)		
Number of months lived there Enter the lesser of \$2,500 or the actual amount of property tax paid for 2009Box A \$	00		
<b>Note:</b> Enter the amount of property taxes due in 2008 but paid <b>during</b> 2009 (if any) from Step 5 of the worksheet on page 16Box B \$	00		
Add Boxes A and B, enter the total here (combined deduction cannot be r	more than \$5,000)	•	00
3. State tax refund reported on federal return		•	00
4. Interest on U.S. government obligations		•	00
5. Taxable Social Security benefits		5•	00
6. Taxable railroad retirement benefits		•	00
7. Military service deduction: \$5,000 maximum for qualifying person		•	00
8. Non-Indiana locality earnings deduction: \$2,000 maximum per qualifying person		•	00
9. Insulation deduction: \$1,000 maximum; attach verification		•	00
10. Nontaxable portion of unemployment compensation (from line 8 of Unemployment Con	npensation Worksheet) 10	•	00
11. Other Deductions: See instructions (attach additional sheets if necessary)			
a. Enter deduction name code no	) <u>11a</u>	•	00
b. Enter deduction name code no	) <u> </u>	•	00
c. Enter deduction name code no	o <u>110</u>	•	00
12. Add lines 1 through 11 and enter total on line 4 of Form IT-40	otal Deductions ► 12	•	00





**Schedule 3: Exemptions** (Schedule 4 begins after line 5 below)

2009

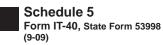
Name(s) shown on Form IT-40	Your Social Sec	urity Number	
		Round all	entries
1. Number of exemptions claimed on your federal return x \$1,000 x \$1,000 (If no federal return was filed, enter \$1,000 per qualifying person)		1	.00
<ul> <li>2. Claim an additional exemption for each dependent child</li> <li>who is a son, stepson, daughter, stepdaughter and/or foster child,</li> <li>who was under the age of 19 by Dec. 31, 2009, or a full-time student who was under the age of 24 by Dec. 31, 2009, and</li> <li>who you are eligible to claim as a dependent on your federal tax return.</li> </ul>			
Enter number you are eligible to claim x \$1,500		2	. 00
<ul> <li>3. Place "X" in box(es) below if, by December 31, 2009 You were age 65 or older and/or blind Spouse was 65 or older and/or blind Total number of boxes with Xs x \$1,000 4. If age 65 or older, enter amount from Form IT-40, line 1 \$ If this amount is less than \$40,000, place "X" in box(es) below if:</li></ul>		3	• 00
If this amount is less than \$40,000, place "X" in box(es) below if: You were age 65 or older Spouse was 65 or older Total number of boxes with Xs		4	• 00
5. Add lines 1, 2, 3 and 4. Enter here and on Form IT-40, line 6	otal Exemptions	5	• 00

Schedule 4: Other Taxes Instructions begin on page 22		
1. Use tax on out-of-state purchases from line 4 of Sales/Use Tax Worksheet	1	• 00
2. Household employment taxes. Attach Schedule IN-H	2	• 00
3. Indiana advance earned income credit payments from W-2s	3	. 00

4. Recapture of Indiana's CollegeChoice 529 credit. Attach Schedule IN-529R	4		. (	00
5. Add lines 1 through 4. Enter here and on Form IT-40, line 10 Other Taxes	5	1	. [	00

3. Indiana advance earned income credit payments from W-2s .....



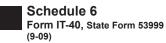




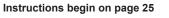
Name(s) shown on Form IT-40	Your Social Security Number
	Round all entries

1. Indiana state tax withheld (from box 17 of your W-2s or from 1099s)	1	• 00
2. Indiana county tax withheld (from box 19 of your W-2s or from 1099s)	2	• 00
3. Estimated tax paid for 2009: include any extension payment made with Form IT-9	3	• 00
4. Unified tax credit for the elderly	4	• 00
5. Earned income credit: enclose Schedule IN-EIC and enter amount from Section A, line A-2	5	• 00
6. Lake County residential income tax credit	6	• 00
7. Economic development for a growing economy credit	7	• 00
8. Media production expenditure credit	8	• 00
9. Add lines 1 through 8. Enter total here and on Form IT-40, line 12 Total Credits	9	• 00





## Schedule 6: Offset Credits





Name(s) shown on Form IT-40	Your S	ocial Security Number	
		Round	all entries
1. Credit for local taxes paid outside Indiana		1	. 00
2. County credit for the elderly: attach federal Schedule R		2	. 00
3. Other Local Credits: See instructions (attach additional sho	eets if necessary)		
a. Enter credit name	code no	<u>3a</u>	• 00
b. Enter credit name	code no	3b	. 00
<b>Important:</b> Lines 1 through 3 cannot be greater than the on Form IT-40, line 9 (see <i>Limitation</i> in instructions)	county tax due		
4. College credit: attach Schedule CC-40			• 00
5. Credit for taxes paid to other states: attach other state's retu	ırn	5	• 00
6. Other Credits: See instructions (attach additional sheets if	necessary)		
a. Enter credit name	code no	6a	• 00
b. Enter credit name	code no	6b	• 00
c. Enter credit name	code no	6c	• 00
d. Enter credit name	code no	6d	. 00
Important: Lines 4 through 6 added together cannot be gre income tax due on Form IT-40, line 8 (see Addit		s	
7. Add lines 1 through 6 and enter total here and on line 13 of Form IT-40	Total Offset Cro	edits ► 7	. 00



Schedule 7
Form IT-40, State Form 54000
(9-09)

Schedule 7: Additional Required Information 2009

### 1. Federal filing information

1. Federal filing information	
Are you filing a federal income tax return for 2009? Place "X" in appropriate box. Yes	No

2. Out-of-state income Complete if you and/or your spouse (if filing a joint return) received any salary, wage, tip and/or commission income from Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania or Wisconsin. Enter two-digit code number from the back of Schedule CT-40 for state where you and/or your spouse worked.

State where you worked	Your income	State wh	ere spouse worked	Spouse's income
\$	00			\$ 00
	ave filed a federal extension ave filed an Indiana extensio			
<b>4. Farm / Fishing income</b> Place "X" in box if at least two Important: If you placed an "X			ng or fishing.	
5. Date of death If any individual listed at the t Taxpayer's date of c				2009
plete and correct. I understar taxes due under this return. A Revenue to furnish my finance	ve examined this return and nd that if this is a joint return Also, my request for direct de cial institution with my routing ed. I give permission to the	I all attachments and to , any refund will be ma eposit of my refund incl g number, account num	de payable to us jointly a ludes my authorization to hber, account type and S	dge and belief, it is true, com- and each of us is liable for all o the Indiana Department of Social Security number to ensure hinistration to confirm that the
6. Your daytime telephone	number	Your e	-mail address	
representative (see page 3	to discuss my return with my 7). , complete the information be		eparer: Firm's Name (or y	ours if self-employed)
Personal Representative's	Name (please print)			TIN <b>OR</b> Social Security No.

Telephone number	
Address	Address
City	City
State Zip Code	State Zip Code





4. Enter some or all of the exemptions from line 5 of

Schedule 3 (see instructions on page 40) .....

5. Subtract line 4 from line 3..... 5.

7. Multiply the income on line 5 by the rate on line 6......

6. Enter the nonresident rate from the chart on the back of this schedule for the county where you worked on Jan. 1, 2009......

# County Tax Schedule for

Enclosure 7

.00

.00

.00

.00

Form IT-40, State Form 47907 (R8 / 9-09)	Full-Year India	ana	Residents	200	)9	5	Sequence No. 0
Name(s) shown on Form IT-40	Name(s) shown on Form IT-40 Your Social S					ty Number	
Lake County Residents: Turn to the or worked in Lake County, Ind., on Jar number (see page 41) and enter it her	n. 1, 2009. If you determine the						
Your Lake County 4-digit number			Spouse's Lake C	ounty 4-dig	it nun	nber	
SECTION 1: To be completed by the	ose taxpayers who were re	side	nts of a county th	at had add	pted	a county in	come tax.
1. Enter the amount from IT-40, line your spouse lived in the same count same Lake County location on Janu amount from Form IT-40, line 7 on li	ty on January 1 (or lived in th ary 1), enter the entire ne 1A only.		Column A - You			Column B	- Spouse's
See instructions on page 38 2. If you claimed a non-Indiana locality		1A		• 00	<u>1</u> B		• 00
Schedule 2, line 8, enter the amoun		2A		• 00	2B		• 00
3. Add lines 1 and 2		► 3A		. 00	3B		.00
4. Enter the resident rate from the count this schedule for the county where y		4A	•		4B	•	
5. Multiply line 3 by the rate on line 4		5A		. 00	5B		.00
6. Add lines 5A and 5B. Enter the tota County and worked in the Kentuc complete lines 7 and 8. Otherwise	I here. Note: Perry County I ky counties of Breckinridg	resid e, Ha	ancock or Meade,	you must			.00
7. Enter the amount of income that wa	s taxed by any of the Kentuc	ky co	ounties listed on lin	e 6 above	7		. 00
8. Multiply line 7 by .0056 and enter to	tal here				8		• 00
9. Line 6 minus line 8. Enter the total I	nere and on line 9 of Form IT	-40			9		.00
SECTION 2: To be completed by the county income tax, but	ose taxpayers who, on Jan t <i>worked</i> in an Indiana coui						adopted a
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,			Column A - Yo				- Spouse's
1. Enter your principal employment inc for further Section 2 instructions		1A		. 00	1B		.00
2. Enter deductions. See page 40 for the allowable deductions and further instances and		2A		• 00	2B		• 00
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1	1	► 3A		. 00	3B		.00

8. Enter total of 7A plus 7B. Add to any Section 1, line 9 amount, and carry to line 9 of Form IT-40 ... > 8

4A

6A •

. 00

. 00

. 00

4B

5B

6B

7B

\*These rates have changed from last year's chart.

Mathem         Off 24         Output         49         Marrion         Odd2*         Odd3*           33         Bartholomew         O10625*         003125*         51         Marrinn         O11         00045           34         Benton         0.0229         0.0054         52         Marrinn         .01         .00265*           35         Blackford         .0136         .0061         52         Miami         .0214*         .00965*           36         Brackford         .015         .0075         54         Montgomery         .021*         .0062           36         Carroll         .0153         .0075         56         Morgan         .022*         .0075           37         Crawford         .01         .0025         56         Morgan         .012*         .0075           38         Orlaw of .0133         .0027         .0075         58         Ohio         .011         .0025           39         Dataiss         .017         .0075         62         Perry         .0106         .00685           36         Poleaware         .0133         .0026         .0075         63         Pike         .0041         .0075 <t< th=""><th>County Code #</th><th>County Name</th><th>Resident Rate</th><th>Nonresident Rate</th><th>County Code #</th><th>County Name</th><th>Resident Rate</th><th>Nonresident Rate</th></t<>	County Code #	County Name	Resident Rate	Nonresident Rate	County Code #	County Name	Resident Rate	Nonresident Rate
12         Allen         01         0.055         50         Marshall         0125         0.025           14         Benton         .0229         .0054         52         Marin         .014         .0065*           15         Blackford         .0136         .0061         53         Monroe         .00250**         .00260**           16         Boone         .015         .004*         55         Morgane         .014         .00260**           17         Brown         .022         .005         55         Morgane         .021         .006           16         .0075         .0075         .0075         50         Orange         .012         .0075           16         Daviess         .015         .0075         50         Owen         .013         .0055           16         Decatur         .0133         .0058         61         Parke         .02475*         .0075           16         Decatur         .013         .0058         62         Perry         .005*         .0022125*           17         Deklab         .015         .0075         65         Poster         .0005         .005*           10         Elikhart <td>01</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	01							
Bartholomew         0.016625°         0.003125°         51         Martin         0.1         .004           Bartholomew         0.0229         0.054         53         Miamin         0.224*         .002665°           Boone         .01         .0025         54         Montgomery         .021         .0066           Bartholomew         .015         .004*         56         Moragen         .0227         .0052           Bartholomew         .015         .0075         56         Moragen         .0272         .0052           Carroll         .0133333*         .0025         59         Orange         .015         .0075           Clarword         .011         .002*         .0075         58         Ohio         .011         .0025           Clarword         .013         .0056         60         Owen         .013         .0055           Delaware         .015         .0075         62         Perry         .004         .004           Boleware         .015         .0075         63         Pike         .004         .0045           Boleware         .015         .0055         63         Parke         .02475*         .0023125* <td< td=""><td>02</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	02							
Math         Benton         0.022         0.054           SB         Blackford         0136         0.061           Boone         .01         .0025           Mathematic         .012         .005           SG         Brown         .022         .005           SG         Carroll         .0155*         .004*           SG         .015*         .0075         .006           SG         .015*         .0075         .0075           SG         .015*         .0075         .0075           SG         .016*         .017*         .0075           SG         .016*         .016*         .0075           SG         .0175         .0075         .0075           SD         .0175         .0075         .0075           SD         .0175         .0075         .0075           SD         .015         .0075         .0075           SD         .016         .006         .006           SD         .015         .0075         .0075           SD         .015         .0075         .0075           SD         .015         .0075         .008           SD	03							
S5         Blackford         .0136         .0061         S3         Monroe         .01425*         .002606**           77         Brown         .022         .005         .005         .006         .00272         .006           78         Grass         .015         .004*         .004*         .005         .006         .01425*         .0062           90         Cass         .015         .0075         .006         .011         .0025         .005         .006         .011         .0025         .005         .0075         .006         .011         .0025         .005         .006         .012         .006         .012         .005 <td>04</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	04							
Be one         .01         .0025         54         Morgan         .021         .006           77         Brown         .022         .005         .005         .007         .008         .007         .007         .005         .007         .	05							
Brown         0.22         0.05           08         Carroll         .0155'''.004''         .0075           09         Cass         .015'''.0075         .0015''''.0075           00         Clark         .0154167''''.0075         .005           11         Clay         .0133333'''.0025         .0015         .0015         .0075           12         Clinton         .02''''.0075         .006         .0128'''.005         .0024875''''.0075           14         Daviess         .0175         .0075         .006         .0046         .0046         .0046           15         Dearborn         .006         .0015         .0075         .0076         .002         .0016         .0068           16         Deckalb         .015         .0075         .0075         .0075         .0075         .008         .008	06							
88         Carroll         0155*         004*         56         Newton         01         0025           199         Cass         .015         .0075         57         Noble         .015         .0075           1         Clark         .0154167*         .0075         58         Ohio         .01         .0025           1         Clinton         .02*         .0075         59         Orange         .012         .0055           13         Crawford         .01         .006         .0015         60         Owen         .013         .0058           15         Dearborn         .006         .0015         61         Parke         .024875*         .0025           16         Decatur         .0133         .0058         63         Pitke         .004         .004           19         Dubois         .01         .0055         66         Porter         .005         .005           19         Dubois         .011         .0065         70         Rush         .015         .0075           10         Elkhart         .013         .0065         71         St. Joseph         .0133         .0068           12         Frankiin<	07							
99         Cass         .015         .0075         57         Noble         .015         .0075           1         Clay         .0154167*         .0075         58         Ohio         .01         .0025           2         Clinton         .02*         .0075         58         Ohio         .01         .0025           3         Crawford         .01         .005         60         Owen         .013         .0055           15         Dearborn         .006         .0015         62         Perry         .0106         .0068           6         Decatur         .015         .0075         65         Posey         .0024875*         .0023125*           16         Delaware         .0105         .006         66         Putaski         .00313         .0068           17         Delaware         .0115         .0055         68         Randolph         .015         .0075           16         Patware         .0237         .0087         69         Ripley         .0138         .0068           17         Fayette         .0237         .0087         71         St. Joseph         .01375*         .0048848*           16         Gisson<	08							
0         Clark         0154167*         0075           1         Clay         .013333*         .0025           2         Clinton         .02*         .0075           3         Crawford         .01         .005           4         Daviess         .0175         .0075           5         Dearborn         .006         .0015           6         Decatur         .0133         .0058           7         DeKalb         .015         .0075           8         Delaware         .0105         .006           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           9         Dubois         .011         .0025           9         Dubois         .011         .0025           9         Dubois         .011         .0026           9         Dubois         .011         .0025           16         Parket         .0138         .0063           70         Rush         .015         .0075           18         Franklin         .011         .0025           16         Franklin         .011         .0025           17         Stusphon         .01375*         .004488	09							
1         Clay         0.0133333*         0.025         50         Orange         0.125         0.065           2         Clinton         .02*         .0075         60         Owen         .013         .0055           3         Crawford         .01         .0005         61         Parke         .024875*         .0075           4         Daviess         .0175         .0075         62         Perry         .0106         .00685           5         Dearborn         .006         .0015         .006         .0015         .006           6         Delaware         .015         .0075         62         Perry         .0105         .005           9         Dubois         .01         .0055         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .0075         .0044688*         .0068         .00575         .0044688*         .0011         .0025         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005	10							
12         Clinton         .02*         .0075         60         Owen         .013         .0055           33         Crawford         .01         .005         .0175         .0075         .0175         .0075         .0175         .0075         .024875*         .0075           15         Dearborn         .006         .0015         .006         .004         .004         .004         .004           16         Decatur         .0133         .0058         .0075         .062         Perry         .0055         .0023125*           18         Delaware         .0105         .0065         .0055         .0023125*         .0065         .0075         .062         Perry         .0015         .0061         .0075         .0075         .0075         .0012         .0012         .0005         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0023125*         .0055         .0023125*         .0015         .0075         .008         .0075         .008         .0075         .0015         .0015         .0015         .005         .0015         .0015         .0015         .0015         .0015         .0015         .0015         .0011         .0025	11							
33         Crawford         .01         .005           44         Daviess         .0175         .0075           5         Dearborn         .006         .0015           66         Decatur         .0133         .0058           7         DeKalb         .015         .0075           8         Delaware         .0105         .0066           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           90         Dubois         .01         .0056           16         Parke         .00313         .0068           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           16         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           70         Rush         .015         .0075           16         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           71         Starbern         .015         .0075           72         Floyd         .0115         .0065           73         Shelby         .0125         .005           74         Spencer         .008         .00575           75         Starke         .0106         .0081           74         Spencer         .011         .00								
14         Daviess Dearborn         0175         0075         62         Perry         0.106         0.0685           15         Dearborn         .006         .0015         63         Pike         .004         .004           16         Decatur         .0133         .0058         64         Porter         .0055         .002           17         Delaware         .0105         .006         64         Porter         .0055         .002           19         Dubois         .01         .0055         65         Posey         .0057         .00212125'           16         Pike         .00313         .0068         .0075         66         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           17         Franklin         .0115         .0065         .006         .0075         .008         Radolph         .015         .0075         .0075         .008         .0075         .004468*         .0016         .0081         .0075         .005         .005         .005         .74         Spencer         .008         .00575         .004468*         .016         .0025         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .0								
15         Dearborn         .006         .0015           6         Decatur         .0133         .0058         64         Porter         .005         .005           7         DeKalb         .015         .0075         65         Posey         .0055*         .0023125*           8         Delaware         .0105         .006         66         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           9         Dubois         .01         .0055         .66         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           9         Dubois         .01         .0055         .66         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           71         Dekknatt         .0115         .005         .68         Randolph         .015         .0075           22         Floyd         .0113         .0068         .71         St. Joseph         .010375*         .0044688*           71         Starke         .0103         .005         .005         .72         Scott         .0141         .00475           86         Gibson         .001         .0025         .75         Starke         .0106         .003         .003           14         Hamilton         .01 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
66         Decatur         .0133         .0058           7         DeKalb         .015         .0075           8         Delaware         .0105         .006           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           9         Dubois         .01         .0056           9         Dubois         .01         .0055           9         Dekrate         .0237         .0087           9         Payette         .0237         .0087           9         Franklin         .0125         .005           16         Gibson         .005         .005           16         Gibson         .005         .005           17         Grant         .0162*         .0068           18         Greene         .01         .0025           17         Grant         .0162*         .004125*           10         Harrison         .01         .0025           17         Subley         .0125         .005           18         Hendricks         .014         .0055'           18         Hendricks         .016         .0075<								
Participant         Outs								
B         Delaware         .0105         .006         66         Pulaski         .0313         .0068           9         Dubois         .01         .0055         67         Putnam         .015         .0075           10         Elkhart         .015         .0065         68         Randolph         .013         .0063           12         Floyd         .0115         .0065         69         Ripley         .0138         .0063           12         Floyd         .0115         .0065         70         Rush         .015         .0075           13         Fountain         .01125         .005         71         St. Joseph         .010375*         .0044688*           14         .015*         .005625*         72         Scott         .0141         .004725           15         Fulton         .015*         .005625*         74         Spencer         .008         .00575           16         Greene         .01         .0025         76         Steuben         .0179*         .0054           17         Hamilton         .01         .0025         78         Switzerland         .01         .0025           14         Horacks								
9         Dubois         .01         .0055           00         Elkhart         .015         .005           01         Fayette         .0237         .0087           02         Floyd         .0115         .0065           03         Fountain         .011         .0035           02         Floyd         .0115         .0065           03         Fountain         .011         .0035           04         Franklin         .0125         .005           05         Fulton         .0193*         .0068           05         Greene         .01         .0025           05         Hamilton         .01         .0025           06         Greene         .011         .0025           07         Starke         .0106         .0081           02         Hanrison         .014         .0065           03         Henry         .0125         .005           04         Howard         .016*         .0055*           05         Huntington         .016*         .0055*           04         Howard         .016*         .0055*           05         Jackson         .016*								
Bit Network         1015         .005         68         Randolph         .015         .0075           Payette         .0237         .0087         69         Ripley         .0138         .0063           Payette         .0115         .0065         69         Ripley         .0138         .0063           Payette         .011         .0035         71         St. Joseph         .010375*         .0044688*           Payette         .0193*         .0068         72         Scott         .0141         .004725           St.         Fulton         .0193*         .0068         73         Shelby         .0125         .005           Ge Gibson         .005         .005         74         Spencer         .008         .00575           Greene         .01         .0025         75         Starke         .0106         .0081           Bit Hamilton         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           Hamilton         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           Hamilton         .014         .0065         80         Tipton         .0133         .005           Henry <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Payette         .0237         .0087         69         Ripley         .0138         .0063           12         Floyd         .0115         .0065         70         Rush         .015         .0075           13         Fountain         .011         .0035         71         St. Joseph         .010375*         .004468*           14         Franklin         .0125         .005         71         St. Joseph         .010375*         .004468*           15         Fulton         .0193*         .0068         73         Shelby         .0125         .005           16         Greene         .01         .0025         74         Spencer         .008         .00575           18         Greene         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           10         Hamilton         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           11         Harrison         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           12         Hendricks         .014         .0065         80         Tipton         .0133         .0058           14         Howard								
Provintian         .0115         .0065           70         Rush         .015         .0075           71         St. Joseph         .01375*         .0044888*           72         Scott         .0141         .004725           73         Shelby         .0125         .0044888*           74         Spencer         .008         .00575           75         Starke         .0106         .008           76         Starke         .0106         .008           77         Grant         .015*         .0055           76         Starke         .0106         .0081           77         Sullivan         .003         .003           78         Switzerland         .01         .0025           77         Sullivan         .003         .003           78         Switzerland         .01         .0025           79         Tippecance         .011         .0065           80         Tipton         .0133         .0025           91         Jakepr         .0305         .0035         .0035           81         Jakepr         .0335         .0035         .0035           82								
Rain         O11         O035         71         St. Joseph         O10375*         O044688*           Franklin         O125         O05         72         Scott         O141         O04725           St.         Fulton         O193*         O068         73         Shelby         O125         O05           Greene         O1         O025         74         Spencer         O106         O081         O054           Bancock         O11625*         O04125*         75         Starke         O106         O081         O054           Bancock         O11625*         O04125*         75         Starke         O106         O081         O054           Bancock         O11625*         O04125*         78         Switzerland         O1         O025           Bancock         O1165         O055         80         Tipton         O1133         O058           Bancock         O16*         O05         81         Union         O11         O025           St         Huntington         O16*         O05         82         Vanderburgh         O1         O025           St         Jay         O245 <tho75< th="">         86         Warren         <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<></tho75<>								
Pranklin         .0125         .005         72         Scott         .0141         .004725           55         Fulton         .0193*         .0068         .005         .008         .00575         .008         .00575         .008         .0005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .003         .001         .001         .0025         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
25       Fulton       .0193*       .0068       73       Shelby       .0125       .005         26       Gibson       .005       .005       .005       .007       .008       .00575         27       Grant       .015*       .005625*       .008       .0088       .0081         28       Greene       .01       .0025       .007       .005       .005       .005         29       Hamilton       .01       .0025       .007       .003       .003       .003         30       Hancock       .011625*       .004125*       .005       .005       .007       .003       .003       .003         31       Harrison       .01       .0025       .005       .005       .005       .011       .0065       .005       .011       .0058       .005       .011       .005       .005       .011       .0025       .005       .001       .011       .0025       .0075       .005       .001       .011       .0025       .0075       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005								
R6         Gibson         .005         .005         .74         Spencer         .008         .00575           R7         Grant         .015*         .005625*         75         Starke         .0106         .0081           R8         Greene         .01         .0025         76         Starke         .0179*         .0054           R9         Hamilton         .01         .0025         77         Sullivan         .003         .003           R1         Harrison         .01         .005         .005         78         Switzerland         .011         .0025           R1         Harrison         .01         .005         .005         80         Tipton         .0133         .0058           R3         Henry         .0125         .005         81         Union         .0133         .0025           R4         Howard         .016*         .005         82         Vanderburgh         .01         .0025           R4         Howard         .016*         .005         .005         82         Vanderburgh         .01         .0025           R4         Howard         .016*         .0075         86         Warrick         .0025         .007								
Grant       .015*       .005625*       75       Starke       .0106       .0081         88       Greene       .01       .0025       76       Starke       .0179*       .0054         99       Hamilton       .01       .0025       77       Sullivan       .003       .003       .003         90       Hancock       .011625*       .004125*       78       Switzerland       .01       .0025         80       Harrison       .01       .005       77       Sullivan       .003       .033         81       Harrison       .01       .0055       80       Tippecanoe       .011       .0065         82       Hendricks       .016       .0055'       81       Union       .015       .005         84       Howard       .016       .0075       82       Vanderburgh       .01       .0025         85       Huntington       .016       .0075       84       Wigo       .0125       .0075         84       Japser       .0305       .0005       85       Wabash       .029       .0075         84       Jap       .0125       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005								
R8         Greene         .01         .0025           199         Hamilton         .01         .0025           100         Hancock         .011625*         .004125*           11         Harrison         .01         .0025           11         Harrison         .01         .0025           11         Harrison         .01         .005           12         Hendricks         .014         .0065           13         Henry         .0125         .005           14         Howard         .016*         .005           14         Howard         .016*         .005           15         Huntington         .016*         .0075           16         .0305         .005         83         Vermillion         .011         .0025           16         Jay         .0245         .0075         86         Watren         .0212         .0057           18         Jay         .0125         .005         87         Warren         .0212         .0057           10         Jefferson         .011         .0025         .005         88         Washington         .015         .005           12         Kno								
Pamilton       .01       .0025       77       Sullivan       .003       .003         10       Hancock       .011625*       .004125*       78       Switzerland       .01       .0025         11       Harrison       .01       .005       80       Tippecanoe       .011       .0065         12       Henry       .0125       .005       80       Tipton       .0133       .0058         13       Henry       .016*       .0055*       80       Tipton       .015       .005         14       Howard       .016*       .0055*       81       Union       .011       .0025         15       Huntington       .016*       .005       83       Vermillion       .001       .001         16       .0075       84       Vigo       .0125       .0075         16       Jackson       .016       .0075       86       Watren       .0212       .0057         18       Jay       .0245       .0075       86       Watren       .0212       .0057         10       Jennings       .011       .0025       .005       87       Warrick       .005       .005         14       LaGrange								
NO         Hancock         .011625*         .004125*         78         Switzerland         .01         .0025           M1         Harrison         .01         .005         79         Tippecanoe         .011         .0065           M2         Hendricks         .014         .0065         80         Tippecanoe         .011         .0058           M3         Henry         .0125         .005         81         Union         .015         .005           M4         Howard         .016*         .005         82         Vanderburgh         .01         .0025           M4         Howard         .016*         .005         83         Vermillion         .001         .001           M6         Jackson         .016         .0075         84         Vigo         .0125         .0075           M3         Japy         .0245         .0075         86         Warren         .0212         .0057           M4         Johnson         .011         .0025         .005         88         Washington         .015         .005           M4         LaGrange         .014         .0065         .007         91         White         .01232         .0057 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Harrison       .01       .005         B1       Harrison       .01       .005         B2       Hendricks       .014       .0065         B3       Henry       .0125       .005         B4       Howard       .016 <sup>†</sup> .0055 <sup>†</sup> B5       Huntington       .016 <sup>†</sup> .0055 <sup>†</sup> B6       Jackson       .016       .0075         B7       Jasper       .0305       .005         B8       Jay       .0245       .0075         B8       Jay       .0245       .0035         B9       Jefferson       .0035       .0035         B1       Johnson       .01       .0029       .0075         B1       Johnson       .01       .0025       .005         B2       Kosciusko       .01       .0025       .005         B2       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       .005         B2       Kake       NA       NA       .0065       .007         B3       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       .005       .005         B4       Lake       NA       NA       .0025       .007         B4 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>								
32       Hendricks       .014       .0065         33       Henry       .0125       .005         34       Howard       .016 <sup>1</sup> .0055 <sup>1</sup> 35       Huntington       .016 <sup>*</sup> .005         36       Jackson       .016       .0075         37       Jasper       .0305       .005         38       Jay       .0245       .0075         39       Jefferson       .0035       .0035         30       Johnson       .01       .029       .0075         31       Johnson       .01       .0025       .005         31       Kosciusko       .01       .0025       .005         32       Kosciusko       .01       .0025       .005         33       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       .005         34       LaGrange       .014       .0065       .007         35       Lake       NA       NA       .01875*       .0025         36       LaPorte       .0095       .007       .0051042*       .0051042*         36       Madison       .0129167*       .0051042*       .0051042*         37       Ohio       Michigan	30							
33         Henry         .0125         .005         81         Union         .015         .005           34         Howard         .016 <sup>1</sup> .0055 <sup>1</sup> .005         .016         .0075         .0016         .0017         .0016         .0017         .0016         .0016         .0017         .0125         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0011         .0015         .0057         .005 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>								
34       Howard       .016 <sup>1</sup> .0055 <sup>1</sup> 35       Huntington       .016 <sup>*</sup> .005         36       Jackson       .016       .0075         37       Jasper       .0305       .005         38       Jay       .0245       .0075         39       Jefferson       .0035       .0035         40       Jennings       .0125       .005         30       Jennings       .0125       .005         41       Johnson       .01       .0025         42       Knox       .011       .0025         44       LaGrange       .014       .0065         45       Lake       NA       NA         46       LaPorte       .0095       .007         48       Madison       .0129167*       .0051042*         94       Illinois       .012329       .004829         94       Illinois       .012329       .004829         95       Kentucky       .0123167*       .0051042*         96       Michigan       .97       Ohio	32							
85       Huntington       .016*       .005       83       Vermillion       .001       .001         86       Jackson       .016       .0075       84       Vigo       .0125       .0075         87       Jasper       .0305       .005       85       Wabash       .029       .0075         88       Jay       .0245       .0075       86       Warren       .0212       .0057         89       Jefferson       .0035       .0035       .0035       .005       87       Warrick       .005       .005         10       Jennings       .0125       .005       .005       88       Washington       .015       .0075         11       Johnson       .01       .00475       .09       Wells       .021       .007         12       Knox       .011       .00475       .09       Wells       .021       .007         13       Kosciusko       .014       .0065       .007       .012329       .004829         14       LaGrange       .011875*       .0025       .007       .011875*       .0025       .007         16       LaWrence       .011875*       .0025       .0051042*       .005	33							
36       Jackson       .016       .0075       84       Vigo       .0125       .0075         37       Jasper       .0305       .005       85       Wabash       .029       .0075         38       Jay       .0245       .0075       86       Warren       .0212       .0057         39       Jefferson       .0035       .0035       .0035       86       Warren       .0212       .0057         30       Jennings       .0125       .005       .005       87       Warrick       .005       .005         40       Jennings       .0125       .005       .005       88       Washington       .015       .005         41       Johnson       .01       .0025       .00       89       Wayne       .015       .005         42       Knox       .011       .00475       .00       .021       .007         44       LaGrange       .014       .0065       .007       .01       .012329       .004829       .012329       .004829         45       Lake       NA       NA       .0025       .007       .012329       .004829       .012329       .004829         48       Madison       .	34							
87       Jasper       .0305       .005         88       Jay       .0245       .0075         89       Jefferson       .0035       .0035         90       Jennings       .0125       .005         81       Johnson       .01       .0025         82       Knox       .011       .0065         83       Kosciusko       .01       .00475         84       LaGrange       .014       .0065         85       Walash       .029       .0075         86       Warren       .0015       .005         87       Warrick       .005       .005         88       Washington       .015       .0075         89       Wayne       .015       .005         89       Wayne       .015       .005         90       Wells       .021       .007         91       White       .0132       .0057         92       Whitley       .012329       .004829         94       Illinois       .0129167*       .0051042*       .055         96       Michigan       .97       Ohio       .0129167*								
38       Jay       .0245       .0075       86       Warren       .0212       .0057         39       Jefferson       .0035       .0035       .0035       .005       .005       .005         40       Jennings       .0125       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005       .005         11       Johnson       .01       .0025       .00       .015       .005         12       Knox       .011       .0065       .00       .021       .007         13       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       .00       .012       .0057         14       LaGrange       .014       .0065       .007       .01       .012329       .004829         15       Lake       NA       NA       .0025       .007       .01       .00475       .021       .007         16       LaPorte       .0095       .007       .0051042*       .0051042*       .0051042*       .0051042*       .0050         18       Madison       .0129167*       .0051042*       .0051042*       .0050       .0050       .0050         16       Lawrence       .0129167*       .0051042*       .0050       .0050       .0050								
89         Jefferson         .0035         .0035         .0035         .0035         .007         90         Wells         .021         .007         .005         .007         91         White         .0132         .0057         .0057         .004829         .012329         .004829         .004829         .012329         .004829         .012329         .004829         .012329         .004829         .01231         .004829         .0129167*         .0051042*         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005         .005								
10         Jennings         .0125         .005           11         Johnson         .01         .0025           12         Knox         .011         .0065           13         Kosciusko         .01         .00475           14         LaGrange         .014         .0065           15         Lake         NA         NA           16         LaPorte         .0095         .007           17         Lawrence         .011875*         .0025           18         Madison         .0129167*         .0051042*	38							
11       Johnson       .01       .0025       89       Wayne       .015       .005         12       Knox       .011       .0065       90       Wells       .021       .007         13       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       91       White       .0132       .0057         14       LaGrange       .014       .0065       92       White       .012329       .004829         15       Lake       NA       NA       NA       94       Illinois       .012329       .004829         16       LaPorte       .0095       .007       95       Kentucky       95       Kentucky         18       Madison       .0129167*       .0051042*       96       Michigan       97       Ohio	39							
12       Knox       .011       .0065       90       Weils       .021       .007         13       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       .014       .0065       91       White       .0132       .0057         14       LaGrange       .014       .0065       92       White       .012329       .004829         15       Lake       NA       NA       NA       .0025       .007       94       Illinois         16       LaPorte       .011875*       .0025       .005       .0051042*       .055       Kentucky       .0129167*       .0051042*         18       Madison       .0129167*       .0051042*       .0051042*       .0050       .0050       .0050	40							
13       Kosciusko       .01       .00475       91       White       .0132       .0057         14       LaGrange       .014       .0065       92       White       .0132       .004829         15       Lake       NA       NA       94       Illinois       95       Kentucky       95       Kentucky       96       Michigan       97       Ohio	41							
14     LaGrange     .014     .0065     92     Whitley     .012329     .004829       15     Lake     NA     NA       16     LaPorte     .0095     .007       17     Lawrence     .011875*     .0025       18     Madison     .0129167*     .0051042*       96     Michigan       97     Ohio	42							
I5         Lake         NA         NA           I6         LaPorte         .0095         .007         94         Illinois           I7         Lawrence         .011875*         .0025         95         Kentucky           I8         Madison         .0129167*         .0051042*         96         Michigan           97         Ohio         97         Ohio         97	43							
I6         LaPorte         .0095         .007         94         Illinois           I7         Lawrence         .011875*         .0025         95         Kentucky           I8         Madison         .0129167*         .0051042*         96         Michigan           97         Ohio         97         Ohio         91         101	44				92	Whitley	.012329	.004829
Image: Matrix	45	Lake	NA					
I8         Madison         .0129167*         .0051042*         96         Michigan           97         Ohio         Ohio         Ohio         Ohio	46	LaPorte	.0095	.007	94	Illinois		
I8         Madison         .0129167*         .0051042*         96         Michigan           97         Ohio         Ohio         Ohio         Ohio	47	Lawrence				Kentucky		
<b>97</b> Ohio	48	Madison						

<sup>1</sup> Includes the Howard County jail operating and maintenance income tax rate.



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99

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Pennsylvania

Wisconsin All Other States



Schedule IN-EIC
Form IT-40/IT-40PNR
State Form 49469
(R8 / 9-09)

## Schedule IN-EIC: Indiana's Earned Income Credit

Attach only if claiming this credit on Forms IT-40 or IT-40PNR 2009

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Name	e(s) shown on Form IT-40/IT-40PNR	Your Social Sec	urity Number	
	Section A: Figure Your Indiana Earned Inco	me Credit		
A-1	Enter the earned income credit from your federal income tax return Form 1040 lir Form 1040A line 41a, or Form 1040EZ line 9a (must be \$6.00 or more: see instru	ne 64a, ictions)	A-1	. 00

- A-2 Multiply line A-1 by .09 and enter here. Carry this total to Form IT-40 Schedule 5, line 5, or Form IT-40PNR Schedule F, line 5, Box A......Indiana Earned Income Credit A-2
  - If you <u>did not</u> complete Federal Schedule EIC (you did not claim children when figuring your federal earned income credit), you are finished with this schedule. Make sure to attach it to your Form IT-40 or IT-40PNR.

### If you claimed children on your Federal Schedule EIC

Complete Section B if you claimed children (on Federal Schedule EIC) when you figured your earned income credit on federal Forms 1040 or 1040A. Enter information for up to four children even if only claiming three on federal Schedule EIC (see instructions for more information).

Section B: Qualifying Child (Read the instructions to explain the terms used below.)									
		Child 1	Child 2	Child 3	Child 4				
Enter each child's name		First	First	First	First				
		Last	Last	Last	Last				
Enter each child's Social Security Number		SSN	SSN	SSN	SSN				
Enter letter (e.g. <b>A</b> , <b>B</b> , <b>C</b> , etc.) in box that describes each child's relationship, age and location to you. See example on back of schedule.									
B-1	<ul> <li>A Your Child</li> <li>B Adopted Child</li> <li>C Grandchild</li> <li>D Stepchild</li> <li>E Foster Child (not related)</li> <li>F Other (related foster child, or other related child - see instructions)</li> </ul>								
B-2	<ul> <li>A Under age 18</li> <li>B Age 18</li> <li>C Age 19 - 24 and full-time student</li> <li>D Age 19 or older and totally disabled</li> </ul>								
В-3	<ul> <li>A Child lived with you at least ½ of the year</li> <li>B Child was born or died in 2009, and lived with you while alive in 2009.</li> </ul>								

**Important:** You must complete and attach this schedule to your Form IT-40 or IT-40PNR when claiming the earned income credit. Note: Do not complete or attach this schedule if you are claiming this credit on the Form IT-40EZ (see the worksheet on Form IT-40EZ for instructions for how to claim the credit).



## Indiana's Earned Income Credit Instructions

Generally, Indiana's earned income credit is 9% (.09) of the earned income credit allowed on your federal income tax return.

If, during 2009:

- you were an Indiana resident, and/or
- had income from Indiana sources, and
- you claimed the earned income credit on your federal income tax return (Form 1040, 1040A or 1040EZ),

then you are eligible to claim Indiana's Earned Income Credit.

Indiana's Earned Income Credit will lower the tax you owe and may give you a refund even if you don't owe any tax.

**Note:** Do not complete this schedule if filing Indiana's Form IT-40EZ. Instead, complete the worksheet on the back of Form IT-40EZ to claim your earned income credit.

## Section A – Figure Your Credit

Enter on Line A-1 the amount of earned credit\* from your

- Federal Form 1040, line 64a or
- Federal Form 1040A, line 41a or
- Federal Form 1040EZ, line 9a.

\* **Important:** This amount must be at least \$6.00 or more (a smaller federal earned income credit will create an Indiana credit of less than \$1).

Multiply the amount on Line A1 by .09 (9%) and enter the result on line A-2. This is your Indiana earned income credit. Enter this amount on your Form IT-40, Schedule 5, line 5, or on Form IT-40PNR, Schedule F, line 5, Box A.

## Section B – Qualifying Child

# You must complete Section B if you filed the federal Schedule EIC, Earned Income Credit.

Enter information for the same child (or children) you entered on your federal Schedule EIC.

**Note:** If you have more than three children who meet the requirements to be eligible to claim them for the federal earned income credit on federal Schedule EIC, please enter the additional child's information (up to one additional child) in Column 4. Note: This will not increase or decrease your Indiana earned income credit.

In Section B-1, the 'Other' box (line F) includes:

- · a related foster child, or
- · your brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or
- a descendant of your brother and/or sister, etc. (for example, your niece or nephew), whom you cared for as your own child.

Note: In Section B-2, line C, the child must be under age 24.

**Caution:** You must know what your <u>federal</u> earned income credit is before you can figure your <u>Indiana</u> earned income credit. Some individuals ask the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to figure their federal earned income credit for them. If you have chosen to do this, you must wait to claim Indiana's earned income credit until you find out what your earned income credit is from the IRS. Your Indiana income tax return, Form IT-40, IT-40PNR, or IT-40EZ, must be filed by April 15, 2010. If you don't know what your federal earned income credit is by Indiana's filing due date, go ahead and file your Indiana return without claiming the earned income credit. Then, when you find out what your federal earned income credit is, file an amended (corrected) Indiana tax return, Form IT-40X, to claim your Indiana earned income credit.

Section B - Example Mrs. Jones' 18-year old granddaughter Amy lived with her the entire year. Ryan Smith, an unrelated 6-year-old foster child, lived with her for 10 months.

			Child 1		Child 2		
	Enter each child's name	First	Amy	First	Ryan		
Enter each child's		Last	Jones	Last	Smith		
	Social Security Number 🕨	SSN	000-00-0000	SSN	000-00-0000		
Enter letter (e.g. A, B, C, etc.) in box that describes each child's relationship, age and location to you. See example on back of schedule.							
B-1	<ul> <li>A Your Child</li> <li>B Adopted Child</li> <li>C Grandchild</li> <li>D Stepchild</li> <li>E Foster Child (not related)</li> <li>F Other (related foster child, or other related child - see instructions)</li> </ul>		С		E		
B-2	<ul> <li>A Under age 18</li> <li>B Age 18</li> <li>C Age 19 - 24 and full-time student</li> <li>D Age 19 or older and totally disabled</li> </ul>		В		A		
В-3	<ul> <li>A Child lived with you at least ½ of the year</li> <li>B Child was born or died in 2009, and lived with you while alive in 2009.</li> </ul>		A		Α		

