Indiana Department of Revenue Indiana Apportioned Income for Nonresident Individuals

1997

Prepare a separate schedule IT-40PNRA for each entity with multistate business activity.

Attach to Form IT-40PNR or Form IT-40P

Your First Name, Middle Initial and Last Name	Social Security Number
Name of Business	Federal ID# or SS# (if different from above)
Part 1 Taxpayer Information	
Check box where income was reported on Federal Return (entries must be include	ed in the amount reported on Lines 7A, 9A and
12a through 16a of Schedule A of Form IT-40PNR): ☐ Federal Schedule C or	CEZ Federal Schedule E
☐ Federal Schedule F	☐ Federal Form 4797
Part 2 Adjusted Gross Business Income Subject to Apportionment	Dollars Cents
1. Enter the net federal income (loss) reported for the business activity	1
2. Enter an amount equal for each deduction (or income item) used in arriving a	t Federal Net Income:
Add Back: a) All state income taxes (taxes based on income) 2a	
Add Back: b) All real estate taxes	
Add Back: c) All personal property taxes except IN vehicle excise tax 2c	
Deduct: d) U.S. Gov't bond interest and other nontaxables 2d	
3. Total Indiana modifications (add Lines 2a, b, and c; deduct 2d). (You must als	so include 2a through 2c
on Form IT-40PNR Schedule A, Line 23B or Form IT-40P Schedule X, Line 12	2A; line 2d should be
on Form IT-40PNR Schedule D, Line 3 or Form IT-40P Schedule V, Line 3	
4. Total income, as modified (add Lines 1 and 3)	
Part 3 Apportioned Income for Nonresident Individuals	<u>-</u>
Use this apportionment formula to apportion income received by the business fr	rom sources both within and outside Indiana.
Note: Interstate transportation entities must use Schedule E-7, available from the	
	Column B and outside Indiana Column C Indiana percentage
1. Property Factor - Enter total of: average real and tangible business property	owned (at cost), inventories, and
net rents paid (8x annual rental)	
Divide Line 1a by Line 1b, enter the percent in Line 1c	1d . %
2. Payroll Factor - Enter total payroll 2a 2b	
Divide Line 2a by Line 2b and enter percent in Line 2c	20 . %
3. Receipts Factor - Enter total business	
gross receipts (sales)	
3c.Divide Line 3a by Line 3b, enter result here % x 200% (2.0) do	ouble-weight adjustment 3d %
4. Total percentages entered in Lines 1c, 2c and 3c	4 0/
5. Divide percent in Line 4 by 4 (or enter percent from Interstate Transportation	[F] 0/
6. Multiply total income amount in Part 2, Line 4 by percent in Part 3, Line 5	
■ Combine Indiana Apportioned Income on Line 6 with amounts from other IT-40 Form IT-40 PNR Schedule A. Line 198, or Form IT-40 P. Schedule X. Line 13C.	

Instructions for Completing Schedule IT-40 PNRA Indiana Apportioned Income for Nonresident Individuals

Who Should File

A nonresident person or proprietor, including an entertainer, independent contractor and other unincorporated individual, who derives business income from Indiana sources is subject to Indiana adjusted gross income tax on that income. On the U.S. income tax return this type of income is reported on Form 1040 Schedules C, C-EZ, E and F. Nonresidents with adjusted gross income derived from Indiana sources must file Form IT-40PNR, Indiana Part-Year or Nonresident Individual Income Tax Return. If the nonresident is conducting the trade or business both within and outside Indiana, the taxpayer must apportion this income by completing Schedule IT-40PNRA. Part 3 outlines Indiana's three-factor formula for apportioning business income. Using this schedule will determine the taxable portion of business income to carry over to Form IT-40PNR Schedule A, Line 19B, or Form IT-40P, Schedule X, Line 13C.

Note: If Indiana and your resident state of domicile tax the same business income, an offsetting credit may be available on the Indiana return based on existing agreements Indiana may have with your state. See further instructions for the individual income tax return under credits for taxes paid to other states. For additional information concerning nonresident filing requirements, read the instructions for the individual income tax return or request Income Tax Information Bulletin #39 from the Department.

How to Report Business Income

Business income means adjusted gross income from transactions and activity in the regular course of taxpayers' trade or business. Business income would include income from tangible property if the acquisition, management, or dispositions of the property are integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business.

Adjusted gross income derived from sources within Indiana includes: (1) income from real or tangible personal property in this state; (2) income from doing business in this state; (3) income from a trade or profession conducted in this state; (4) compensation for labor or services rendered within this state; and (5) income from stocks, bonds, notes, bank deposits, patents, copyrights, secret processes and formulas, good will, trademarks, trade brands, franchises, and other intangible personal property having a location in Indiana. If income is derived solely from an Indiana business or profession or is totally derived from outside Indiana, it must be assigned (allocated) to that source and reported on Form IT-40PNR, Schedule A, Lines 7, 9, and 12 - 16, or Form IT-40P, Schedule X, Lines 5 through 11. Only the apportioned business income from this schedule is to be reported on Form IT-40PNR Schedule A, Line 19B or Form IT-40P, Schedule X, Line 13C.

Caution: Multistate business income received from a S corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited liability partnership, trust and estate is separately apportioned

at the entity's level. Nonresidents must report their distributive shares of income (including modifications) as apportioned by those entities, on Form IT-40PNR, Schedule A, Lines 12B through 15B, or Form IT-40P, Schedule X, Lines 9C through 12C.

Part 1: Complete all necessary boxes to identify source and type of business income received.

Part 2

Line 1 - Enter the net income received by the business as reported on the Federal income tax return on Schedules C, C-EZ, E and F.

Line 2 - a) Enter all state taxes based on income levied by any state; b) Enter all local real estate taxes taken as deductions on the federal return; c) Enter any local personal property taxes (except Indiana vehicle excise tax) from all sources taken as deductions on the federal return; d) Enter interest from certain obligations of the United States Government included as income on the federal return (refer to Income Tax Information Bulletin #19 for a listing of eligible items), and other nontaxable income such as Indiana lottery prize receipts authorized by I.C. 4-30.

Line 4 - Business activity's total modified net income (loss): Add Lines 1 and 3.

Part 3

Indiana generally follows the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act for attributing income. Nonresidents who derive business income from sources within the state of Indiana and from sources outside the state of Indiana must apportion their income by completing each total amount necessary on Lines 1, 2, and 3. This formula uses each of your available factors to figure the percentage of your business's income derived from sources within Indiana. The numerator of the formula is the sum (Line 4) of the property factor plus the payroll factor plus 200% of the receipts factor (double weight). The denominator of the formula is four (4).

Note: Nonbusiness income is all income other than business income. It is allocable income and not part of a business's gross receipts in the apportionment formula.

Line 5 - Divide the sum in Line 4 above by the denominator factor of four (4) if all factor values are present in Column B. If either the property or payroll factor is absent, divide Line 4 by three (3). If the receipts factor (Line 3b) is absent, divide Line 4 by two (2).

Line 6 - Multiply your total modified net business income in Part 2, Line 4 by the Indiana apportionment percentage in Line 5. Enter the result here and on Form IT-40PNR, Schedule A, Line 19B, or Form IT-40P, Schedule X, Line 13C.